

## Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

### KERADECOR SOLMIX UNIVERSAL

Date of first edition: 5/17/2022

Safety Data Sheet dated 18/04/2024

version 4

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: KERADECOR SOLMIX UNIVERSAL

Trade code: 16052022 -3

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Paint removers, thinners and related auxiliaries

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: KERAKOLL S.p.A.

Via dell'Artigianato, 9

41049 Sassuolo (MODENA) - ITALY

Tel. +39 0536 816511 Fax. +39 0536816581

safety@kerakoll.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency phone number 112 Kerakoll Italy - +39-0536-816511 Ireland Poison information centre: 01 809 2166 (Daily 8am-10pm) In case of emergency call 999 or 112 Malta In case of emergency call: +356 2395 2000 (24h)

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification



### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid and vapour.
STOT SE 3	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT SE 3	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Asp. Tox. 1	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Aquatic Chronic 2	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

#### Hazard pictograms and Signal Word



Danger

#### Hazard statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
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P261	Avoid breathing vapours.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P370+P378	In case of fire, use a dry powder fire extinguisher to extinguish.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

#### Special Provisions:

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Contains

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

#### Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

Other Hazards: No other hazards

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

N.A.

### 3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: KERADECOR SOLMIX UNIVERSAL

#### Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
$\geq 90\%$	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	CAS:128601-23-0 EC:918-668-5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT SE 3, H335; STOT SE 3, H336; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411, M-Chronic:1, EUH066	01-2119455851-35
$\geq 5 < 10\%$	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS:108-65-6 EC:203-603-9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT SE 3, H336	01-2119475791-29

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show him packing or label.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

N.A.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

CO2 or Dry chemical fire extinguisher.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

Water.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### For non emergency personnel:

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Use appropriate respiratory protection.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

#### For emergency responders:

Wear personal protection equipment.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Use localized ventilation system.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene:

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in closed containers and in a well-ventilated place.

Keep away from unguarded flame, sparks, and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Cool and adequately ventilated.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 128601-23-0	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 10 ppm Source: At-vejledning C.0.1-1
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 274 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 548 mg/m3 - 100 ppm

EU		Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm Skin
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: Ceiling - 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm 5(Mow), 8x, MAK, H Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm Кожа Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 270 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: Ceiling - 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> D, I Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm EH Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm A, S Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 270 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm iho Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm Risque de pénétration percutanée Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm Δ Source: ΦΕΚ 94/A` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> EU1, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 75 ppm O Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 270 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm H E Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 520 mg/m <sup>3</sup> skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm K Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm H Source: AFS 2021:3
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm D Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm koža Source: 2000/39/EZ
NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm δέρμα Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 270 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm DFG, EU, Y, 1(I) Source: TRGS 900

NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm Sk, IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm Cute Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm Āda Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LUXEMBOURG	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm Peau Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm skin Source: S.L.424.24
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm Cutânea Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm P, Dir. 2000/39 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm K, Y, EU1 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 100 ppm vía dérmica, VLI Source: LEP 2022

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate  
CAS: 108-65-6 Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 635 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 6.35 mg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 63.5 µg/l

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 100 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 3.29 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 329 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 290 µg/kg

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics  
CAS: 128601-23-0 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 150 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 32 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 25 mg/kg; Consumer: 11 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 11 mg/kg

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate  
CAS: 108-65-6 Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 33 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects  
Consumer: 33 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 796 mg/kg; Consumer: 320 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 36 mg/kg

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Eye glasses with side protection.(EN166)

Protection for skin:

Chemical protection clothing. Safety shoes.

Protection for hands:

Nitrile rubber, Viton, 4H .

Respiratory protection:

Gas filter type A .

Thermal Hazards:

N.A.

Environmental exposure controls:

N.A.

Hygienic and Technical measures

N.A.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Colour: Colourless

Odour: Characteristic

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: N.A.

Kinematic viscosity:  $\leq 20,5$  mm<sup>2</sup>/sec (40 °C)

Melting point/freezing point:  $< -50$  °C ( $-58$  °F)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:  $> 145$  °C (293 °F)

Flash point: 23°C / 60°C

Lower and upper explosion limit: N.A.

Relative vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: 7.04 mm Hg

Density and/or relative density: 0.88 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility in water: N.A.

Solubility in oil: N.A.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: 333.00 °C

Decomposition temperature: N.A.

Flammability: The product is classified Flam. Liq. 3 H226

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 100 % ; 880 g/l

#### Particle characteristics:

Particle size: N.A.

### 9.2. Other information

No other relevant information

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Data not available.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat and open flames.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with combustible materials. The product could catch fire.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In combustion can develop irritant and toxic gases.

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity

Not classified

	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	The product is classified: STOT SE 3(H335), STOT SE 3(H336)
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	The product is classified: Asp. Tox. 1(H304)

#### Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 4 ml/Kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Vapour Rat > 6193 mg/m3 4h	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit No	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Negative	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative	Inhalation route
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Inhalation Rat = 7500 mg/m3	
	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 6190 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit No	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Effect Level Rat = 3.69 mg/l	Inhalation route

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

##### Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 2(H411)

#### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
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Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	CAS: 128601-23-0 - EINECS: 918-668-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LL50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 9.2 mg/L 96h  b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOELR Fish = 1.23 mg/L - 28days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EL50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 21.3 mg/L 48h b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOELR freshwater invertebrate = 2.14 mg/L - 21days  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata = 2.9 mg/L  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EL50 Tetrahymena pyriformis = 4.73 mg/L 48h
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS: 108-65-6 - EINECS: 203-603-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 130 mg/L 96h OECD guideline 203  b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Oryzias latipes = 47.5 mg/L OECD guideline 204 - 14days  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 408 mg/L 48h OECD guideline 202  b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia Daphnia magna > 100 mg/L OECD guideline 211 - 24days  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Algae Selenastrum capricornutum >= 1000 mg/L OECD guideline 201

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence/Degradability:	Test	Value	Notes:
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Non-readily biodegradable		78.000	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Readily biodegradable	Dissolved organic carbon		OECD GL 301E

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

The product disposed of as such, pursuant to Regulation (EU) 1357/2014, must be classified as hazardous waste

A waste code according to the European List of Wastes (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact an authorized waste disposal service.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

## 14.1. UN number or ID number

1263

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL  
IATA-Technical name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL  
IMDG-Technical name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: 3  
  
IATA-Class: 3  
  
IMDG-Class: 3

#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: III

IATA-Packing group: III

IMDG-Packing group: III

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Most important toxic component: Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Marine pollutant: Yes

Environmental Pollutant: Yes

IMDG-EMS: F-E, S-E

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: 3

ADR - Hazard identification number: 30

ADR-Special Provisions: 163 367 650

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 3 (D/E)

ADR Limited Quantities: 5 L

ADR Excepted Quantities: E1

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 355

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 366

IATA-Label: 3

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -

IATA-Erg: 3L

IATA-Special Provisions: A3 A72 A192

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage Code: Category A

IMDG-Stowage Note: -

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -

IMDG-Special Provisions: 163 223 367 955

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

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### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (Detergents).

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and

subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3, 40

Restrictions related to the substances contained: None.

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

**Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1**

	Lower-tier threshold (tonnes)	Upper-tier threshold (tonnes)
Product belongs to category: P5c	5000	50000
Product belongs to category: E2	200	500

Explosives precursors – Regulation 2019/1148

No substances listed

#### Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

German Water Hazard Class.

3: Severe hazard to waters

SVHC Substances:

No SVHC substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

**Substances for which a Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out:**

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

### SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
2.6/3	Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, Category 3
3.10/1	Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3
4.1/C2	Aquatic Chronic 2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2

#### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)  
 BCF: Biological Concentration Factor  
 BEI: Biological Exposure Index  
 BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand  
 CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).  
 CAV: Poison Center  
 CE: European Community  
 CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.  
 CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic  
 COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand  
 COV: Volatile Organic Compound  
 CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment  
 CSR: Chemical Safety Report  
 DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level  
 DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.  
 DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive  
 DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive  
 EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration  
 ECHA: European Chemicals Agency  
 EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.  
 ES: Exposure Scenario  
 GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.  
 GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.  
 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer  
 IATA: International Air Transport Association.  
 IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).  
 IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration  
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.  
 ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).  
 IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.  
 INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.  
 IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care  
 KAFH: Keep Away From Heat  
 KSt: Explosion coefficient.  
 LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.  
 LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.  
 LDLo: Leathal Dose Low  
 N.A.: Not Applicable  
 N/A: Not Applicable  
 N/D: Not defined/ Not available  
 NA: Not available  
 NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health  
 NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level  
 OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration  
 PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
 PGK: Packaging Instruction  
 PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.  
 PSG: Passengers  
 RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.  
 STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.  
 STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.  
 TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.  
 TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).  
 vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.  
 WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

**Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:**

- SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 7: Handling and storage
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 13: Disposal considerations
- SECTION 14: Transport information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information



## Exposure Scenario

### 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

## Exposure Scenario, 08/06/2021

Substance identity	
	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
CAS No.	108-65-6
INDEX No.	607-195-00-7
EINECS No.	203-603-9
Registration number	01-2119475791-29

## Table of contents

1. ES 1

## 1. ES 1

### 1.1 TITLE SECTION

Exposure Scenario name	Professional application of coatings and inks by brush or roller
Date - Version	29/04/2021 - 1.0
Main user group	Professional uses
Sector(s) of use	Professional uses (SU22)
Product Categories	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

#### Environment Contributing Scenario

CS1	ERC8a - ERC8d
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#### Worker Contributing Scenario

CS2 Large surfaces - Rolling, Brushing	PROC10
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## 1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8a, ERC8d)

Environmental release categories	Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor) - Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor) (ERC8a, ERC8d)
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#### *Product (article) characteristics*

##### Physical form of product:

Liquid

##### Concentration of substance in product:

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

#### *Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)*

##### Amounts used:

Daily amount per site = 5000 kg

##### Release type: Continuous release

##### Emission days: 365 days per year

#### *Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant*

##### STP type:

Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant

Water - minimum efficiency of: = 87.3 %

#### *Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)*

##### Waste treatment

Contain and dispose of waste according to local regulations.

#### *Other conditions affecting environmental exposure*

Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Local freshwater dilution factor: 10

*Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.*

##### Additional Good Practice Advice:

Site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.

### 1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Large surfaces - Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Process Categories	Roller application or brushing (PROC10)
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#### *Product (article) characteristics*

##### Physical form of product:

Liquid

**Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers concentrations up to 100 %

***Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*****Amounts used:**

Daily amount per site = 5000 kg

**Duration:**

Exposure duration = 8 h/day

**Frequency:**

Use frequency = 365 days per year

***Technical and organisational conditions and measures*****Technical and organisational measures**

Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure.

***Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*****Personal protection**

Wear a respirator conforming to EN140.

***Other conditions affecting worker exposure***

Covers indoor and outdoor use

**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

## 1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### 1.3. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8a, ERC8d)

protection target	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
freshwater	= 0.003 mg/L	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.004
freshwater sediment	= 0.014 mg/kg KW	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.004
marine water	= 0.0004 mg/L	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.007
marine sediment	= 0.002 mg/kg KW	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.007
soil	= 0.001 mg/kg KW	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.004

### 1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Large surfaces - Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 137.71 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.5
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 13.71 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v3	0.18

## 1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

**Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:**

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.