

Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SKIL SMAK S

Date of first edition: 9/22/2020

Safety Data Sheet dated 15/09/2023

version 3

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: SKIL SMAK S

Trade code: 19032020-4 3

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Paints/coatings - Protective and functional; Paints/coatings - Decorative

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: KERAKOLL S.p.A.

Via dell'Artigianato, 9

41049 Sassuolo (MODENA) - ITALY

Tel. +39 0536 816511 Fax. +39 0536816581

safety@kerakoll.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency phone number 112

Ireland Poison information centre: 01 809 2166 (Daily 8am-10pm) In case of emergency call 999 or 112

Malta In case of emergency call: +356 2395 2000 (24h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification



2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid and vapour.

STOT SE 3 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

Hazard pictograms and Signal Word



Warning

Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe vapours.

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER.

P370+P378 In case of fire, use water to extinguish.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Special Provisions:

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Contains

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

- One-pack performance coatings
- EU limit value for this product (cat. A/i): 500 g/l
- This product contains max 418.23 g/l VOC.

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Other Hazards: No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: SKIL SMAK S

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
25-30 %		EC:919-857-5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT SE 3, H336, EUH066	01-2119463258-33
5-7 %	Kieselguhr, soda ash flux-calcined	CAS:68855-54-9 EC:272-489-0	STOT RE 2, H373	01-2119488518-22
2.5-3 %	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS:108-65-6 EC:203-603-9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT SE 3, H336	01-2119475791-29
< 0.1%		CAS:14808-60-7 EC:238-878-4	STOT RE 1, H372	
< 0.1%	phosphoric acid	CAS:7664-38-2 EC:231-633-2 Index:015-011-00-6	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Specific Concentration Limits: 10% ≤ C < 25%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 10% ≤ C < 25%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 C ≥ 25%: Skin Corr. 1B H314	01-2119485924-24

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

- Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.
- Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.
- Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).
- Remove contaminated clothing immediatley and dispose off safely.

In case of eyes contact:

- Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

- Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

- Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

N.A.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

In case of fire, use water to extinguish.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel:

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

Wear personal protection equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store at below 20 °C. Keep away from unguarded flame and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.

Keep away from unguarded flame, sparks, and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Cool and adequately ventilated.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm (8h); Short Term: 600 mg/m3 - 100 ppm (15min) DFG
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 (8h); Short Term: 900 mg/m3 (15min)
NATIONAL	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm (8h); Short Term: 600 mg/m3 - 100 ppm (15min)
NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m3 (8h)
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m3 DFG, Y, 1, A Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 1.2 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m3 Y, (A) Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m3 MAK, A Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 4) 12) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 6) 12) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 274 mg/m3 - 50 ppm (8h); Short Term: 548 mg/m3 - 100 ppm
NATIONAL	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm (8h); Short Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm (15min)
NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 274 mg/m3 - 50 ppm (8h); Short Term: 548 mg/m3 - 100 ppm (15min)
EU		Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm (8h); Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Skin
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: Ceiling - 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm 5(Mow), 8x, MAK, H Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm ???? Source: ??????? ? 13 ?? 30 ???????? 2003 ?.
NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 270 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 550 mg/m3 D, I Source: Narízení vlády c. 361-2007 Sb
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm EH Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm A, S Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 270 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm iho Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Risque de pénétration percutanée Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail

NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm ? Source: F?? 94/?` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 275 mg/m3; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 EU1, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 250 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 400 mg/m3 - 75 ppm O Source: 2011 m. rugsejo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 550 mg/m3 Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 270 mg/m3 - 50 ppm H E Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 260 mg/m3; Short Term: 520 mg/m3 skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm K Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm H Source: AFS 2021:3
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm D Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm koža Source: 2000/39/EZ
NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm d??µa Source: ?? pe?? ?sf??e?a? ?a? ??e?a? st?? ???as?a (??µ???? ?a?????te?) ?a????sµ?? t?? 2001 ??? 2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 270 mg/m3 - 50 ppm DFG, EU, Y, 1(I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Sk, IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Cute Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Ada Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LUXEMBOUR G	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Peau Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm skin Source: S.L.424.24
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm Cutânea Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm P, Dir. 2000/39 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 275 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m3 - 100 ppm K, Y, EU1 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021

CAS: 14808-60-7

NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 275 mg/m ³ - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m ³ - 100 ppm vía dérmica, VLI Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m ³ (8h) Respirable fraction
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ (8h) Respirable aerosol
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ (8h) Respirable fraction
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m ³ (8h) Respirable fraction
NATIONAL	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 0.15 mg/m ³ (8h) Respirable aerosol
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ (8h) Polvere di silice cristallina respirabile (frazione inalabile). D.Lgs 81/2008
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m ³ (8h)
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m ³ - 0.4 ppm (8h)
EU		Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ Polvere di silice cristallina respirabile, frazione inalabile. (R), A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer. Directive 2017/2398
NATIONAL	INDIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³
ACGIH		Long Term: 0.025 mg/m ³ (8h) R, A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m ³ MAK, III C, A Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ C Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m ³ Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ EK Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ 1, C Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m ³ alveolijae, liite 3 Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ La VLEP s'applique à la fraction alvéolaire. Forme de silice cristalline. Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ Žiureti 1 priedo 3 punkta. Source: 2011 m. rugsejo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	Long Term: 0.075 mg/m ³ (2) Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst B1
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m ³ K 7 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m ³ K G 7 21 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³

phosphoric acid
CAS: 7664-38-2

		6) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ C, M, 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
ACGIH		Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ (8h); Short Term: 3 mg/m ³ URT, eye and skin irr
EU		Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ (8h); Short Term: 2 mg/m ³
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ 15(Miw), 4x, MAK Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. НАРЕДБА № 10 ОТ 26 СЕПТЕМВРИ 2003
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: 2000/39/EZ
NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m ³ Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ E Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ - 0.2 ppm; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ - 0.5 ppm Source: INRS outil65, arrêté du 30-06-2004 modifié
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ DFG, EU, AGS, Y, E, 2(I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 3 mg/m ³ Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ m, EU1, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: 2011 m. rugsejo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	LUXEMBOUR G	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: S.L.424.24
NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ E

		Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Dir. 2000/39 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Y, EU1, (I) Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ VLI, s Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: AFS 2021:3

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

Kieselguhr, soda ash flux- Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 100 mg/l
calcined
CAS: 68855-54-9

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 635 µg/l
CAS: 108-65-6

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 6.35 mg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 63.5 µg/l

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 100 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 3.29 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 329 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 290 µg/kg

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

Kieselguhr, soda ash flux- Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
calcined
Worker Professional: 50 µg/m³; Consumer: 50 µg/m³
CAS: 68855-54-9

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 18.7 mg/kg

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 275 mg/m³; Consumer: 33 mg/m³
CAS: 108-65-6

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 550 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Consumer: 33 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 796 mg/kg; Consumer: 320 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 36 mg/kg

phosphoric acid Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
CAS: 7664-38-2
Worker Professional: 10.7 mg/m³; Consumer: 4.57 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 1 mg/m³; Consumer: 360 µg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 2 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 100 µg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

Use adequate protective respiratory equipment.

Thermal Hazards:

N.A.

Environmental exposure controls:

N.A.

Hygienic and Technical measures

N.A.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State: Liquid

Colour: In compliance with the product description

Odour: Characteristic

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: N.A.

Kinematic viscosity: N.A.

Melting point / freezing point: N.A.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: > 36 °C (97 °F)

Flash point: 23°C / 60°C

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: N.A.

Vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Relative density: 1.35 g/cm³

Solubility in water: N.A.

Solubility in oil: N.A.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A.

Decomposition temperature: N.A.

Flammability: The product is classified Flam. Liq. 3 H226

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 30.98 % ; 418.23 g/l

Particle characteristics:

Particle size: N.A.

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Data not available.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with combustible materials. The product could catch fire.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	The product is classified: STOT SE 3(H336)
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Vapour Rat > 5000 mg/m ³ 8h LD50 Skin Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit No	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guinea pig Negative	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative Carcinogenicity Inhalation Rat Positive	Inhalation route
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Rat > 20000 mg/m ³	
Kieselguhr, soda ash flux- calcined	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation of aerosol Rat > 2.6 mg/l 4h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Human Negative	EPISKIIN™ Reconstituted Epidermis model
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant No	Reconstituted Corneal Epi
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Negative	Mouse
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 6190 mg/kg LD50 Skin Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit No	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guinea pig Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Effect Level Rat = 3.69 mg/l	Inhalation route
	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral > 2000 mg/kg	

phosphoric acid	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 2600 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Rat = 3846 mg/m3 1h
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Corrosive Rabbit Positive
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat >= 500 mg/kg

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

No data available for the product

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
	EINECS: 919-857-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LL50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 10 mg/L 96h a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EL50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 4.5 mg/L 48h b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOELR Daphnia Daphnia magna = 2.6 mg/L - 21days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOELR Algae Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata = 0.5 mg/L 72h
Kieselguhr, soda ash flux-calcined	CAS: 68855-54-9 - EINECS: 272-489-0	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish OECD Guideline 203 - greater than 100% v/v saturated solution a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna OECD Guideline 2032 - greater than 100% v/v saturated solution a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae OECD guideline 201 - greater than 100% v/v saturated solution a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge Activated sludge > 1000 mg/L 3h CD guideline 209
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS: 108-65-6 - EINECS: 203-603-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 130 mg/L 96h OECD guideline 203 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Oryzias latipes = 47.5 mg/L OECD guideline 204 - 14days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 408 mg/L 48h OECD guideline 202 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia Daphnia magna > 100 mg/L OECD guideline 211 - 24days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Algae Selenastrum capricornutum >= 1000 mg/L OECD guideline 201
phosphoric acid	CAS: 7664-38-2 - EINECS: 231-633-2 - INDEX: 015-011-00-6	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna > 100 mg/L 48h „OECD TG 202, static, Klimisch reliability 1 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Desmodesmus subspicatus > 100 mg/L 72h „OECD TG 201, static, Klimisch reliability 1

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence/Degradability:	Test	Notes:
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Readily biodegradable	Dissolved organic carbon	OECD GL 301E

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

A waste code according to the European List of Wastes (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact an authorized waste disposal service.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous (Annex III, Directive 2008/98/EC):

N.A.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: PAINT

IATA-Technical name: PAINT

IMDG-Technical name: PAINT

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: 3

IATA-Class: 3

IMDG-Class: 3

14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: III

IATA-Packing group: III

IMDG-Packing group: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: No

IMDG-EMS: F-E, S-E

14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: 3

ADR - Hazard identification number: -

ADR-Special Provisions: 163 367 650

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 3 (E)

ADR Limited Quantities: 5 L

ADR Excepted Quantities: E1

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 355

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 366

IATA-Label: 3

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -

IATA-Erg: 3L

IATA-Special Provisions: A3 A72 A192

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage Code: Category A

IMDG-Stowage Note: -

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -

IMDG-Special Provisions: 163 223 367 955

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (Detergents).

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3, 40

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 75

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1	Lower-tier threshold (tonnes)	Upper-tier threshold (tonnes)
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Product belongs to category: P5c	5000	50000
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Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

German Water Hazard Class.

NWG: Not hazardous for water

SVHC Substances:

No SVHC substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

(ready to use)

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 30.98 %

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 418.23 g/L

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
2.6/3	Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, Category 3
3.10/1	Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
3.2/1B	Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, Category 1B
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3
3.9/1	STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 1
3.9/2	STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 2

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
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Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
 IATA: International Air Transport Association.
 IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
 IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
 ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
 IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
 INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
 IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care
 KAFH: Keep Away From Heat
 KSt: Explosion coefficient.
 LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
 LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
 LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
 N.A.: Not Applicable
 N/A: Not Applicable
 N/D: Not defined/ Not available
 NA: Not available
 NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
 NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
 OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
 PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
 PGK: Packaging Instruction
 PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
 PSG: Passengers
 RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
 STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
 STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
 TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
 TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
 vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
 WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 7: Handling and storage
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 13: Disposal considerations
- SECTION 14: Transport information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information



Exposure Scenario

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Exposure Scenario, 08/06/2021

Substance identity	
	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
CAS No.	108-65-6
INDEX No.	607-195-00-7
EINECS No.	203-603-9
Registration number	01-2119475791-29

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1. ES 1

1. ES 1

1.1 TITLE SECTION

Exposure Scenario name	Professional application of coatings and inks by brush or roller
Date - Version	29/04/2021 - 1.0
Main user group	Professional uses
Sector(s) of use	Professional uses (SU22)
Product Categories	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

Environment Contributing Scenario

CS1	ERC8a - ERC8d
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Worker Contributing Scenario

CS2 Large surfaces - Rolling, Brushing	PROC10
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1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure

1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8a, ERC8d)

Environmental release categories	Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor) - Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor) (ERC8a, ERC8d)
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Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Liquid

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Amounts used:

Daily amount per site = 5000 kg

Release type: Continuous release

Emission days: 365 days per year

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

STP type:

Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant

Water - minimum efficiency of: = 87.3 %

Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)

Waste treatment

Contain and dispose of waste according to local regulations.

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Local freshwater dilution factor: 10

Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.

Additional Good Practice Advice:

Site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.

1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Large surfaces - Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Process Categories	Roller application or brushing (PROC10)
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Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Liquid

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure**Amounts used:**

Daily amount per site = 5000 kg

Duration:

Exposure duration = 8 h/day

Frequency:

Use frequency = 365 days per year

Technical and organisational conditions and measures**Technical and organisational measures**

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation**Personal protection**

Wear a respirator conforming to EN140.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Covers indoor and outdoor use

Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

1.3. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8a, ERC8d)

protection target	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
freshwater	= 0.003 mg/L	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.004
freshwater sediment	= 0.014 mg/kg KW	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.004
marine water	= 0.0004 mg/L	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.007
marine sediment	= 0.002 mg/kg KW	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.007
soil	= 0.001 mg/kg KW	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.004

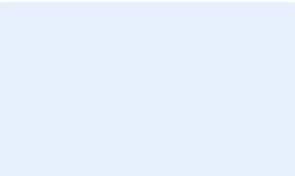
1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Large surfaces - Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 137.71 mg/m ³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.5
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 13.71 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v3	0.18

1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



Exposure Scenario

Kieselguhr, soda ash flux-calcined

Exposure Scenario, 08/06/2021

Substance identity	
	Kieselguhr, soda ash flux-calcined
CAS No.	68855-54-9
EINECS No.	272-489-0
Registration number	01-2119488518-22

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1. **ES 1** Widespread use by professional workers; Various products (PC9b, PC2); Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products, e.g. plasters, cement (SU13)

1. ES 1	Widespread use by professional workers; Various products (PC9b, PC2); Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products, e.g. plasters, cement (SU13)	
1.1 TITLE SECTION		
Exposure Scenario name	Insulators - Additive	
Date - Version	18/05/2021 - 1.0	
Life Cycle Stage	Widespread use by professional workers	
Main user group	Professional uses	
Sector(s) of use	Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (SU10) - Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products, e.g. plasters, cement (SU13)	
Product Categories	Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay (PC9b) - Adsorbents (PC2)	
Environment Contributing Scenario		
CS1 Low environmental release	ERC8b	
Worker Contributing Scenario		
CS2 Mixing operations - Surfaces - Wiping - Preparation of material for application	PROC8a - PROC19	
1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure		
1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario: Low environmental release (ERC8b)		
Environmental release categories	Widespread use of reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor) (ERC8b)	
<i>Product (article) characteristics</i>		
Physical form of product: Solid, medium dustiness		
Concentration of substance in product: Covers concentrations up to 60 %		
<i>Technical and organisational conditions and measures</i>		
Control measures to prevent releases Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.		
<i>Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)</i>		
Waste treatment Municipal waste incineration Landfill		
1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Surfaces - Wiping - Preparation of material for application (PROC8a, PROC19)		
Process Categories	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities - Manual activities involving hand contact (PROC8a, PROC19)	
<i>Product (article) characteristics</i>		
Physical form of product: Solid, medium dustiness		
Concentration of substance in product: Covers concentrations up to 60 %		
<i>Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure</i>		
Duration: Exposure duration = 8 h/day Frequency: Use frequency = 5 days per week		

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Use suitable eye protection.

Wear suitable respiratory protection.

Provide employee with skin care programmes.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Covers indoor and outdoor use

Professional use

Temperature: Covers use at ambient temperatures.

1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Surfaces - Wiping - Preparation of material for application (PROC8a, PROC19)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 0.05 mg/m ³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	N/A

Additional information on exposure estimation:

Dermal exposure is considered to be not relevant.

1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.