

Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

KERAKOVER SILOX FONDO

Date of first edition: 5/4/2021

Safety Data Sheet dated 23/02/2026

version 10

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: KERAKOVER SILOX FONDO

Trade code: 001028006

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Paints/coatings - Protective and functional

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: KERAKOLL S.p.A.

Via dell'Artigianato, 9

41049 Sassuolo (MODENA) - ITALY

Tel.+39 0536 816511 Fax. +39 0536816581

safety@kerakoll.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency phone number 112

Ireland Emergency medical information: (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.

Members of the public Number (8 am-10 pm): +353 (0)1 809 2166

Healthcare professional telephone Number (24hrs): +353 (0)1 809 2566

Malta In case of emergency call: +356 2395 2000 (24h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification



2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Skin Sens. 1A May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

Hazard pictograms and Signal Word



Warning

Hazard statements

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Contains

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

Exterior walls of mineral substrate

EU limit value for this product (cat. A/c): 40 g/l

This product contains max 9.75 g/l VOC.

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

Other Hazards: Contains biocidal product: MIT; C(M)IT/MIT (3:1); BIT; TMAD; The product is identified as an article treated pursuant to art. 58 of Regulation (EU) no. 528/2012 and subsequent amendments. Possible skin exposure must be avoided. Protective gloves and work clothes are required. Avoid releasing product into the environment. When washing work equipment, water must not be dispersed in the soil or on surface water; Crystalline silica in breathable fraction present in the product does not contribute to the hazard classification according to the criteria laid down by the EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) by virtue of the physical state of the product itself (liquid/solid paste) as it is marketed and reasonably be expected to be used. (Position IMA-Europe, Classification of mixtures in liquid form containing crystalline silica (May 2020)). The liquid/solid paste mixture, due to hardening or exposure to heat, can lose its liquid content (water and other liquid components) and appear in a solid state; in case of handling of the solid mixture for disposal (non-compliant product) in so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: KERAKOVER SILOX FONDO

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
$\geq 1 < 3\%$	Quartz	CAS:14808-60-7 EC:238-878-4	STOT RE 1, H372	
$< 0.036\%$	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS:2634-33-5 EC:220-120-9 Index:613-088-00-6	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:1, M-Acute:1	Specific Concentration Limits: C $\geq 0.036\%$: Skin Sens. 1A H317
$< 0.01\%$	2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	CAS:2682-20-4 EC:220-239-6 Index:613-326-00-9	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:1, M-Acute:10, EUH071	Specific Concentration Limits: C $\geq 0.0015\%$: Skin Sens. 1A H317
$< 0.01\%$	bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol	CAS:52-51-7 EC:200-143-0 Index:603-085-00-8	STOT SE 3, H335; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H331, M-Chronic:10, M-Acute:100	
$< 0.0015\%$	reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS:55965-84-9 Index:613-167-00-5	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 2, H310; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100, EUH071	

Specific Concentration Limits:
C ≥ 0.6%: Skin Corr. 1C H314
0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Skin Irrit. 2
H315
C ≥ 0.6%: Eye Dam. 1 H318
0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Eye Irrit. 2
H319
C ≥ 0.0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

- Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.
- Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.

In case of eyes contact:

- Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

- Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

- Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

N.A.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

- Water.
- Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.
- Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Use suitable breathing apparatus .
- Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
- Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel:

- Wear personal protection equipment.
- Remove persons to safety.
- See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

- Wear personal protection equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

- Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
- Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.
- In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.
- Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand
- Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

- See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
Calcium carbonate CAS: 471-34-1	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ inhalable aerosol Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Inhalable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ inhalable aerosol Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ respirable aerosol Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ U Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ R Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 6 mg/m ³ Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (a), Formel / Formal, NIOSH Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	Quartz CAS: 14808-60-7	ACGIH	Long Term: 0.025 mg/m ³ (8h) R, A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer

NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ Polvere di silice cristallina respirabile (frazione inalabile). Rif:D.Lgs 81/2008 Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XLIII
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ C Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m ³ alveolijae, liite 3 Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ EK Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ 1, C Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m ³ alveolijae, liite 3 Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ La VLEP s'applique à la fraction alvéolaire. Forme de silice cristalline. Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ Žiūrėti 1 priedo 3 punktą. Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 0.075 mg/m ³ (2) Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst B1
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m ³ K 7 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m ³ K G 7 21 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ 6) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ C, M, 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAN D	Long Term: 0.15 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (a), C1A, SSC, P, Cancpulm Silicose / Lugenkrebs Silikose, HSE NIOSH OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
ACGIH		Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ (8h) R - Pneumoconiosis
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 3 mg/m ³ Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m ³ R Source: 2021 Code of Practice
SUVA	SWITZERLAN D	Long Term: 3 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (a), Fibpulm / Lungenfibrose

Mica
CAS: 12001-26-2

Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites

WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 0.8 mg/m3 Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 U Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 0.8 mg/m3 R Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 3 mg/m3 fracțiune respirabilă Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
Titanium dioxide CAS: 13463-67-7	ACGIH	Long Term: 2.5 mg/m3 (8h) Finescale particles; R ; A3 - LRT irr, pneumoconiosis
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m3; Short Term: 2.4 mg/m3 DFG; Long term and short term: excluding ultrafine particles; respirable fraction; multiplied by the material density; Source: TRGS900
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 U Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 R Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 15 mg/m3 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 60(Miw), 2x, MAK, A Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 6 mg/m3 K Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Cancérogène de catégorie 2 Source: INRS outil65
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 εισπν. Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999

NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 αναπν. Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 4), 7) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (a), SSC, Formel / Formal, NIOSH Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
Talc (Mg ₃ H ₂ (SiO ₃) ₄) CAS: 14807-96-6	ACGIH	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 (8h) Containing no asbestos fibers\$ E,R, A4 - Pulm fibrosis, pulm func
	NATIONAL HUNGARY	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 Respirable aerosol Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM
	NATIONAL LATVIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL BELGIUM	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL CROATIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 R Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL IRELAND	Long Term: 0.8 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL ROMANIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 fracțiune respirabilă Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
	NATIONAL SPAIN	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 d, e Source: LEP 2022
	NATIONAL AUSTRIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 MAK, A Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL DENMARK	0, 3 fiber/cm ³ , K Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL FINLAND	8h: 0.5 kuitua/cm ³ Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL FINLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 hengittävä pöly Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020

NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ alveolijae Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ εισπν. Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ αναπν. Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 0.25 mg/m ³ Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ 6), 18) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAN D	Long Term: 3 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (a), SSC, Formel / Formal, OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
Quartz CAS: 14808-60-7	EU	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ Polvere di silice cristallina respirabile, frazione inalabile. (R), A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer. Directive 2017/2398
	ACGIH	Long Term: 0.025 mg/m ³ (8h) R, A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ (8h) Respirable aerosol Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	IRELAND Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ (8h) Respirable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	ITALY Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ (8h) Polvere di silice cristallina respirabile (frazione inalabile). D.Lgs 81/2008 Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XLIII
	NATIONAL	SPAIN Long Term: 0.05 mg/m ³ (8h) Respirable fraction Source: LEP 2022
	NATIONAL	CROATIA Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA Long Term: 0.05 mg/m ³ MAK, III C, A Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³ C Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	DENMARK Long Term: 0.3 mg/m ³ Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	DENMARK Long Term: 0.1 mg/m ³

		EK Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 1, C Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 alveolijae, liite 3 Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 La VLEP s'applique à la fraction alvéolaire. Forme de silice cristalline. Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Žiūrėti 1 priedo 3 punktą. Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 0.075 mg/m3 (2) Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst B1
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m3 K 7 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 K G 7 21 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 6) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 C, M, 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND D	Long Term: 0.15 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (a), C1A, SSC, P, Cancpulm Silicose / Lugenkrebs Silikose, HSE NIOSH OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
Propane-1,2-diol CAS: 57-55-6	NATIONAL	CROATIA Long Term: 474 mg/m3 - 150 ppm Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	CROATIA Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	IRELAND Long Term: 470 mg/m3 - 150 ppm Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	IRELAND Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	LATVIA Long Term: 7 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA Long Term: 7 mg/m3 Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NORWAY Long Term: 79 mg/m3 - 25 ppm Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL	POLAND Long Term: 100 mg/m3 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND Long Term: 474 mg/m3 - 150 ppm Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

NORTHERN
IRELAND

Cellulose
CAS: 9004-34-6

ACGIH		Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ (8h) URT irr
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 20 mg/m ³ U Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ R Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ fracțiune inhalabilă Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: INRS outil65
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: KN325P1
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (a), VRS / OAW, NIOSH Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 20 mg/m ³ Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ U Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ R Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: INRS outil65
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ F Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (a) Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

Magnesium carbonate
CAS: 546-93-0

	NORTHERN IRELAND	
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
sodium hydroxide; caustic soda CAS: 1310-73-2	ACGIH	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m ³ URT, eye, and skin irr
	NATIONAL ROMANIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 3 mg/m ³
	NATIONAL AUSTRIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: Ceiling - 4 mg/m ³ 5(Mow), 8x, MAK, E Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL BULGARIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL CZECHIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m ³ I Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL DENMARK	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m ³ L Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL ESTONIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ * Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL FINLAND	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m ³ kattoarvo Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL FRANCE	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL GREECE	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
	NATIONAL HUNGARY	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ m, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL LATVIA	Long Term: 0.5 mg/m ³ Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL LITHUANIA	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m ³ Ū Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL NORWAY	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m ³ T Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL POLAND	Long Term: 0.5 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 1 mg/m ³ Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	NATIONAL SWEDEN	Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (i), SSC, VRS Peau Yeux / OAW Haut Auge, NIOSH OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ M Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	Short Term: 2 mg/m ³ Source: LEP 2022
Dolomite CAS: 16389-88-1	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 6 mg/m ³ Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ 4), 7) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
Propylidynetrimethanol CAS: 77-99-6	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Short Term: Ceiling - 5 ppm Ū Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ Source: AFS 2021:3
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS: 2682-20-4	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m ³ (8h)
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m ³ MAK, Sh Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.2 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m ³ DFG; Long term and short term: inhalable fraction Source: TRGS900
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m ³ MAK, Sh Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	SUVA	SWITZERLAN D	Long Term: 0.2 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (i), S, SSC, VRS Peau Yeux / OAW Haut Auge Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2	ACGIH		Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ (8h); Short Term: 10 mg/m ³ R - Metal fume fever
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ MAK, A Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: Ceiling - 5 mg/m ³ Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 5 mg/m ³

		i, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 i, R Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 0.5 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 5 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m3; Short Term: 1 mg/m3 11) Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m3; Short Term: 3 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (a), Fimétal / Metallrauch, NIOSH OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 2 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 GVI: R Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 OEL (8-hour reference period) : R Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 (Fumuri) Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 2 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 d Source: LEP 2022
glyoxal...%; ethandial...% CAS: 107-22-2	ACGIH	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 (8h) IFV, DSEN, A4 - URT irr, larynx metaplasia
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Short Term: Ceiling - 0.5 mg/m3 - 0.2 ppm L Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 0.02 mg/m3 Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 IFV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Sen, FIV, s Source: LEP 2022

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one
CAS: 2634-33-5

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 1.1 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 403 ng/L
Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 110 ng/L
Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 1.03 mg/l
Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 49.9 µg/kg
Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 4.99 µg/kg
Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 3 mg/kg

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one
CAS: 2682-20-4
Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 230 µg/l
Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 47.1 µg/kg

bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol
CAS: 52-51-7
Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 10 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 2.5 µg/l
Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 800 ng/L
Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 430 µg/l
Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 41 µg/l
Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 3.28 µg/kg
Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 500 µg/kg

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)
CAS: 55965-84-9
Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 230 µg/l
Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l
Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l
Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 10 µg/l

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one
CAS: 2634-33-5
Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 6.81 mg/m³; Consumer: 1.2 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 966 µg/kg; Consumer: 345 µg/kg

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one
CAS: 2682-20-4
Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 21 µg/m³; Consumer: 21 µg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 43 µg/m³; Consumer: 43 µg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 27 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 53 µg/kg

bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol
CAS: 52-51-7
Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 4.1 mg/m³; Consumer: 1.2 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 12.3 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 4.2 mg/m³; Consumer: 1.3 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 4.2 mg/m³; Consumer: 1.3 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 2.3 mg/kg; Consumer: 1.4 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 7 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 350 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 1.1 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 0.013 mg/cm²; Consumer: 0.008 mg/cm²

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 0.013 mg/cm²; Consumer: 0.008 mg/cm²

reaction mass of 5-
chloro-2-methyl-2H-
isothiazol-3-one and 2-
methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-
one (3:1)
CAS: 55965-84-9

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 20 µg/m³; Consumer: 20 µg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 40 µg/m³; Consumer: 20 µg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 90 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 110 µg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Eye glasses with side protection.

Protection for skin:

Chemical protection clothing. Safety shoes.

Protection for hands:

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN 374:

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness ≥0,35mm; breakthrough time ≥480min.

Respiratory protection:

N.A.

Thermal Hazards:

Not expected if used as intended

Environmental exposure controls:

Prevent the product from entering sewers or surface and underground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Colour: In compliance with the product description

Odour: Light

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: =8.50 (OECD 122)

Kinematic viscosity: N.A.

Melting point/freezing point: N.A.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: 100 °C (212 °F)

Flash point: > 93°C

Lower and upper explosion limit: N.A. (Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable)

Relative vapour density: N.A. (Some data is not known)

Vapour pressure: N.A. (Some data is not known)

Density and/or relative density: 1.47 g/cm³ (ISO 2811)

Solubility in water: Miscible
Solubility in oil: N.A. (Not determined, as it is not required for CLP classification)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): N.A. (Not applicable to mixtures)
Auto-ignition temperature: N.A. (Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable)
Decomposition temperature: N.A. (Not applicable, as the mixture is not self-reactive)
Flammability: ; Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable
Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 0.67 % ; 9.75 g/l

Particle characteristics:

Particle size: N.A.

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Data not available.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1A(H317)
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

Quartz	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral > 2000 mg/kg	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 670 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative	
	c) serious eye	Eye Corrosive Positive	irreversible damage

	damage/irritation		
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guinea pig Positive	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative	Oral route
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 112 mg/kg	
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	a) acute toxicity	LC50 Inhalation of aerosol Rat = 0.1 mg/l 4h	
		LD50 Oral Rat = 120 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rat = 242 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Corrosive Rabbit Positive 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Rabbit Positive	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guinea pig Positive	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative	Oral route
		Carcinogenicity Oral Rat Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity Oral Rat = 200 Ppm	NOAEL
bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 305 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation of aerosol Rat >= 0.59 mg/l 4h	
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guinea pig Negative	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	Mouse oral route
		Carcinogenicity Oral Rat Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat 200	
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 69 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 141 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Rat = 0.33 mg/l 4h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Rabbit Positive	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Positive	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	
		Carcinogenicity Skin Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 22.7 mg/kg	

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

No data available for the product

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS: 2634-33-5 - EINECS: 220-120-9 - INDEX: 613-088-00-6	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> = 2.15 mg/L 96h OECD Guideline 203 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 2.9 mg/L 48h OECD Guideline 202 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae green alga <i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i> freshwater algae = 110 µg/L OECD Guideline 201 d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC50 Worm <i>Eisenia fetida</i> > 410.6 mg/kg OECD Guideline 207 - Duration 14d d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC10 soil microorganisms = 263.7 mg/kg - long term a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Sludge activated sludge 10.3 mg/L 3h OECD Guideline 209 e) Plant toxicity : LC50 <i>Triticum aestivum</i> = 200 mg/kg OECD Guideline 208
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	CAS: 2682-20-4 - EINECS: 220-239-6 - INDEX: 613-326-00-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> = 4.77 mg/L 96h „OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test) b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> = 4.93 mg/L Dossier ECHA a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 0.93 mg/L 48h OECD Guideline 202 (<i>Daphnia</i> sp. Acute Immobilisation Test) b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC10 <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 0.04 mg/L OECD Guideline 211 (<i>Daphnia magna</i> Reproduction Test) - Duration 21d a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae <i>Selenastrum capricornutum</i> = 0.1 mg/L 72h Dossier ECHA a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage = 41 mg/L 3h „OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test) b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC50 freshwater sediment = 50 mg/kg Duration 28d Draft OECD Guideline (now OECD Guideline 225) - 28days
bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol	CAS: 52-51-7 - EINECS: 200-143-0 - INDEX: 603-085-00-8	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> = 37.5 mg/L 96h US EPA Guideline OPP 72 -1 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> = 21.5 mg/L OECD guideline 210 - 49days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 1.4 mg/L 48h OECD guideline 202 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 0.27 mg/L OECD guideline 202 - 21days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Algae <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> = 0.08 mg/L 72h ISO 10253 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC20 Sludge activated sludge = 2 mg/L OECD 209 d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Worm <i>Eisenia foetida</i> > 500 mg/kg OECD 207 d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC50 soil microorganisms = 679 mg/kg OECD guideline 216 - 28days

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9 - INDEX: 613-167-00-5

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish *Oncorhynchus mykiss* = 0.19 mg/L 96h EPA OPP 72-1 (Fish Acute Toxicity Test)

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish *Danio rerio* = 0.02 mg/L ,,OECD Guideline 210 (Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test) - 35days

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 *Daphnia magna* = 0.16 mg/L 48h EPA OPP 72-2 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test)

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC *Daphnia magna* = 0.1 mg/L EPA OPP 72-4 (Fish Early Life-Stage and Aquatic Invertebrate Life-Cycle Studies) - 21days

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae *Skeletonema costatum* = 0 mg/L 96h ,,OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge = 4.5 mg/L 3h ,,OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)

d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Worm *Eisenia fetida* = 613 mg/kg ,,OECD Guideline 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests) - 14days

e) Plant toxicity : NOEC *Trifolium pratense*, *Oryza sativa*, *Brassica napus* = 1000 mg/L OECD Guideline 208 (Terrestrial Plants Test: Seedling Emergence and Seedling Growth Test) - 21days

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence/Degradability:	Test	Notes:
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	Non-readily biodegradable	CO2 production	OECD Guideline 301C
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Non-readily biodegradable	CO2 production	OECD Guideline 301 B (Ready Biodegradability: CO2 Evolution Test)
bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol	Readily biodegradable		OECD guideline 301B
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Non-readily biodegradable		

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulation	Test	Value	Notes:
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	6.620	
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	5.750	carcass
	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	48.100	viscera
bronopol (INN); 2-bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor		
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	54.000	≤ 54

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

The product disposed of as such, pursuant to Regulation (EU) 1357/2014, must be classified as hazardous waste

A waste code according to the European List of Wastes (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact an authorized waste disposal service.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous (Annex III, Directive 2008/98/EC):

The liquid mixture, due to hardening or exposure to heat, loses its original technical characteristics and appears in a solid state upon disposal; in this case, employees must comply with the requirements of national legislation about safety in the workplace.

In particular, employees must take appropriate technical measures when handling the product, such as proceed with local ventilation and use airtight containers to limit dust dispersion; they must as well wear a respirator with P3 filter.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

N/A

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: N/A

IATA-Shipping Name: N/A

IMDG-Shipping Name: N/A

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: N/A

IATA-Class: N/A

IMDG-Class: N/A

14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: N/A

IATA-Packing group: N/A

IMDG-Packing group: N/A

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: No

IMDG-EMS: N/A

14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: N/A

ADR - Hazard identification number: N/A

ADR-Special Provisions: N/A

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): N/A

ADR Limited Quantities: N/A

ADR Excepted Quantities: N/A

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Label: N/A

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IATA-Erg: N/A

IATA-Special Provisions: N/A

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage and handling: N/A

IMDG-Segregation: N/A

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IMDG-Special Provisions: N/A

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2023/707
Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1434 (ATP 19 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1435 (ATP 20 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2024/197 (ATP 21 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (Detergents).

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 75

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

None

Explosives precursors – Regulation 2019/1148

No substances listed

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

German Water Hazard Class.

NWG: Not hazardous for water

German Lagerklasse according to TRGS 510:

LGK 10

SVHC Substances:

No SVHC substances present in concentration \geq 0.1%

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

(ready to use)

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 0.67 %

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 9.75 g/L

REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012

The product is identified as an article treated pursuant to art. 58 of Regulation (EU) no. 528/2012 and subsequent amendments.

Substances included in Regulation (EU) n. 528/2012 (concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products):

Nomenclature IUPAC: 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

Nomenclature BPR: MIT

CAS number: 2682-20-4

Product-type 6: Preservatives for products during storage

Assessment status: Approved.

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2025/1257; Nomenclature IUPAC: Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one (EINECS 247-500-7) and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (EINECS 220-239-6) (Mixture of CMIT/MIT)

Nomenclature BPR: C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)

CAS number: 55965-84-9

Product-type 6: Preservatives for products during storage

Assessment status: Approved

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/131 ; Nomenclature IUPAC: 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Nomenclature BPR: BIT

CAS number: 2634-33-5

Product-type 6: Preservatives for products during storage

Assessment status: Approved

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2025/929; Nomenclature IUPAC: Tetrahydro-1,3,4,6-tetrakis(hydroxymethyl)imidazo[4,5-d]imidazole-2,5(1H,3H)-dione

Nomenclature BPR: TMAD

CAS number: 5395-50-6

Product-type 6: Preservatives for products during storage

Assessment status: Initial application for approval in progress. Competent authority evaluation

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.1/2/Inhal	Acute Tox. 2	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 2
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.4.2/1A	Skin Sens. 1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
3.9/1	STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 1
4.1/A1	Aquatic Acute 1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C1	Aquatic Chronic 1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
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Skin Sens. 1A, H317	Calculation method
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This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment
CSR: Chemical Safety Report
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive
DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive
EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration
ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
ES: Exposure Scenario
GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care
KAFH: Keep Away From Heat
KSt: Explosion coefficient.
LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
N.A.: Not Applicable
N/A: Not Applicable
N/D: Not defined/ Not available
NA: Not available
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PGK: Packaging Instruction
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
PSG: Passengers
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 7: Handling and storage
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 13: Disposal considerations
- SECTION 14: Transport information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information