

## Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

### SILICONE

Date of first edition: 3/10/2026

Safety Data Sheet dated 11/03/2026

version 4

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: SILICONE

Trade code: K50235

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Adhesives, sealants

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: KERAKOLL France

25, avenue de l'Industrie - 69960 Corbas - France

Tel. +33 472 890 684

safety@kerakoll.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency phone number 112

Ireland Emergency medical information: (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.

Members of the public Number (8 am-10 pm): +353 (0)1 809 2166

Healthcare professional telephone Number (24hrs): +353 (0)1 809 2566

Malta In case of emergency call: +356 2395 2000 (24h)

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## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

No specific hazards are encountered under normal product use.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Special Provisions:

EUH208 Contains 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (DCOIT). May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

#### Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

### 2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

Other Hazards: The product hydrolyses to form acetic acid (CAS No 64-19-7). Acetic acid is classified in relation to both physical hazards and health hazards. The rate of hydrolysis and therefore also the relevance for the hazard of the product are strongly dependent on the specific conditions. Acetic acid is formed whenever moisture comes into contact with, or penetrates, the silicone matrix to reach the evenly distributed acetoxysilanes. Although the surface reaction occurs immediately during application, most of the acetic acid is released during the curing phase. This depends on the ratio between the application surface and the mass. Contains biocidal product: DCOIT; The product is identified as an article treated pursuant to art. 58 of Regulation (EU) no. 528/2012 and subsequent amendments. Possible skin exposure must be avoided. Protective gloves and work clothes are required. Avoid releasing product into the environment. When washing work equipment, water must not be dispersed in the soil or on surface water

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

N.A.

### 3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: SILICONE

**Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:**

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥5-<10 %	Hydrocarbons, C13-C23, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics	EC:932-078-5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	01-2119552497-29
≥1-<3 %	Triacetoxymethylsilane	CAS:17689-77-9 EC:241-677-4	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318, EUH014	01-2119881778-15
≥1-<3 %	Ethyl - and methylacetoxysilanes oligomers		Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318	
<0.05 %	4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (DCOIT)	CAS:64359-81-5 EC:264-843-8 Index:613-335-00-8	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Corr. 1, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100, EUH071	
Specific Concentration Limits: 0.025% ≤ C < 5%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 0.025% ≤ C < 3%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 C ≥ 0.0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317				
Acute Toxicity Estimate: ATE - Oral: 567mg/kg bw ATE - Inhalation (Dust/mist): 0.16mg/l				

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Wash with plenty of water and soap.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

N.A.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

N.A.

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non emergency personnel:**

Wear personal protection equipment.  
 Remove persons to safety.  
 See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

**For emergency responders:**

Wear personal protection equipment.

**6.2. Environmental precautions**

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.  
 Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.  
 In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.  
 Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand  
 Wash with plenty of water.

**6.4. Reference to other sections**

See also section 8 and 13

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage****7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.  
 Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.  
 Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.  
 Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.  
 Do not eat or drink while working.  
 See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene:****7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

**7.3. Specific end use(s)**

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection****8.1. Control parameters****Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)**

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
acetic acid ... % CAS: 64-19-7	ACGIH		Long Term: 10 ppm (8h); Short Term: 15 ppm URT and eye irr, pulm func
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: Ceiling - 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm 5(Mow), 8x, MAK Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: Ceiling - 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm E Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 13 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 5 ppm; Short Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm Source: INRS outil65, arrêté du 30-06-2004 modifié

NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 37 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> m, EU4, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm A E S Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 13 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 5 ppm; Short Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm SSC, VRS Yeux / OAW Auge, NIOSH OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 38 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm Source: 2017/164/EU
NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm DFG, EU, Y, 2(I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LUXEMBOURG	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm 9 (Court terme) Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm Source: S.L.424.24
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm Dir. 2017/164 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm Y, EU4 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm

EU

Long Term: 25 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm (8h); Short Term: 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm

### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

Triacetoxylethylsilane  
CAS: 17689-77-9

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 111 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 1.7 mg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 11.15 µg/l

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 5.82 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 381 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 38.1 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 18.71 µg/kg

### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

Triacetoxylethylsilane  
CAS: 17689-77-9

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 80.33 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 19.81 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 32.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 6.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 32.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 11.39 mg/kg; Consumer: 5.7 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 5.7 mg/kg

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Eye glasses with side protection.(EN166)

Protection for skin:

Chemical protection clothing. Safety shoes.

Protection for hands:

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN 374:

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness ≥0,35mm; breakthrough time ≥480min.

Respiratory protection:

N.A.

Thermal Hazards:

Not expected if used as intended

Environmental exposure controls:

Prevent the product from entering sewers or surface and underground water.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Colour: In compliance with the product description

Odour: Pungent

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: N.A.

Kinematic viscosity: N.A.

Melting point/freezing point: N.A.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: N.A.

Flash point: 400 °C (752 °F)

Lower and upper explosion limit: N.A.

Relative vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Density and/or relative density: 1.03 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility in water: N.A.

Solubility in oil: N.A.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A.  
Decomposition temperature: N.A.  
Flammability: N.A.  
Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 2.90 % ; 29.88 g/l

**Particle characteristics:**

Particle size: N.A.

**9.2. Other information**

No other relevant information

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**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1. Reactivity**

Stable under normal conditions

**10.2. Chemical stability**

Data not available.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

None.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Stable under normal conditions.

**10.5. Incompatible materials**

None in particular.

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

None.

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**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

**Toxicological Information of the Preparation**

a) acute toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg LD50 Skin Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Eye Irritant Rabbit No
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Skin Sensitization Guinea pig Negative
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:**

Triacetoxymethylsilane	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 1460 mg/kg
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Corrosive Rabbit Positive
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit No 24h

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guinea pig Negative
f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative
g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level $\geq$ 3048.62 mg/kg

4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (DCOIT)	a) acute toxicity	ATE - Oral : 567 mg/kg bw
		ATE - Inhalation (Dust/mist) : 0.16 mg/l

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

### Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq$  0.1%

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

#### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

- a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish *Oncorhynchus mykiss* < 100 mg/L 96h Expert judgement
- a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Fish *Crassostrea virginica* < 10 mg/L 48h Expert judgement
- a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae *Navicula pelliculosa* < 10 mg/L 24h Expert judgement
- a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Algae *Navicula pelliculosa* > 1 mg/L 24h Expert judgement
- a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Fish *Oncorhynchus mykiss* > 1 mg/L Expert judgement
- a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC *Daphnia magna* > 1 mg/L Expert judgement

#### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
Triacetoxethylsilane	CAS: 17689-77-9 - EINECS: 241-677-4	<p>a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish <i>Danio rerio</i> = 251 mg/L 96h</p> <p>b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC50 <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 169 mg/L 48h</p> <p>b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC <i>Daphnia magna</i> &gt; 100 mg/L - 21days</p> <p>a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Algae <i>Scenedesmus subspicatus</i> = 76 mg/L 72h</p> <p>a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge &gt; 100 mg/L 3h OECD 209</p> <p>d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Worm <i>Eisenia foetida</i> &gt; 1000 mg/kg - 14days</p>

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

N.A.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration  $\geq$  0.1%

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq$  0.1%

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

The product disposed of as such, pursuant to Regulation (EU) 1357/2014, must be classified as non-hazardous waste

A waste code according to the European List of Wastes (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact an authorized waste disposal service.

### Properties of waste which render it hazardous (Annex III, Directive 2008/98/EC):

N.A.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

N/A

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: N/A

IATA-Shipping Name: N/A

IMDG-Shipping Name: N/A

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: N/A

IATA-Class: N/A

IMDG-Class: N/A

### 14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: N/A

IATA-Packing group: N/A

IMDG-Packing group: N/A

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: No

IMDG-EMS: N/A

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: N/A

ADR - Hazard identification number: N/A

ADR-Special Provisions: N/A

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): N/A

ADR Limited Quantities: N/A

ADR Excepted Quantities: N/A

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Label: N/A

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IATA-Erg: N/A

IATA-Special Provisions: N/A

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage and handling: N/A

IMDG-Segregation: N/A

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IMDG-Special Provisions: N/A

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2023/707  
Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1434 (ATP 19 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1435 (ATP 20 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2024/197 (ATP 21 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878  
Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (Detergents).

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 40, 75

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

None

#### **Explosives precursors – Regulation 2019/1148**

No substances listed

#### **Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)**

No substances listed

#### **German Water Hazard Class.**

3: Severe hazard to waters

#### **German Lagerklasse according to TRGS 510:**

LGK 10

SVHC Substances:

No SVHC substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

#### **15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>
EUH014	Reacts violently with water.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

<b>Code</b>	<b>Hazard class and hazard category</b>	<b>Description</b>
3.1/2/Inhal	Acute Tox. 2	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 2
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.10/1	Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1

3.2/1	Skin Corr. 1	Skin corrosion, Category 1
3.2/1B	Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, Category 1B
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.4.2/1A	Skin Sens. 1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
4.1/A1	Aquatic Acute 1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C1	Aquatic Chronic 1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care

KAFH: Keep Away From Heat

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

LDLo: Leathal Dose Low

N.A.: Not Applicable

N/A: Not Applicable

N/D: Not defined/ Not available

NA: Not available

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health  
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level  
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration  
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PGK: Packaging Instruction  
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.  
PSG: Passengers  
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.  
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.  
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.  
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.  
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).  
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.  
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

**Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:**

- SECTION 2: Hazards identification