

## Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

### OUTDOOR PLASTER

Date of first edition: 3/8/2021

Safety Data Sheet dated 13/03/2026

version 3

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: OUTDOOR PLASTER

Trade code: 001092005

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Paints/coatings - Decorative

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: KERAKOLL S.p.A.

Via dell'Artigianato, 9

41049 Sassuolo (MODENA) - ITALY

Tel.+39 0536 816511 Fax. +39 0536816581

safety@kerakoll.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency phone number 112

Ireland Emergency medical information: (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.

Members of the public Number (8 am-10 pm): +353 (0)1 809 2166

Healthcare professional telephone Number (24hrs): +353 (0)1 809 2566

Malta In case of emergency call: +356 2395 2000 (24h)

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## SECTION 2: Hazards identification



### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Skin Sens. 1A May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Aquatic Chronic 3 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

#### Hazard pictograms and Signal Word



Warning

#### Hazard statements

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

## Contains

2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one

4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (DCOIT)

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

## Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

Exterior walls of mineral substrate

EU limit value for this product (cat. A/c): 40 g/l

This product contains max 1.31 g/l VOC.

## Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

## 2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

Other Hazards: Contains biocidal product: C(M)IT/MIT (3:1); OIT; IPBC; The product is identified as an article treated pursuant to art. 58 of Regulation (EU) no. 528/2012 and subsequent amendments. Possible skin exposure must be avoided. Protective gloves and work clothes are required. Avoid releasing product into the environment. When washing work equipment, water must not be dispersed in the soil or on surface water

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

N.A.

### 3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: OUTDOOR PLASTER

## Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
$\geq 1 < 3$ %	1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate	CAS:6846-50-0 EC:229-934-9	Repr. 2, H361; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
$\geq 0.15 < 0.20$ %	Quartz	CAS:14808-60-7 EC:238-878-4	STOT RE 1, H372	
$< 0.036$ %	3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate	CAS:55406-53-6 EC:259-627-5 Index:616-212-00-7	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 4, H302; STOT RE 1, H372; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:10, M-Acute:10	Acute Toxicity Estimate : ATE - Inhalation (Dust/mist) : 0.17 mg/l
$< 0.036$ %	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS:2634-33-5 EC:220-120-9 Index:613-088-00-6	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:1, M-Acute:1	Specific Concentration Limits: C $\geq 0.036\%$ : Skin Sens. 1A H317
$< 0.036$ %	2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	CAS:26530-20-1 EC:247-761-7 Index:613-112-00-5	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Skin Corr. 1, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Corrosive to the respiratory tract., M-Chronic:100, M-	

			Acute:100
			Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0.0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317
			Acute Toxicity Estimate: ATE - Oral: 125mg/kg bw ATE - Dermal: 311mg/kg bw
<0.01 %	Terbutryn	CAS:886-50-0 EC:212-950-5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; Acute Tox. 4, H302, M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100
			Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 3%: Skin Sens. 1B H317
<0.01 %	2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	CAS:2682-20-4 EC:220-239-6 Index:613-326-00-9	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:1, M-Acute:10, EUH071
			Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0.0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317
<0.01 %	4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (DCOIT)	CAS:64359-81-5 EC:264-843-8 Index:613-335-00-8	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Corr. 1, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100, EUH071
			Specific Concentration Limits: 0.025% ≤ C < 5%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 0.025% ≤ C < 3%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 C ≥ 0.0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317
			Acute Toxicity Estimate: ATE - Oral: 567mg/kg bw ATE - Inhalation (Dust/mist): 0.16mg/l
<0.0015 %	bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol	CAS:52-51-7 EC:200-143-0 Index:603-085-00-8	STOT SE 3, H335; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H331, M-Chronic:10, M-Acute:100
<0.0015 %	reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS:55965-84-9 Index:613-167-00-5	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 2, H310; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100, EUH071
			Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0.6%: Skin Corr. 1C H314 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 C ≥ 0.6%: Eye Dam. 1 H318 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 C ≥ 0.0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### **4.1. Description of first aid measures**

In case of skin contact:

- Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.
- Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.

In case of eyes contact:

- Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

- Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

- Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

#### **4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

N.A.

#### **4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

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### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **5.1. Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media:

- Water.
- Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

- None in particular.

#### **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

- Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.
- Burning produces heavy smoke.

#### **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

- Use suitable breathing apparatus .
  - Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
  - Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.
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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

##### **For non emergency personnel:**

- Wear personal protection equipment.
- Remove persons to safety.
- See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

##### **For emergency responders:**

- Wear personal protection equipment.

#### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

- Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
- Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.
- In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.
- Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

#### **6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

- Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand
- Wash with plenty of water.

#### **6.4. Reference to other sections**

- See also section 8 and 13
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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### **7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.
- Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.
- Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.
- Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.
- Do not eat or drink while working.
- See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

##### **Advice on general occupational hygiene:**

#### **7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Incompatible materials:

- None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
Calcium carbonate CAS: 471-34-1	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> inhalable aerosol Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Inhalable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Respirable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> inhalable aerosol Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable aerosol Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> U Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> R Source: NN 1/2021
Quartz CAS: 14808-60-7	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA mg/m <sup>3</sup> : (a), Formel / Formal, NIOSH Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	ACGIH		Long Term: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h) R, A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Respirable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Polvere di silice cristallina respirabile (frazione inalabile). Rif:D.Lgs 81/2008 Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XLIII	
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

		Respirable fraction Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 C Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m3 alveolijae, liite 3 Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 EK Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 1, C Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 alveolijae, liite 3 Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 La VLEP s'applique à la fraction alvéolaire. Forme de silice cristalline. Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Žiūrėti 1 priedo 3 punktą. Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 0.075 mg/m3 (2) Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst B1
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m3 K 7 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 K G 7 21 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 6) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 C, M, 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND D	Long Term: 0.15 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (a), C1A, SSC, P, Cancpulm Silicose / Lugenkrebs Silikose, HSE NIOSH OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
Titanium dioxide CAS: 13463-67-7	ACGIH	Long Term: 2.5 mg/m3 (8h) Finescale particles; R ; A3 - LRT irr, pneumoconiosis
	NATIONAL	GERMANY Long Term: 0.3 mg/m3; Short Term: 2.4 mg/m3 DFG; Long term and short term: excluding ultrafine particles; respirable fraction; multiplied by the material density; Source: TRGS900
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA Long Term: 10 mg/m3 U Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	CROATIA Long Term: 4 mg/m3 R Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	IRELAND Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	IRELAND Long Term: 4 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice

NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 60(Miw), 2x, MAK, A Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> K Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Cancérogène de catégorie 2 Source: INRS outil65
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> εισπν. Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> αναπν. Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 4), 7) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA mg/m <sup>3</sup> : (a), SSC, Formel / Formal, NIOSH Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
Cellulose CAS: 9004-34-6	ACGIH	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h) URT irr
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> U Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	CROATIA Long Term: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> R Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	IRELAND Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: 2021 Code of Practice

NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 fracțiune inhalabilă Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: INRS outil65
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (a), VRS / OAW, NIOSH Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 20 mg/m3 Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

sodium chloride  
CAS: 7647-14-5

NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389

Quartz  
CAS: 14808-60-7

EU		Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Polvere di silice cristallina respirabile, frazione inalabile. (R), A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer. Directive 2017/2398
ACGIH		Long Term: 0.025 mg/m3 (8h) R, A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 (8h) Respirable aerosol Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 (8h) Respirable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 (8h) Polvere di silice cristallina respirabile (frazione inalabile). D.Lgs 81/2008 Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XLIII
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 (8h) Respirable fraction Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 MAK, III C, A Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 C Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m3 Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 EK Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021

	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 1, C Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 alveolijae, liite 3 Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 La VLEP s'applique à la fraction alvéolaire. Forme de silice cristalline. Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Žiūrėti 1 priedo 3 punktą. Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 0.075 mg/m3 (2) Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst B1
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m3 K 7 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 K G 7 21 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 6) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 C, M, 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA	SWITZERLAN D	Long Term: 0.15 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (a), C1A, SSC, P, Cancpulm Silicose / Lugenkrebs Silikose, HSE NIOSH OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
2-amino-2-methylpropanol CAS: 124-68-5	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 3 ppm Source: At-vejledning C.0.1-1
	SUVA	SWITZERLAN D	Long Term: 8.7 mg/m3 - 2.4 ppm; Short Term: 17.4 mg/m3 - 4.8 ppm R/H, SSC, Foie / Leber, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 3.7 mg/m3 - 1 ppm DFG, H, Y, 11, 2(II) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 3.7 mg/m3 - 1 ppm; Short Term: 7.4 mg/m3 - 2 ppm K, Y Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop- 2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate CAS: 55406-53-6	SUVA	SWITZERLAN D	Long Term: 0.12 mg/m3 - 0.01 ppm; Short Term: 0.24 mg/m3 - 0.02 ppm S, SSC, Cholin / Cholin, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.058 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm DFG, Y, Sh, 11, 2 (I) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 0.058 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm; Short Term: 0.116 mg/m3 - 0.01 ppm Y Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
Propylidynetrimethanol CAS: 77-99-6	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Short Term: Ceiling - 5 ppm Ū Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: AFS 2021:3
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one CAS: 26530-20-1	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 0.05 mg/m3 Mow, MAK, H, S, E Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021

	SUVA	SWITZERLAN D	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA mg/m <sup>3</sup> : (i), R/H, S, VRS / OAW Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> DFG, H, Y, E, 2(I) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> K, Y, (I) Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS: 2682-20-4	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> MAK, Sh Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
Kaolin CAS: 1332-58-7	ACGIH		Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h) E,R, A4 - Pneumoconiosis
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> alveolijae Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 4), 7) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	SUVA	SWITZERLAN D	Long Term: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA mg/m <sup>3</sup> : (a), Fibpulm / Lungenfibrose Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> R Source: NN 1/2021
Copper dinitrate CAS: 3251-23-8	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Cu, alveolijae Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
sodium hydroxide; caustic soda CAS: 1310-73-2	ACGIH		Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> URT, eye, and skin irr
	NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: Ceiling - 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 5(Mow), 8x, MAK, E Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> I Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> L Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> *

NATIONAL	FINLAND	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> kattoarvo Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: INRS outil65
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> m, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Ū Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> T Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA mg/m <sup>3</sup> : (i), SSC, VRS Peau Yeux / OAW Haut Auge, NIOSH OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> M Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: LEP 2022
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	NATIONAL	GERMANY Long Term: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> DFG; Long term and short term: inhalable fraction Source: TRGS900
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA Long Term: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> MAK, Sh Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND Long Term: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA mg/m <sup>3</sup> : (i), S, SSC, VRS Peau Yeux / OAW Haut Auge Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
Pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt CAS: 3811-73-2	NATIONAL	GERMANY Long Term: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> DFG, H, Y, E, 2(II) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

zinc oxide  
CAS: 1314-13-2

		K, (I) Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15(Miw), 4x, MAK, H Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> H Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA mg/m <sup>3</sup> : (i), R/H, SSC, SNP / PNS Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
ACGIH		Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h); Short Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> R - Metal fume fever
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> MAK, A Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: Ceiling - 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: INRS outil65
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: INRS outil65
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> i, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> i, R Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 11) Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA mg/m <sup>3</sup> : (a), Fimétal / Metallrauch, NIOSH OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1

	NATIONAL CROATIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> GVI: R Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL IRELAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OEL (8-hour reference period) : R Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL ROMANIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Fumuri) Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
	NATIONAL SPAIN	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> d Source: LEP 2022
glyoxal...%; ethandial...% CAS: 107-22-2	ACGIH	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h) IFV, DSEN, A4 - URT irr, larynx metaplasia
	NATIONAL DENMARK	Short Term: Ceiling - 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.2 ppm L Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL FINLAND	Long Term: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL IRELAND	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> IFV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL BELGIUM	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL SPAIN	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sen, FIV, s Source: LEP 2022

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate  
CAS: 6846-50-0

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 14 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 1.4 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 3 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 5.29 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 529 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 1.05 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Secondary poisoning; PNEC Limit: 83.3 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 500 ng/L

3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate  
CAS: 55406-53-6

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 530 ng/L

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 46 ng/L

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 530 ng/L

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 440 ng/L

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 440 ng/L

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one  
CAS: 2634-33-5

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 4.03 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 1.1 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 403 ng/L

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 110 ng/L

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 1.03 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 49.9 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 4.99 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 3 mg/kg

2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one  
CAS: 26530-20-1

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 1.22 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 220 ng/L

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 122 ng/L

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 47.5 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 47.5 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 8.2 µg/kg

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one  
CAS: 2682-20-4

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 230 µg/l

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 47.1 µg/kg

bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol  
CAS: 52-51-7

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 2.5 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 800 ng/L

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 430 µg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 41 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 3.28 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 500 µg/kg

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)  
CAS: 55965-84-9

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 230 µg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 10 µg/l

### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate  
CAS: 6846-50-0

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 17.62 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 4.35 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 5 mg/kg; Consumer: 5 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 5 mg/kg

3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate  
CAS: 55406-53-6

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 23 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 70 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Worker Professional: 1.16 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 1.16 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 2 mg/kg

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one  
CAS: 2634-33-5

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 966 µg/kg; Consumer: 345 µg/kg

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one  
CAS: 2682-20-4

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 43 µg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 43 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 27 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 53 µg/kg

bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol  
CAS: 52-51-7

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 12.3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 4.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 1.3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 4.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 1.3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 2.3 mg/kg; Consumer: 1.4 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 7 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 350 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 1.1 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 0.013 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>; Consumer: 0.008 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 0.013 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>; Consumer: 0.008 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)  
CAS: 55965-84-9

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 40 µg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 20 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 90 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 110 µg/kg

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Eye glasses with side protection.(EN166)

Protection for skin:

Chemical protection clothing. Safety shoes.

Protection for hands:

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN 374:

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness  $\geq 0,35\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Respiratory protection:

N.A.

Thermal Hazards:

Not expected if used as intended

Environmental exposure controls:

Prevent the product from entering sewers or surface and underground water.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Colour: In compliance with the product description

Odour: Light

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH:  $\approx 8.80$  ( OECD 122 )

Kinematic viscosity: N.A. ( Not determined, as it is not required for CLP classification )

Melting point/freezing point: N.A.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: N.A.

Flash point: Not Applicable

Lower and upper explosion limit: N.A. ( Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable )

Relative vapour density: N.A. ( Some data is not known )

Vapour pressure: 23.00 hPa

Density and/or relative density: 1.80 g/cm<sup>3</sup> ( ISO 2811 )

Solubility in water: Miscible

Solubility in oil: N.A. ( Not determined, as it is not required for CLP classification )

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): N.A. ( Not applicable to mixtures )

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A. ( Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable )

Decomposition temperature: N.A. ( Not applicable, as the mixture is not self-reactive )

Flammability: ; Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 0.07 % ; 1.31 g/l

#### Particle characteristics:

Particle size: N.A.

### 9.2. Other information

( Some data is not known )

No other relevant information

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Data not available.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

b) skin corrosion/irritation Not classified

	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1A(H317)
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:**

1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg
	LC50 Inhalation Rat > 0.12 mg/l
	LD50 Skin Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg 24h
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit No
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Negative
g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 276 mg/kg

Quartz

a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral > 2000 mg/kg
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3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate

a) acute toxicity	ATE - Inhalation (Dust/mist) : 0.17 mg/l
	LD50 Oral Rat = 1056 mg/kg
	LC50 Inhalation Dust Rat > 6.89 mg/l 4h
	LD50 Skin Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg 24h
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative 4h
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes
f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative
	Carcinogenicity Oral Negative
g) reproductive toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity Oral Rat Negative

Mouse oral route  
Mouse

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one

a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 670 mg/kg
	LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Positive
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guinea pig Positive

irreversible damage

	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative	Oral route
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 112 mg/kg	
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	a) acute toxicity	ATE - Oral : 125 mg/kg bw  ATE - Dermal : 311 mg/kg bw LD50 Oral Rat = 125 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Mist Rat = 0.27 mg/l 4h LD50 Skin Rabbit = 311 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guinea pig Positive	
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	a) acute toxicity	LC50 Inhalation of aerosol Rat = 0.1 mg/l 4h  LD50 Oral Rat = 120 mg/kg LD50 Skin Rat = 242 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Corrosive Rabbit Positive 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Rabbit Positive	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guinea pig Positive	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative	Oral route
		Carcinogenicity Oral Rat Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity Oral Rat = 200 Ppm	NOAEL
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (DCOIT)	a) acute toxicity	ATE - Oral : 567 mg/kg bw  ATE - Inhalation (Dust/mist) : 0.16 mg/l	
bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 305 mg/kg  LC50 Inhalation of aerosol Rat >= 0.59 mg/l 4h LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guinea pig Negative	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	Mouse oral route
		Carcinogenicity Oral Rat Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat 200	
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 69 mg/kg  LD50 Skin Rabbit = 141 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Rat = 0.33 mg/l 4h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive	
	c) serious eye	Eye Corrosive Rabbit Positive	

damage/irritation	
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Positive
f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative Carcinogenicity Skin Negative
g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 22.7 mg/kg

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

### Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq$  0.1%

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 3(H412)

#### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate	CAS: 6846-50-0 - EINECS: 229-934-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Fish <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> > 6 mg/L 96h ,,OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC <i>Daphnia magna</i> > 1.46 mg/L 48h EU Method C.2 (Acute Toxicity for <i>Daphnia</i> )
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> > 7.49 mg/L 72h ,,OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate	CAS: 55406-53-6 - EINECS: 259-627-5 - INDEX: 616-212-00-7	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Sheepshead minnow = 0.067 mg/L 96h
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish <i>Pimephales promelas</i> = 8.4 µg/L EPA OPP 72-4 (Fish Early Life-Stage and Aquatic Invertebrate Life-Cycle Studies) - 35days
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 0.645 mg/L 48h EPA OPP 72-2 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test)
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 49.9 µg/L OECD 202 - 21days
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Algae <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i> = 53 µg/L 72h ,,OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Sludge activated sludge = 44 mg/L 3h OECD Guideline 209
		e) Plant toxicity : LC50 <i>Avena sativa</i> = 4.92 mg/kg OECD Guideline 208 (Terrestrial Plants Test: Seedling Emergence and Seedling Growth Test)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS: 2634-33-5 - EINECS: 220-120-9 - INDEX: 613-088-00-6	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> = 2.15 mg/L 96h OECD Guideline 203
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 2.9 mg/L 48h OECD Guideline 202
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae green alga <i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i> freshwater algae = 110 µg/L OECD Guideline 201
		d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC50 Worm <i>Eisenia fetida</i> > 410.6 mg/kg OECD Guideline 207 - Duration 14d

		d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC10 soil microorganisms = 263.7 mg/kg - long term
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Sludge activated sludge 10.3 mg/L 3h OECD Guideline 209
		e) Plant toxicity : LC50 Triticum aestivum = 200 mg/kg OECD Guideline 208
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	CAS: 26530-20-1 - EINECS: 247-761-7 - INDEX: 613-112-00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish freshwater fish = 0.122 mg/L dossier ECHA
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC10 Fish = 0.022 mg/L dossier ECHA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 freshwater invertebrates = 0.181 mg/L dossier ECHA
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC10 freshwater invertebrates = 0.035 mg/L dossier ECHA
		LC50 Algae freshwater algae = 0.15 mg/L
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	CAS: 2682-20-4 - EINECS: 220-239-6 - INDEX: 613-326-00-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 4.77 mg/L 96h ,,OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 4.93 mg/L Dossier ECHA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.93 mg/L 48h OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC10 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.04 mg/L OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test) - Duration 21d
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Selenastrum capricornutum = 0.1 mg/L 72h Dossier ECHA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage = 41 mg/L 3h ,,OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC50 freshwater sediment = 50 mg/kg Duration 28d Draft OECD Guideline (now OECD Guideline 225) - 28days
bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol	CAS: 52-51-7 - EINECS: 200-143-0 - INDEX: 603-085-00-8	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Lepomis macrochirus = 37.5 mg/L 96h US EPA Guideline OPP 72 -1
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 21.5 mg/L OECD guideline 210 - 49days
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 1.4 mg/L 48h OECD guideline 202
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.27 mg/L OECD guideline 202 - 21days
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Algae Skeletonema costatum = 0.08 mg/L 72h ISO 10253
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC20 Sludge activated sludge = 2 mg/L OECD 209
		d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Worm Eisenia foetida > 500 mg/kg OECD 207
		d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC50 soil microorganisms = 679 mg/kg OECD guideline 216 - 28days
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS: 55965-84-9 - INDEX: 613-167-00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 0.19 mg/L 96h EPA OPP 72-1 (Fish Acute Toxicity Test)
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Danio rerio = 0.02 mg/L ,,OECD Guideline 210 (Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test) - 35days
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.16 mg/L 48h EPA OPP 72-2 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test)
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.1 mg/L EPA OPP 72-4 (Fish Early Life-Stage and Aquatic Invertebrate Life-Cycle Studies) -

21days

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae *Skeletonema costatum* = 0 mg/L 96h ,,OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge = 4.5 mg/L 3h ,,OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)

d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Worm *Eisenia fetida* = 613 mg/kg ,,OECD Guideline 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests) - 14days

e) Plant toxicity : NOEC *Trifolium pratense*, *Oryza sativa*, *Brassica napus* = 1000 mg/L OECD Guideline 208 (Terrestrial Plants Test: Seedling Emergence and Seedling Growth Test) - 21days

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence/Degradability:	Test	Notes:
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate	Readily biodegradable		readily biodegradable but failing 10-day window
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate	Non-readily biodegradable	Oxygen consumption	EU Method C.4-D (Determination of the "Ready" Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	Non-readily biodegradable	CO2 production	OECD Guideline 301C
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Non-readily biodegradable		
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Non-readily biodegradable	CO2 production	OECD Guideline 301 B (Ready Biodegradability: CO2 Evolution Test)
bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol	Readily biodegradable		OECD guideline 301B
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Non-readily biodegradable		

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulation	Test	Value	Notes:
1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	5030.000	whole body BCF - wet weight lipid content
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	6.620	
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	19.210	L/kg ww
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	5.750	carcass
	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	48.100	viscera
bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor		
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	54.000	≤ 54

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

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## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### **13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

The product disposed of as such, pursuant to Regulation (EU) 1357/2014, must be classified as hazardous waste

A waste code according to the European List of Wastes (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact an authorized waste disposal service.

### **Properties of waste which render it hazardous (Annex III, Directive 2008/98/EC):**

N.A.

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

### **14.1. UN number or ID number**

N/A

### **14.2. UN proper shipping name**

ADR-Shipping Name: N/A

IATA-Shipping Name: N/A

IMDG-Shipping Name: N/A

### **14.3. Transport hazard class(es)**

ADR-Class: N/A

IATA-Class: N/A

IMDG-Class: N/A

### **14.4. Packing group**

ADR-Packing Group: N/A

IATA-Packing group: N/A

IMDG-Packing group: N/A

### **14.5. Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: No

IMDG-EMS: N/A

### **14.6. Special precautions for user**

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: N/A

ADR - Hazard identification number: N/A

ADR-Special Provisions: N/A

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): N/A

ADR Limited Quantities: N/A

ADR Excepted Quantities: N/A

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Label: N/A

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IATA-Erg: N/A

IATA-Special Provisions: N/A

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage and handling: N/A

IMDG-Segregation: N/A

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IMDG-Special Provisions: N/A

### **14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

N.A.

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### **15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2023/707  
Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1434 (ATP 19 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1435 (ATP 20 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2024/197 (ATP 21 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (Detergents).

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 28, 75

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

None

#### **Explosives precursors – Regulation 2019/1148**

No substances listed

#### **Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)**

No substances listed

#### **German Water Hazard Class.**

Class 1: slightly hazardous for water.

#### **German Lagerklasse according to TRGS 510:**

LGK 10

SVHC Substances:

No SVHC substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

#### **Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)**

(ready to use)

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 0.07 %

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 1.31 g/L

#### **REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012**

The product is identified as an article treated pursuant to art. 58 of Regulation (EU) no. 528/2012 and subsequent amendments.

Substances included in Regulation (EU) n. 528/2012 (concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products):

Nomenclature IUPAC: Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (EINECS 247-500-7) and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (EINECS 220-239-6) (Mixture of CMIT/MIT)

Nomenclature BPR: C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)

CAS number: 55965-84-9

Product-type 6: Preservatives for products during storage

Assessment status: Approved

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/131 ; Nomenclature IUPAC: octhilinone (ISO); 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

Nomenclature BPR: OIT

CAS number: 26530-20-1

Product-type 6: Preservatives for products during storage

Assessment status: Initial application for approval in progress.

Product-type 7: Film preservatives

Assessment status: Initial application for approval in progress.

Product-type 8: Film preservatives

Assessment status: Approved

Commission Implementing Regulation EU 2017/1277

Product-type 10: Construction material preservatives

Assessment status: Initial application for approval in progress. Nomenclature IUPAC: 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate

Nomenclature BPR: IPBC

CAS number: 55406-53-6

Product-type 6: Preservatives for products during storage

Assessment status: Approved EU 1037/2013

Commission Implementing Regulation

Product-type 7: Film preservatives

Assessment status: Initial application for approval in progress. Competent authority evaluation

Product-type 8: Film preservatives

Assessment status: Approved

Commission Implementing Regulation EU 2015/1728

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

### Substances for which a Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out:

1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

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## SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child if inhaled and in contact with skin.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.1/2/Inhal	Acute Tox. 2	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 2
3.1/3/Dermal	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 3
3.1/3/Oral	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.2/1	Skin Corr. 1	Skin corrosion, Category 1
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.4.2/1A	Skin Sens. 1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
3.7/2	Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2
3.9/1	STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 1
4.1/A1	Aquatic Acute 1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C1	Aquatic Chronic 1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C3	Aquatic Chronic 3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3
EUH071		EUH071

### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Skin Sens. 1A, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care

KAFH: Keep Away From Heat

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

LDLo: Leathal Dose Low

N.A.: Not Applicable

N/A: Not Applicable

N/D: Not defined/ Not available

NA: Not available

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PGK: Packaging Instruction

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

PSG: Passengers

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.

TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).

vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.

WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

**Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:**

- SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 7: Handling and storage
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 13: Disposal considerations
- SECTION 14: Transport information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information

# Exposure Scenario

## 1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

### Exposure Scenario, 19/05/2022

Substance identity	
	1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate
<b>CAS No.</b>	6846-50-0
<b>EINECS No.</b>	229-934-9

### Table of contents

1. **ES 1** Widespread use by professional workers; Various products (PC9b, PC9a); Building and construction work (SU19)
2. **ES 2** Widespread use by professional workers; Adhesives, sealants (PC1); Other (SU0)

# 1. ES 1 Widespread use by professional workers; Various products (PC9b, PC9a); Building and construction work (SU19)

## 1.1 TITLE SECTION

<b>Exposure Scenario name</b>	Professional application of coatings and inks
<b>Date - Version</b>	19/05/2022 - 1.0
<b>Life Cycle Stage</b>	Widespread use by professional workers
<b>Main user group</b>	Professional uses
<b>Sector(s) of use</b>	Building and construction work (SU19)
<b>Product Categories</b>	Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay (PC9b) - Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

### Environment Contributing Scenario

<b>CS1</b>	ERC8f
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### Worker Contributing Scenario

<b>CS2 Material transfers</b>	PROC8a
<b>CS3 Material transfers</b>	PROC8a
<b>CS4 Material transfers</b>	PROC8a
<b>CS5 Material transfers</b>	PROC8a
<b>CS6 Material transfers</b>	PROC8a
<b>CS7 Hand held spraying</b>	PROC11
<b>CS8 Hand held spraying</b>	PROC11
<b>CS9 Rolling, Brushing</b>	PROC10
<b>CS10 Rolling, Brushing</b>	PROC10
<b>CS11 Hand held spraying</b>	PROC11
<b>CS12 Material transfers</b>	PROC8a
<b>CS13 Material transfers</b>	PROC8a
<b>CS14 Material transfers</b>	PROC8a
<b>CS15 Material transfers</b>	PROC8a

## 1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8f)

<b>Environmental release categories</b>	Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (outdoor) (ERC8f)
-----------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------

#### *Product (article) characteristics*

#### **Physical form of product:**

Liquid

#### **Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

#### *Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)*

#### **Amounts used:**

Daily amount per site <= 0.00099 tonnes/day

#### *Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)*

## Waste treatment

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

### 1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

<b>Process Categories</b>	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)
---------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

#### *Product (article) characteristics*

#### **Physical form of product:**

Liquid

#### **Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

#### *Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*

#### **Duration:**

Exposure duration <= 1 h

#### *Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

#### **Personal protection**

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.

Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 %  
Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 90 %

#### *Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Covers indoor and outdoor use

Professional use

**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

#### **Body parts exposed:**

Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

### 1.2. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

<b>Process Categories</b>	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)
---------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

#### *Product (article) characteristics*

#### **Physical form of product:**

Liquid

#### **Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

#### *Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*

#### **Duration:**

Exposure duration <= 1 h

#### *Technical and organisational conditions and measures*

#### **Technical and organisational measures**

Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

#### *Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

#### **Personal protection**

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.

Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 %  
Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 90 %

#### *Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Indoor use

Professional use

**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

<b>Body parts exposed:</b> Palm of one hand	
<b>1.2. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)</b>	
<b>Process Categories</b>	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)
<i>Product (article) characteristics</i>	
<b>Physical form of product:</b> Liquid	
<b>Concentration of substance in product:</b> Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
<i>Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure</i>	
<b>Duration:</b> Exposure duration <= 4 h	
<i>Technical and organisational conditions and measures</i>	
<b>Technical and organisational measures</b> Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).	
<i>Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation</i>	
<b>Personal protection</b>	
Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 % Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 90 %
<i>Other conditions affecting worker exposure</i>	
Indoor use Professional use <b>Temperature:</b> Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature. <b>Body parts exposed:</b> Palm of one hand	
<b>1.2. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)</b>	
<b>Process Categories</b>	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)
<i>Product (article) characteristics</i>	
<b>Physical form of product:</b> Liquid	
<b>Concentration of substance in product:</b> Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
<i>Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure</i>	
<b>Duration:</b> Exposure duration <= 0.25 h	
<i>Technical and organisational conditions and measures</i>	
<b>Technical and organisational measures</b> Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).	
<i>Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation</i>	
<b>Personal protection</b>	
Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 %
<i>Other conditions affecting worker exposure</i>	

Indoor use  
 Professional use  
**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.  
**Body parts exposed:**  
 Palm of one hand

**1.2. CS6: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)**

<b>Process Categories</b>	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)
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*Product (article) characteristics*

**Physical form of product:**  
 Liquid

**Concentration of substance in product:**  
 Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

*Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*

**Duration:**  
 Exposure duration <= 4 h

*Technical and organisational conditions and measures*

**Technical and organisational measures**  
 Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

*Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

**Personal protection**

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 % Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 90 %
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*Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Indoor use  
 Professional use  
**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.  
**Body parts exposed:**  
 Palm of one hand

**1.2. CS7: Worker Contributing Scenario: Hand held spraying (PROC11)**

<b>Process Categories</b>	Non industrial spraying (PROC11)
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*Product (article) characteristics*

**Physical form of product:**  
 Liquid

**Concentration of substance in product:**  
 Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %.

*Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*

**Duration:**  
 Exposure duration <= 0.25 h

*Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

**Personal protection**

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 % Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 90 %
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*Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Outdoor use Professional use <b>Temperature:</b> Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature. <b>Body parts exposed:</b> Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands and forearms.	
<b>1.2. CS8: Worker Contributing Scenario: Hand held spraying (PROC11)</b>	
<b>Process Categories</b>	Non industrial spraying (PROC11)
<i>Product (article) characteristics</i>	
<b>Physical form of product:</b> Liquid  <b>Concentration of substance in product:</b> Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
<i>Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure</i>	
<b>Duration:</b> Exposure duration <= 4 h	
<i>Technical and organisational conditions and measures</i>	
<b>Technical and organisational measures</b> Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).	
<i>Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation</i>	
<b>Personal protection</b>	
Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 % Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 95 %
<i>Other conditions affecting worker exposure</i>	
Indoor use Professional use <b>Temperature:</b> Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature. <b>Body parts exposed:</b> Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands and forearms.	
<b>1.2. CS9: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)</b>	
<b>Process Categories</b>	Roller application or brushing (PROC10)
<i>Product (article) characteristics</i>	
<b>Physical form of product:</b> Liquid  <b>Concentration of substance in product:</b> Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.	
<i>Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure</i>	
<b>Duration:</b> Exposure duration <= 1 h	
<i>Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation</i>	
<b>Personal protection</b>	
Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 % Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 90 %
<i>Other conditions affecting worker exposure</i>	

Outdoor use  
 Professional use  
**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.  
**Body parts exposed:**  
 Palm of one hand

**1.2. CS10: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)**

<b>Process Categories</b>	Roller application or brushing (PROC10)
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*Product (article) characteristics*

**Physical form of product:**  
 Liquid

**Concentration of substance in product:**  
 Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

*Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*

**Duration:**  
 Exposure duration <= 4 h

*Technical and organisational conditions and measures*

**Technical and organisational measures**  
 Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

*Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

**Personal protection**

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 % Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 90 %
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*Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Indoor use  
 Professional use  
**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.  
**Body parts exposed:**  
 Palm of one hand

**1.2. CS11: Worker Contributing Scenario: Hand held spraying (PROC11)**

<b>Process Categories</b>	Non industrial spraying (PROC11)
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*Product (article) characteristics*

**Physical form of product:**  
 Liquid

**Concentration of substance in product:**  
 Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

*Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*

**Duration:**  
 Exposure duration <= 4 h

*Technical and organisational conditions and measures*

**Technical and organisational measures**  
 Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

*Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

**Personal protection**

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 % Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 95 %
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### *Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Indoor use  
Professional use

**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

**Body parts exposed:**

Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands and forearms.

### **1.2. CS12: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)**

**Process Categories**

Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)

### *Product (article) characteristics*

**Physical form of product:**

Liquid

**Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

### *Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*

**Duration:**

Exposure duration <= 0.25 h

### *Technical and organisational conditions and measures*

**Technical and organisational measures**

Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

### *Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

**Personal protection**

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.

Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 %

### *Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Indoor use  
Professional use

**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

**Body parts exposed:**

Palm of one hand

### **1.2. CS13: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)**

**Process Categories**

Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)

### *Product (article) characteristics*

**Physical form of product:**

Liquid

**Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

### *Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*

**Duration:**

Exposure duration <= 4 h

### *Technical and organisational conditions and measures*

**Technical and organisational measures**

Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

### *Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

**Personal protection**

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.		Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 % Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 90 %
<b>Other conditions affecting worker exposure</b>		
Indoor use Professional use <b>Temperature:</b> Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature. <b>Body parts exposed:</b> Palm of one hand		
<b>1.2. CS14: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)</b>		
<b>Process Categories</b>	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)	
<b>Product (article) characteristics</b>		
<b>Physical form of product:</b> Liquid		
<b>Concentration of substance in product:</b> Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.		
<b>Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure</b>		
<b>Duration:</b> Exposure duration <= 1 h		
<b>Technical and organisational conditions and measures</b>		
<b>Technical and organisational measures</b> Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).		
<b>Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation</b>		
<b>Personal protection</b>		
Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.		Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 % Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 90 %
<b>Other conditions affecting worker exposure</b>		
Outdoor use Professional use <b>Temperature:</b> Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature. <b>Body parts exposed:</b> Palm of one hand		
<b>1.2. CS15: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)</b>		
<b>Process Categories</b>	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)	
<b>Product (article) characteristics</b>		
<b>Physical form of product:</b> Liquid		
<b>Concentration of substance in product:</b> Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.		
<b>Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure</b>		
<b>Duration:</b> Exposure duration <= 4 h		
<b>Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation</b>		
<b>Personal protection</b>		

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.

Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 %  
Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 95 %

### Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Outdoor use

Professional use

**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

**Body parts exposed:**

Palm of one hand

## 1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### 1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	2.506 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.142
dermal, systemic, long-term	0.823 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.165
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.307

### 1.3. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	3.58 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.203
dermal, systemic, long-term	0.823 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.165
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.368

### 1.3. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	2.148 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.122
dermal, systemic, long-term	0.165 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.03
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.155

### 1.3. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	3.58 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.203
dermal, systemic, long-term	0.165 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.033
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.236

### 1.3. CS6: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	2.148 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.122
dermal, systemic, long-term	0.165 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.033
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.155

### 1.3. CS7: Worker Contributing Scenario: Hand held spraying (PROC11)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	1.671 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.095
dermal, systemic, long-term	2.143 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.429
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.523

### 1.3. CS8: Worker Contributing Scenario: Hand held spraying (PROC11)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	4.296 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.244
dermal, systemic, long-term	1.286 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.257
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.501

### 1.3. CS9: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	2.506 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.142
dermal, systemic, long-term	1.646 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.329
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.471

### 1.3. CS10: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	2.148 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.122
dermal, systemic, long-term	1.646 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.329
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.451

### 1.3. CS11: Worker Contributing Scenario: Hand held spraying (PROC11)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	4.296 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.244
dermal, systemic, long-term	1.286 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.257
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.501

### 1.3. CS12: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	3.58 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.203
dermal, systemic, long-term	0.165 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.033
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.236

### 1.3. CS13: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	2.148 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.122
dermal, systemic, long-term	0.165 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.033
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.155

### 1.3. CS14: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	2.506 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.142
dermal, systemic, long-term	0.823 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.165
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.307

### 1.3. CS15: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	3.759 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.213
dermal, systemic, long-term	0.823 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.165
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.378

## 1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

**Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:**

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

## 2. ES 2

## Widespread use by professional workers; Adhesives, sealants (PC1); Other (SU0)

## 2.1 TITLE SECTION

Exposure Scenario name	Use in rigid foams, coatings, adhesives and sealants
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Date - Version	19/05/2022 - 1.0
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Life Cycle Stage	Widespread use by professional workers
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Main user group	Professional uses
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Sector(s) of use	Professional uses (SU22) - Other (SU0)
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Product Categories	Adhesives, sealants (PC1)
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## Environment Contributing Scenario

CS1	ERC8c
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CS2	ERC8f
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## Worker Contributing Scenario

CS3 Rolling, Brushing	PROC10
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## 2.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure

## 2.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8c)

Environmental release categories	Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (indoor) (ERC8c)
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*Product (article) characteristics***Physical form of product:**

Liquid

**Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

*Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)***Amounts used:**Daily amount per site  $\leq 5.5E-05$  tonnes/day

## 2.2. CS2: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8f)

Environmental release categories	Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (outdoor) (ERC8f)
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*Product (article) characteristics***Physical form of product:**

Liquid

**Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

*Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)***Amounts used:**Daily amount per site  $\leq 5.5E-05$  tonnes/day

## 2.2. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Process Categories	Roller application or brushing (PROC10)
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*Product (article) characteristics***Physical form of product:**

Liquid

**Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

*Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*

**Duration:**

Exposure duration <= 1 h

*Technical and organisational conditions and measures*

**Technical and organisational measures**

Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour).

*Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

**Personal protection**

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.  
Use suitable eye protection.

Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 %

*Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Covers indoor and outdoor use

Professional use

**Temperature:** Assumes process temperature up to .... 30°C

**Body parts exposed:**

Palm of one hand

## 2.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### 2.3. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8c)

Release route	Release rate	Release estimation method
Water	0.054 kg/day	N/A
Air	1.5 kg/day	N/A

protection target	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
freshwater	0.0007 mg/L	EUSES v2.1	0.051
freshwater sediment	0.272 mg/kg dry weight	EUSES v2.1	0.051
marine water	7.14E-05 mg/L	EUSES v2.1	0.051
marine sediment	0.272 mg/kg dry weight	EUSES v2.1	0.051
Sewage treatment plant	0.00591 mg/L	EUSES v2.1	< 0.01
Man via environment - Inhalation	6.74E-05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	EUSES v2.1	< 0.01

### 2.3. CS2: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8f)

Release route	Release rate	Release estimation method
Water	0.002 kg/day	N/A

Air	15 kg/day	N/A
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protection target	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
freshwater	0.000162 mg/L	EUSES v2.1	0.012
freshwater sediment	0.061 mg/kg dry weight	EUSES v2.1	0.012
marine water	1.56E-05 mg/L	EUSES v2.1	0.011
marine sediment	0.0059 mg/kg dry weight	EUSES v2.1	0.011
Sewage treatment plant	0.003 mg/L	EUSES v2.1	< 0.01
Man via environment - Inhalation	6.6E-05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	EUSES v2.1	< 0.01

### 2.3. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	10.74 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.61
dermal, systemic, long-term	1.646 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.329
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	0.939

## 2.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

### Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.