

Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

GEOLITE GEL (A)

Date of first edition: 10/11/2021

Safety Data Sheet dated 23/06/2025

version 7

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: GEOLITE GEL (A)

Trade code: S100B0118 32

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Adhesives and sealants - building and construction works

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: KERAKOLL S.p.A.

Via dell'Artigianato, 9

41049 Sassuolo (MODENA) - ITALY

Tel.+39 0536 816511 Fax. +39 0536816581

safety@kerakoll.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency phone number 112

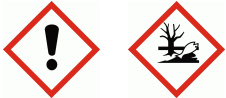
Ireland Emergency medical information: (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.

Members of the public Number (8 am-10 pm): +353 (0)1 809 2166

Healthcare professional telephone Number (24hrs): +353 (0)1 809 2566

Malta In case of emergency call: +356 2395 2000 (24h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification



2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Skin Irrit. 2 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irrit. 2 Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Sens. 1B May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Aquatic Chronic 2 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:
No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

Hazard pictograms and Signal Word



Warning

Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

- P273

Avoid release to the environment.
- P280

Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
- P302+P352

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P305+P351+P338

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P501

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Contains

Cashew, nutshell liq., oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2-(2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl)oxirane

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Other Hazards: No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: GEOLITE GEL (A)

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

| Qty | Name | Ident. Numb. | Classification | Registration Number |
|-----------|--|---|---|-----------------------|
| ≥10-<20 % | bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane | CAS:1675-54-3 EC:216-823-5 Index:603-073-00-2 | Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411, M-Chronic:1 | 01-2119456619-26 |
| | | | Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 5%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 C ≥ 5%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 | |
| ≥10-<20 % | Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2-(2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl)oxirane | EC:701-263-0 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411, M-Chronic:1 | 01-2119454392-40 |
| ≥5-<10 % | Cashew, nutshell liq., oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane | EC:701-477-4 | Skin Sens. 1B, H317 | 01-2119982994-15-0000 |
| ≥0.5-<1 % | Titanium dioxide | CAS:13463-67-7 EC:236-675-5 | Not classified as hazardous | |
| <0.0015 % | methanol | CAS:67-56-1 EC:200-659-6 Index:603-001-00-X | Flam. Liq. 2, H225; STOT SE 1, H370; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 3, H331 | 01-2119433307-44 |
| | | | Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 10%: STOT SE 1 H370 3% ≤ C < 10%: STOT SE 2 H371 | |

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

- Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.
- Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.
- After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

- After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.
- Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

- Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

- Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye irritation
Eye damages
Skin Irritation
Erythema

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

- Water.
- Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

- None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.
- Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Use suitable breathing apparatus .
- Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
- Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel:

- Wear personal protection equipment.
- Remove persons to safety.
- See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

- Wear personal protection equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

- Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
- Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.
- In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.
- Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand
- Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

- See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.
- Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.
- Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.
- Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

| | OEL Type | Country | Occupational Exposure Limit |
|-------------------------------------|----------|--|--|
| Calcium carbonate CAS: 471-34-1 | NATIONAL | HUNGARY | Long Term: 10 mg/m3 inhalable aerosol Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM |
| | NATIONAL | IRELAND | Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Inhalable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice |
| | NATIONAL | IRELAND | Long Term: 4 mg/m3 Respirable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice |
| | NATIONAL | UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND | Long Term: 10 mg/m3 inhalable aerosol Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits |
| | NATIONAL | UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND | Long Term: 4 mg/m3 respirable aerosol Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits |
| | NATIONAL | CROATIA | Long Term: 10 mg/m3 U Source: NN 1/2021 |
| | NATIONAL | CROATIA | Long Term: 4 mg/m3 R Source: NN 1/2021 |
| | NATIONAL | FRANCE | Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: INRS outil65 |
| | NATIONAL | LATVIA | Long Term: 6 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1 |
| | NATIONAL | POLAND | Long Term: 10 mg/m3 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286 |
| Titanium dioxide CAS: 13463-67-7 | SUVA | SWITZERLAND | Long Term: 3 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (a), Formel / Formal, NIOSH Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites |
| | ACGIH | | Long Term: 2.5 mg/m3 (8h) Finescale particles; R ; A3 - LRT irr, pneumoconiosis |
| | NATIONAL | GERMANY | Long Term: 0.3 mg/m3; Short Term: 2.4 mg/m3 DFG; Long term and short term: excluding ultrafine particles; respirable fraction; multiplied by the material density; Source: TRGS900 |

| | | |
|----------|--|---|
| NATIONAL | BELGIUM | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1 |
| NATIONAL | CROATIA | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ U Source: NN 1/2021 |
| NATIONAL | CROATIA | Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ R Source: NN 1/2021 |
| NATIONAL | IRELAND | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: 2021 Code of Practice |
| NATIONAL | IRELAND | Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ Source: 2021 Code of Practice |
| NATIONAL | ROMANIA | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 15 mg/m ³ Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021 |
| NATIONAL | SPAIN | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: LEP 2022 |
| NATIONAL | AUSTRIA | Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 10 mg/m ³ 60(Miw), 2x, MAK, A Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021 |
| NATIONAL | BULGARIA | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. |
| NATIONAL | DENMARK | Long Term: 6 mg/m ³ K Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021 |
| NATIONAL | ESTONIA | Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105 |
| NATIONAL | FRANCE | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Cancérogène de catégorie 2 Source: INRS outil65 |
| NATIONAL | GREECE | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ εισπν. Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999 |
| NATIONAL | GREECE | Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ αvapn. Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999 |
| NATIONAL | LATVIA | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: KN325P1 |
| NATIONAL | LITHUANIA | Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389 |
| NATIONAL | NORWAY | Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248 |
| NATIONAL | POLAND | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ 4), 7) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286 |
| NATIONAL | SLOVAKIA | Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006 |
| NATIONAL | SWEDEN | Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ 3 Source: AFS 2021:3 |
| SUVA | SWITZERLAND | Long Term: 3 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (a), SSC, Formel / Formal, NIOSH Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites |
| WEL-EH40 | UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) |

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|--|--|
| Triiron tetraoxide CAS: 1317-61-9 | NATIONAL | POLAND | Long Term: 2.5 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 5 mg/m ³ 6) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286 |
| | NATIONAL | BELGIUM | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1 |
| | NATIONAL | IRELAND | Long Term: 6 mg/m ³ Inhalable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice |
| | NATIONAL | IRELAND | Long Term: 2.4 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice |
| | NATIONAL | UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND | Long Term: 6 mg/m ³ Inhalable aerosol Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits |
| | NATIONAL | UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND | Long Term: 2.4 mg/m ³ Respirable aerosol Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits |
| | NATIONAL | GERMANY | Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ DFG, 2, Y, E Source: TRGS 900 |
| | NATIONAL | SLOVENIA | Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ Y, (I) Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021 |
| | NATIONAL | AUSTRIA | MAK Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021 |
| | NATIONAL | ESTONIA | Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ 1 Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105 |
| Aluminium oxide CAS: 1344-28-1 | NATIONAL | LATVIA | Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ Source: KN325P1 |
| | SUVA | SWITZERLAND | SSC, Fibpulm / Lungenfibrose, Des VMEs se trouvent sous les substances associées / MAK-Werte finden sich unter den zugeordneten Stoffen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites |
| | SUVA | SWITZERLAND | Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (i), SSC, Fibpulm / Lungenfibrose Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites |
| | NATIONAL | BELGIUM | Long Term: 1 mg/m ³ Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1 |
| | NATIONAL | CROATIA | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ U Source: NN 1/2021 |
| | NATIONAL | CROATIA | Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ R Source: NN 1/2021 |
| | NATIONAL | ROMANIA | Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 5 mg/m ³ (Aerosoli) Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021 |
| | NATIONAL | SPAIN | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ véase Capítulo 9 Source: LEP 2022 |
| | NATIONAL | AUSTRIA | Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 10 mg/m ³ 60(Miw), 2x, A Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021 |
| | NATIONAL | AUSTRIA | Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 10 mg/m ³ |

| | | |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| | | 60(Miw), 2x, MAK, A Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021 |
| NATIONAL | DENMARK | Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021 |
| NATIONAL | ESTONIA | Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ 1 Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105 |
| NATIONAL | FRANCE | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: INRS outil65 |
| NATIONAL | GREECE | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ εισπν Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999 |
| NATIONAL | GREECE | Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ αvapv Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999 |
| NATIONAL | HUNGARY | Long Term: 5 mg/m ³ N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet |
| NATIONAL | HUNGARY | Long Term: 2 mg/m ³ resp, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet |
| NATIONAL | LATVIA | Long Term: 6 mg/m ³ Source: KN325P1 |
| NATIONAL | LATVIA | Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ Source: KN325P1 |
| NATIONAL | NORWAY | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ 1 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248 |
| NATIONAL | POLAND | Long Term: 2.5 mg/m ³ 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286 |
| NATIONAL | POLAND | Long Term: 1.2 mg/m ³ 6) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286 |
| NATIONAL | SLOVAKIA | Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ 10) Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006 |
| SUVA | SWITZERLAN D | Long Term: 3 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (a), B, Formel / Formal, NIOSH Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites |
| SUVA | SWITZERLAN D | Long Term: 3 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 24 mg/m ³ TWA mg/m ³ : (a), Fimétal / Metallrauch, NIOSH Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites |
| WEL-EH40 | UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND | Long Term: 10 mg/m ³ Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) |
| WEL-EH40 | UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND | Long Term: 4 mg/m ³ Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) |
| methanol CAS: 67-56-1 | ACGIH | Long Term: 200 ppm (8h); Short Term: 250 ppm Skin, BEI - Headache, eye dam, dizziness, nausea |
| | NATIONAL AUSTRIA | Long Term: 260 mg/m ³ - 200 ppm; Short Term: 1040 mg/m ³ - 800 ppm 15(Miw), 4x, MAK, H Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021 |

| | | |
|----------|--|---|
| NATIONAL | BULGARIA | Long Term: 260 mg/m ³ - 200 ppm Кожа Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. |
| NATIONAL | CZECHIA | Long Term: 250 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: Ceiling - 1000 mg/m ³ D, B Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb |
| NATIONAL | DENMARK | Long Term: 260 mg/m ³ - 200 ppm EH Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021 |
| NATIONAL | ESTONIA | Long Term: 250 mg/m ³ - 200 ppm; Short Term: 350 mg/m ³ - 250 ppm A Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105 |
| NATIONAL | FINLAND | Long Term: 270 mg/m ³ - 200 ppm; Short Term: 330 mg/m ³ - 250 ppm iho Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020 |
| NATIONAL | FRANCE | Long Term: 260 mg/m ³ - 200 ppm; Short Term: 1300 mg/m ³ - 1000 ppm Risque de pénétration percutanée Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail |
| NATIONAL | GREECE | Long Term: 260 mg/m ³ - 200 ppm; Short Term: 325 mg/m ³ - 250 ppm Δ Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999 |
| NATIONAL | HUNGARY | Long Term: 260 mg/m ³ b, i, BEM, EU2, R+T Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet |
| NATIONAL | LITHUANIA | Long Term: 260 mg/m ³ - 200 ppm O Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389 |
| NATIONAL | NETHERLANDS | Long Term: 133 mg/m ³ H Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A |
| NATIONAL | NORWAY | Long Term: 130 mg/m ³ - 100 ppm H E Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248 |
| NATIONAL | POLAND | Long Term: 100 mg/m ³ ; Short Term: 300 mg/m ³ skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286 |
| NATIONAL | SLOVAKIA | Long Term: 260 mg/m ³ - 200 ppm K, 7) Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006 |
| NATIONAL | SWEDEN | Long Term: 250 mg/m ³ - 200 ppm; Short Term: 350 mg/m ³ - 250 ppm H, V Source: AFS 2021:3 |
| SUVA | SWITZERLAND | Long Term: 260 mg/m ³ - 200 ppm; Short Term: 520 mg/m ³ - 400 ppm R/H, SSC, B, SNC / ZNS, INRS NIOSH Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites |
| WEL-EH40 | UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND | Long Term: 266 mg/m ³ - 200 ppm; Short Term: 333 mg/m ³ - 250 ppm Sk Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) |
| NATIONAL | BELGIUM | Long Term: 266 mg/m ³ - 200 ppm; Short Term: 333 mg/m ³ - 250 ppm D Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1 |
| NATIONAL | CROATIA | Long Term: 260 mg/m ³ - 200 ppm koža Source: 2006/15/EZ |
| NATIONAL | CYPRUS | Long Term: 260 mg/m ³ - 200 ppm δέρμα Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021 |

| | | |
|----------|----------------|--|
| NATIONAL | GERMANY | Long Term: 130 mg/m3 - 100 ppm DFG, EU, H, Y, 2(II) Source: TRGS 900 |
| NATIONAL | IRELAND | Long Term: 260 mg/m3 - 200 ppm Sk, IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice |
| NATIONAL | ITALY | Long Term: 260 mg/m3 - 200 ppm Cute Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII |
| NATIONAL | LATVIA | Long Term: 260 mg/m3 - 200 ppm Āda Source: KN325P1 |
| NATIONAL | LUXEMBOUR G | Long Term: 260 mg/m3 - 200 ppm Peau Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021 |
| NATIONAL | MALTA | Long Term: 260 mg/m3 - 200 ppm skin Source: S.L.424.24 |
| NATIONAL | PORTUGAL | Long Term: 260 mg/m3 - 200 ppm Cutânea Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 |
| NATIONAL | ROMANIA | Long Term: 260 mg/m3 - 200 ppm P, Dir. 2006/15 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021 |
| NATIONAL | SLOVENIA | Long Term: 260 mg/m3 - 200 ppm; Short Term: 1040 mg/m3 - 800 ppm K, Y, BAT, EU2 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021 |
| NATIONAL | SPAIN | Long Term: 266 mg/m3 - 200 ppm via dérmica, VLB®, VLI, r Source: LEP 2022 |
| EU | | Long Term: 260 mg/m3 - 200 ppm (8h) Skin |

Biological limit values

methanol
CAS: 67-56-1

Biological Indicator: Methyl alcohol; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week
Value: 30 mg/L; Medium: Urine

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]
propane
CAS: 1675-54-3

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0.006 mg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 600 ng/L

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 0.996 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 0.099 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 0.196 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 10 mg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 0.018 mg/l

Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)] bis(oxirane) and 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)] bis(oxirane) and 2-({2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy}methyl)oxirane

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 3 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 25.4 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 300 ng/L

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 10 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 294 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 29.4 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 237 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 0.184 mg/l

Titanium dioxide
CAS: 13463-67-7

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 0.018 mg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 1 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 100 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 100 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 20.8 mg/l

methanol
CAS: 67-56-1

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 1540 mg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 2.08 mg/l

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 100 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 77 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 7.7 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 100 mg/kg

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

bis-[4-(2,3-
epoxipropoxy)phenyl]
propane
CAS: 1675-54-3

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 0.75 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 0.75 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 3.571 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 3.571 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 12.25 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 12.25 mg/m³

Reaction mass of 2,2'-
[methylenebis(2,1-
phenyleneoxymethylene)]
bis(oxirane) and 2,2'-
[methylenebis(4,1-
phenyleneoxymethylene)]
bis(oxirane) and 2-(2-
[4-(oxiran-2-
ylmethoxy)benzyl]
phenoxy}methyl)oxirane

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 29.39 mg/m³; Consumer: 8.7 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 104.15 mg/kg; Consumer: 62.5 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 6.25 mg/kg

Titanium dioxide
CAS: 13463-67-7

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 10 mg/m³

methanol
CAS: 67-56-1

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 130 mg/m³; Consumer: 26 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 130 mg/m³; Consumer: 26 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 130 mg/m³; Consumer: 26 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects
Worker Professional: 130 mg/m³; Consumer: 26 mg/m³

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 20 mg/kg; Consumer: 4 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Worker Professional: 20 mg/kg; Consumer: 4 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 4 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
Consumer: 4 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Eye glasses with side protection.(EN166)

Protection for skin:

Chemical protection clothing. Safety shoes.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves (EN 374, EN 16523-1:2015+A1:2018: Level 6):

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness $\geq 0,4\text{mm}$; breakthrough time $\geq 480\text{min}$.

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness $\geq 0,4\text{mm}$; breakthrough time $\geq 480\text{min}$.

Respiratory protection:

Respiratory protective equipment should be worn when there is a possibility that the exposure limit value will be exceeded. In the absence of exposure limit values, respiratory protective equipment should be worn when adverse effects occur, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort, or if indicated by the results of your risk assessment. Use the following CE-approved air-purifying respirator: A-type organic vapour cartridge (boiling point $>65^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Thermal Hazards:

Not expected if used as intended

Environmental exposure controls:

Prevent the product from entering sewers or surface and underground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Solid

Colour: Light grey

Odour: N.A.

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: Not Relevant

Kinematic viscosity: $\leq 20,5 \text{ mm}^2/\text{sec}$ (40°C)

Melting point/freezing point: N.A.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: $> 268^{\circ}\text{C}$ (514°F)

Flash point: $> 100^{\circ}\text{C}$ / 212°F

Lower and upper explosion limit: N.A.

Relative vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Density and/or relative density: 1.42 g/cm^3

Solubility in water: N.A.

Solubility in oil: N.A.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A.

Decomposition temperature: N.A.

Flammability: N.A.

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 0 % ; 0 g/l

Particle characteristics:

Particle size: N.A.

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Data not available.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| a) acute toxicity | Not classified |
| | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
| b) skin corrosion/irritation | The product is classified: Skin Irrit. 2(H315) |
| c) serious eye damage/irritation | The product is classified: Eye Irrit. 2(H319) |
| d) respiratory or skin sensitisation | The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1B(H317) |
| e) germ cell mutagenicity | Not classified |
| | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
| f) carcinogenicity | Not classified |
| | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
| g) reproductive toxicity | Not classified |
| | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
| h) STOT-single exposure | Not classified |
| | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
| i) STOT-repeated exposure | Not classified |
| | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
| j) aspiration hazard | Not classified |
| | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

| | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane | a) acute toxicity | LD50 Oral Rabbit = 19800 mg/kg | |
| | | LD50 Skin Rabbit > 20 mg/kg 24h | |
| | b) skin corrosion/irritation | Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive | epoxy resin with an average molecular mass <= 700 d irritate skin of rabbits |
| | c) serious eye damage/irritation | Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes | |
| | d) respiratory or skin sensitisation | Skin Sensitization Positive | Mouse |
| | f) carcinogenicity | Genotoxicity Negative | Mouse, oral |
| | | Carcinogenicity Oral Rat = 15 mg/kg | NOAEL |
| | | Carcinogenicity Skin Rat = 1 mg/kg | NOAEL |
| | g) reproductive toxicity | No Observed Effect Level Oral Rat = 750 mg/kg | |
| Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2-({2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy}methyl)oxirane | a) acute toxicity | LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg | |
| | | LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg 24h | |
| | b) skin corrosion/irritation | Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive 4h | |
| | c) serious eye damage/irritation | Eye Irritant Rabbit No | |
| | d) respiratory or skin sensitisation | Skin Sensitization Positive | Mouse |

| | | | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| | f) carcinogenicity | Genotoxicity Negative | Hamster oral route |
| | g) reproductive toxicity | No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 750 mg/kg | |
| Titanium dioxide | a) acute toxicity | LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation > 6.82 mg/l LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg | |
| | c) serious eye damage/irritation | Eye Corrosive Negative | |
| | | Eye Irritant No | |
| | d) respiratory or skin sensitisation | Skin Sensitization Negative | |
| | i) STOT-repeated exposure | No Observed Adverse Effect Level 1000 | |
| methanol | a) acute toxicity | LD50 Oral Rat >= 2528 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation = 43.68 mg/l 6h LD50 Skin Rabbit = 17100 mg/kg | Cat |
| | b) skin corrosion/irritation | Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative | |
| | c) serious eye damage/irritation | Eye Irritant Rabbit No | |
| | d) respiratory or skin sensitisation | Skin Sensitization Guinea pig Negative | |
| | f) carcinogenicity | Genotoxicity Negative Carcinogenicity Rat Negative | Mouse intraperitoneal route |
| | g) reproductive toxicity | Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral = 1000 mg/kg | Mouse |
| | | | |

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 2(H411)

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

| Component | Ident. Numb. | Ecotox Data |
|---|---|--|
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane | CAS: 1675-54-3 - EINECS: 216-823-5 - INDEX: 603-073-00-2 | a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> = 2 mg/L 96h a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 <i>Daphnia magna</i> = 1.8 mg/L 48h a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae <i>Scenedesmus capricornutum</i> = 11 mg/L 72h EPA-660/3-75-009 c) Bacteria toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge = 100 mg/L 3h |
| Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2-({2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy} | EINECS: 701-263-0 | a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish <i>Leuciscus idus</i> = 2.54 mg/L 96h |

methyl)oxirane

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 2.55 mg/L 48h

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.3 mg/L - 21days

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Selenastrum capricornutum = 1.8 mg/L 72h

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Sludge activated sludge = 100 mg/L 3h

Titanium dioxide

CAS: 13463-67-7 - EINECS: 236-675-5

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas (Cavedano americano) > 1000 mg/L 96h

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (alghe cloroficee) > 100 mg/L 72h

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Algae = 5600 mg/L

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia |Daphnia magna (Pulce d'acqua grande) > 100 mg/L 48h

methanol

CAS: 67-56-1 - EINECS: 200-659-6 - INDEX: 603-001-00-X

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Lepomis macrochirus = 15400 mg/L 96h

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish = 450 mg/L

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 22200 mg/L 48h

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia Daphnia magna = 208 mg/L

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Selenastrum capricornutum = 22000 mg/L 96h OECD 201 Guideline.

d) Terrestrial toxicity : NOEC Worm Eisenia andrei = 10000 mg/kg

d) Terrestrial toxicity : NOEC Folsomia candida = 1000 mg/kg OECD Guideline 232

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| Component | Persitence/Degradability: | Test | Value | Notes: |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------|--------|---|
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane | Non-readily biodegradable | Oxygen consumption | | OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test) |
| Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2-(2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl)oxirane | Non-readily biodegradable | | 16.000 | 28days |
| methanol | Readily biodegradable | | | |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

| Component | Bioaccumulation | Test | Value | Notes: |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------------|---------|--------|
| bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane | Bioaccumulative | BCF - Bioconcentration factor | 31.000 | |
| Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2-(2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl)oxirane | Bioaccumulative | BCF - Bioconcentration factor | 150.000 | |
| methanol | Not bioaccumulative | BCF - Bioconcentration factor | < 10 | |

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

The product disposed of as such, pursuant to Regulation (EU) 1357/2014, must be classified as hazardous waste

A waste code according to the European List of Wastes (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact an authorized waste disposal service.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous (Annex III, Directive 2008/98/EC):

N.A.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

3082

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane - Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2-(2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl)oxirane)

IATA-Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane - Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2-(2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl)oxirane)

IMDG-Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane - Reaction mass of 2,2'-[methylenebis(2,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2,2'-[methylenebis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis(oxirane) and 2-(2-[4-(oxiran-2-ylmethoxy)benzyl]phenoxy)methyl)oxirane)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: 9

IATA-Class: 9

IMDG-Class: 9

14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: III

IATA-Packing group: III

IMDG-Packing group: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Most important toxic component: bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane

Marine pollutant: Yes

Environmental Pollutant: Yes

IMDG-EMS: F-A, S-F

14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: 9

ADR - Hazard identification number: 90

ADR-Special Provisions: 274 335 375 601

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 3 (-)

ADR Limited Quantities: 5 kg

ADR Excepted Quantities: E1

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 956

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 956

IATA-Label: 9

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -

IATA-Erg: 9L

IATA-Special Provisions: A97 A158 A179 A197 A215

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage and handling: Category A SW23

IMDG-Segregation: -

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -

IMDG-Special Provisions: 274 335 966 967 969

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/707

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1434 (ATP 19 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1435 (ATP 20 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2024/197 (ATP 21 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (Detergents).

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: None.

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 40, 69, 75

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

| Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1 | Lower-tier threshold (tonnes) | Upper-tier threshold (tonnes) |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|

| | | |
|---------------------------------|-----|-----|
| Product belongs to category: E2 | 200 | 500 |
|---------------------------------|-----|-----|

Explosives precursors – Regulation 2019/1148

No substances listed

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

German Water Hazard Class.

3: Severe hazard to waters

German Lagerklasse according to TRGS 510:

LGK 11

SVHC Substances:

No SVHC substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

Substances for which a Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out:

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane

SECTION 16: Other information

| Code | Description |
|-------------|--|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled. |
| H370 | Causes damage to organs. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

| Code | Hazard class and hazard category | Description |
|--------------|---|--|
| 2.6/2 | Flam. Liq. 2 | Flammable liquid, Category 2 |
| 3.1/3/Dermal | Acute Tox. 3 | Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 3 |
| 3.1/3/Inhal | Acute Tox. 3 | Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 3 |
| 3.1/3/Oral | Acute Tox. 3 | Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3 |
| 3.2/2 | Skin Irrit. 2 | Skin irritation, Category 2 |
| 3.3/2 | Eye Irrit. 2 | Eye irritation, Category 2 |
| 3.4.2/1 | Skin Sens. 1 | Skin Sensitisation, Category 1 |
| 3.4.2/1B | Skin Sens. 1B | Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B |
| 3.8/1 | STOT SE 1 | Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 1 |
| 4.1/C2 | Aquatic Chronic 2 | Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2 |

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008 Classification procedure

| | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | Calculation method |
| Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | Calculation method |
| Skin Sens. 1B, H317 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | Calculation method |

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive
 DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive
 EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration
 ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
 EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
 ES: Exposure Scenario
 GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
 GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
 IATA: International Air Transport Association.
 IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
 IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
 ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
 IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
 INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
 IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care
 KAFH: Keep Away From Heat
 KSt: Explosion coefficient.
 LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
 LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
 LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
 N.A.: Not Applicable
 N/A: Not Applicable
 N/D: Not defined/ Not available
 NA: Not available
 NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
 NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
 OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
 PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
 PGK: Packaging Instruction
 PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
 PSG: Passengers
 RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
 STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
 STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
 TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
 TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
 vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
 WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information

Exposure Scenario

bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane

Exposure Scenario, 07/06/2021

| Substance identity | |
|---------------------|---|
| | bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxy)phenyl]propane |
| CAS No. | 1675-54-3 |
| INDEX No. | 603-073-00-2 |
| EINECS No. | 216-823-5 |
| Registration number | 01-2119456619-26 |

Table of contents

1. **ES 1** Widespread use by professional workers; ESC2_0000001

| | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| 1. ES 1 | | Widespread use by professional workers; ESC2_0000001 | |
| 1.1 TITLE SECTION | | | |
| Exposure Scenario name | Professional application of coatings and inks - Etching agent - Resins (prepolymers) - Adhesion promotor | | |
| Date - Version | 27/05/2021 - 1.0 | | |
| Life Cycle Stage | Widespread use by professional workers | | |
| Main user group | Professional uses | | |
| Sector(s) of use | Professional uses (SU22) | | |
| Product Categories | ESC2_0000001 | | |
| Article Category(ies) | Other articles made of stone, plaster, cement, glass or ceramic (AC4g) | | |
| Environment Contributing Scenario | | | |
| CS1 | ERC8c - ERC8f | | |
| Worker Contributing Scenario | | | |
| CS2 Material transfers | PROC8a | | |
| CS3 Rolling, Brushing | PROC10 | | |
| CS4 Roller, spreader, flow application | PROC11 | | |
| CS5 Mixing operations - Manual | PROC19 | | |
| 1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure | | | |
| 1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8c, ERC8f) | | | |
| Environmental release categories | Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (indoor) - Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (outdoor) (ERC8c, ERC8f) | | |
| <i>Product (article) characteristics</i> | | | |
| Physical form of product: Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP | | | |
| Concentration of substance in product: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %. | | | |
| <i>Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)</i> | | | |
| Amounts used: Daily amount per site = 175 kg/day | | | |
| Release type: Continuous release | | | |
| Emission days: 365 days per year | | | |
| <i>Technical and organisational conditions and measures</i> | | | |
| Control measures to prevent releases Provide onsite wastewater removal efficiency of ³ (%): | | | |
| <i>Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant</i> | | | |
| STP type: Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant | | | |
| STP effluent (m³/day): 2 | | | |
| <i>Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)</i> | | | |
| Waste treatment Dispose of waste cans and containers according to local regulations. | | | |
| <i>Other conditions affecting environmental exposure</i> | | | |

Local marine water dilution factor: 100
Local freshwater dilution factor: 10
Receiving surface water flow: 18000 m³/day
Covers indoor and outdoor use

1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Process Categories | Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a) |
|---------------------------|--|

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

1.2. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Process Categories | Roller application or brushing (PROC10) |
|---------------------------|---|

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

1.2. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

| | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Process Categories | Non industrial spraying (PROC11) |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure**Duration:**

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

Technical and organisational conditions and measures**Technical and organisational measures**

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation**Personal protection**

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.

Wear suitable face shield.

Wear an impervious suit.

Wear a respirator conforming to EN140.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

1.2. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Manual (PROC19)**Process Categories**

Manual activities involving hand contact (PROC19)

Product (article) characteristics**Physical form of product:**

Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure**Duration:**

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

Technical and organisational conditions and measures**Technical and organisational measures**

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour per day.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation**Personal protection**

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source**1.3. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8c, ERC8f)**

| protection target | Exposure level | Calculation method | Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) |
|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| freshwater | = 0.0022 mg/L | EUSES | = 0.00022 |
| marine sediment | = 0.00127 mg/L | EUSES | = 0.0128 |
| freshwater sediment | = 0.012 mg/L | EUSES | = 0.0369 |
| marine water | = 2.34E-05 mg/L | EUSES | = 0.029 |
| soil | = 0.00142 mg/kg dry weight | EUSES | = 0.00722 |

1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

| Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator | Exposure level | Calculation method | Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| inhalative, systemic, long-term | = 0.84 mg/m ³ | ECETOC TRA worker v2.0 | 0.07 |
| dermal, systemic, long-term | = 0.2742 mg/kg bw/day | ECETOC TRA worker v2.0 | = 0.03 |

1.3. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

| Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator | Exposure level | Calculation method | Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| inhalative, systemic, long-term | = 5E-07 mg/m ³ | ECETOC TRA worker v2.0 | < 0.001 |
| dermal, systemic, long-term | = 2.743 mg/kg bw/day | ECETOC TRA worker v2.0 | = 0.33 |

1.3. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

| Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator | Exposure level | Calculation method | Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| inhalative, systemic, long-term | = 0.36 mg/m ³ | ECETOC TRA worker v2.0 | 0.03 |
| dermal, systemic, long-term | = 2.68 mg/kg bw/day | ECETOC TRA worker v2.0 | = 0.32 |

1.3. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Manual (PROC19)

| Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator | Exposure level | Calculation method | Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR) |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| inhalative, systemic, long-term | = 2E-07 mg/m ³ | ECETOC TRA worker v2.0 | < 0.001 |
| dermal, systemic, long-term | = 1.414 mg/kg bw/day | ECETOC TRA worker v3 | < 0.42 |
| combined routes, systemic, long-term | N/A | ECETOC TRA worker v3 | = 0.42 |

1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.