

## Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

### CARE PRO

Date of first edition: 3/22/2022

Safety Data Sheet dated 26/03/2026

version 6

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: CARE PRO

Trade code: S100B0090 23

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Floor care products e.g. waxes, emulsions

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: KERAKOLL S.p.A.

Via dell'Artigianato, 9

41049 Sassuolo (MODENA) - ITALY

Tel.+39 0536 816511 Fax. +39 0536816581

safety@kerakoll.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency phone number 112

Ireland Emergency medical information: (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.

Members of the public Number (8 am-10 pm): +353 (0)1 809 2166

Healthcare professional telephone Number (24hrs): +353 (0)1 809 2566

Malta In case of emergency call: +356 2395 2000 (24h)

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## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Aquatic Chronic 3 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Hazard statements

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

#### Special Provisions:

EUH208 Contains Tetraamminezinc(2+) carbonate. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains Resin acids and Rosin acids, fumarated, esters with pentaerythritol. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains 2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

### 2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq$  0.1%

Other Hazards: No other hazards

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

N.A.

### 3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: CARE PRO

#### Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number	Material Properties
≥0.5-<1 %	Tetraamminezinc(2+) carbonate	CAS:38714-47-5 EC:254-099-2	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	01-2120760626-49	
≥0.3-<0.5 %	ethanediol; ethylene glycol	CAS:107-21-1 EC:203-473-3 Index:603-027-00-1	Acute Tox. 4, H302; STOT RE 2, H373	01-2119456816-28	
≥0.20-<0.25 %	Resin acids and Rosin acids, fumarated, esters with pentaerythritol	CAS:94581-15-4 EC:305-514-1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	01-2119485895-17	
<0.036 %	2-ethoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monoethyl ether	CAS:110-80-5 EC:203-804-1 Index:603-012-00-X	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Repr. 1B, H360FD; Acute Tox. 3, H331; Acute Tox. 4, H302		SVHC
<0.0015 %	reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS:55965-84-9 Index:613-167-00-5	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 2, H310; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100, EUH071		
			Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0.6%: Skin Corr. 1C H314 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 C ≥ 0.6%: Eye Dam. 1 H318 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 C ≥ 0.0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317		
<0.0015 %	2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	CAS:2682-20-4 EC:220-239-6 Index:613-326-00-9	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:1, M-Acute:10, EUH071		
			Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0.0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317		
<0.0015 %	DIPHENYL ETHER	CAS:101-84-8 EC:202-981-2	Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	01-2119472545-33	

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Wash with plenty of water and soap.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

N.A.

#### **4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

N.A.

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### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **5.1. Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

#### **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

#### **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

##### **For non emergency personnel:**

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

##### **For emergency responders:**

Wear personal protection equipment.

#### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

#### **6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

#### **6.4. Reference to other sections**

See also section 8 and 13

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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### **7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

##### **Advice on general occupational hygiene:**

#### **7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

#### **7.3. Specific end use(s)**

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **8.1. Control parameters**

**Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)**

	<b>OEL Type</b>	<b>Country</b>	<b>Occupational Exposure Limit</b>
ethanediol; ethylene glycol CAS: 107-21-1	ACGIH		Short Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> I, H, A4 - URT irr
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: Ceiling - 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm 5(Mow), 8x, MAK, H Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm Кожа Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: Ceiling - 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> D Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm EH Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm A, 18 Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm iho Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm Risque de pénétration percutanée Source: INRS outil65, arrêté du 30-06-2004 modifié
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> b, i, EU1, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm O, Sis RD taikomas bendrai garų ir aerolio koncentracijai. Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> H Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
	NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> H Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm H E 5 S Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm K Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm H, 26 Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA	SWITZERLAN D	Long Term: 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm R/H, SSC, VRS Yeux / OAW Auge, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites

WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sk Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm Sk Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm D, M Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm δέρμα Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm DFG, EU, H, Y, 11, 2(I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm Sk, IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm Cute Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm Āda Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LUXEMBOURG	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm Peau Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm skin Source: S.L.424.24
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm Cutânea Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm P, Dir. 2000/39 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm K, Y, EU1 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm vía dérmica, VLI Source: LEP 2022
EU		Long Term: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm (8h); Short Term: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm Skin
2-amino-2-methylpropanol CAS: 124-68-5	NATIONAL	DENMARK Long Term: 3 ppm Source: At-vejledning C.0.1-1
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 8.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2.4 ppm; Short Term: 17.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 4.8 ppm R/H, SSC, Foie / Leber, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 3.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm DFG, H, Y, 11, 2(II) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 3.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 7.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm K, Y

2-diethylaminoethanol; N,N-  
diethylethanolamine  
CAS: 100-37-8

Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021

Long Term: 2 ppm (8h)  
Skin - URT irr, CNS convul

NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 24 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 5 ppm; Short Term: Ceiling - 24 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 5 ppm Mow, MAK, H Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: Ceiling - 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> D, I Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 9.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm H Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Short Term: 49 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm Source: INRS outil65
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm Δ Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm O Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm H Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 13 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup> skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 24 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 5 ppm K Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm H, V Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm R/H, VR SNC / AW ZNS, NIOSH OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 9.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm D Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 24 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 5 ppm DFG, H, Y, 1(I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 2 ppm Sk Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 6 ppm; Short Term: 45 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 9 ppm P Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 24 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 5 ppm; Short Term: 24 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 5 ppm K, Y Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 9.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm via dérmica

		Source: LEP 2022
sodium hydroxide; caustic soda CAS: 1310-73-2	ACGIH	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> URT, eye, and skin irr
	NATIONAL ROMANIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	NATIONAL AUSTRIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: Ceiling - 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 5(Mow), 8x, MAK, E Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL BULGARIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL CZECHIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> I Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL DENMARK	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> L Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL ESTONIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> * Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL FINLAND	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> kattoarvo Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL FRANCE	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL GREECE	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
	NATIONAL HUNGARY	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> m, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL LATVIA	Long Term: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL LITHUANIA	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Ū Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL NORWAY	Short Term: Ceiling - 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> T Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL POLAND	Long Term: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	NATIONAL SWEDEN	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA mg/m <sup>3</sup> : (i), SSC, VRS Peau Yeux / OAW Haut Auge, NIOSH OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL BELGIUM	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> M Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL CROATIA	Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL IRELAND	Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL SPAIN	Short Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: LEP 2022
2-ethoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monoethyl ether	ACGIH	Long Term: 5 ppm (8h) Skin, BEI - Male repro and embryo/fetal dam

NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm; Short Term: 32 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 8 ppm 15(Miw), 4x, MAK, F, D, H Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Кожа Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm δέρμα Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: Ceiling - 16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> D, T, B Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm EH Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm A, R Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 7.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm iho Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Δ Source: ΦΕΚ 19/Α` 9.2.2012
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> b, i, EU3, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Āda Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm; Short Term: 40 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm R O, Atsižvelgiant į reprodukcijos sutrikimo ir prasisverbimo per odą tiek skysčio, tiek garų pavaldulų riziką, svarbu vengti sąlyčio su oda. Kelių tirpiklių poveikio atveju etilenglikolio esterių ir kitų tirpiklių higieninis efektas skaičiuojamas pagal pavyzdį, pateiktą 2 priede. Galima nepaisyti etilenglikolio esterių įtakos kitiems, ne reprodukcijos, sutrikimams. Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> H Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm H R E Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Cutânea Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm K, 7) Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm H, R, 27 Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAN D	Long Term: 7.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm; Short Term: 60 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 16 ppm R/H, R1BD, R1BF, SSB, B, ReproM / ReproM, HSE NIOSH OSHA

Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites

WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Sk Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm D Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm koža, Repr 1B Source: 2009/161/EU
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 7.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm EU, DFG, H, Z, 8 (II) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Repr 1B, Sk, IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Cute Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LUXEMBOURG	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Peau Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm skin Source: S.L.424.24
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm P, R1B, Dir. 2009/161 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm; Short Term: 64 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 16 ppm K, BAT, EU3, RD1B, RF1B Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm vía dérmica, TR1B, VLB®, VLI, r Source: LEP 2022
EU		Long Term: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm (8h) Skin
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	NATIONAL	GERMANY Long Term: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> DFG; Long term and short term: inhalable fraction Source: TRGS900
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA Long Term: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> MAK, Sh Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND Long Term: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA mg/m <sup>3</sup> : (i), S, SSC, VRS Peau Yeux / OAW Haut Auge Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS: 2682-20-4	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA Long Term: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h)
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA Long Term: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> MAK, Sh Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
Bornan-2-one CAS: 76-22-2	ACGIH	Long Term: 2 ppm (8h); Short Term: 3 ppm A4 - Eye and URT irr, anosmia
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM Long Term: 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm; Short Term: 19 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 3 ppm Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA Long Term: 13 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm; Short Term: 19 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 3 ppm

Source: NN 1/2021

NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm; Short Term: 18 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 3 ppm Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 6 ppm; Short Term: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 18 ppm Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 13 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm; Short Term: 19 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 3 ppm Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 13 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm MAK Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 18 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 1.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.3 ppm; Short Term: 5.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.9 ppm Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: INRS outil65
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 18 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 18 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 13 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm; Short Term: 26 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 4 ppm Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 13 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm VRS Yeux / OAW Auge, NIOSH, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
DIPHENYL ETHER CAS: 101-84-8	ACGIH	Long Term: 1 ppm (8h); Short Term: 2 ppm V - URT and eye irr, nausea
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: 2017/164/EU
	NATIONAL	CYPRUS Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
	NATIONAL	GERMANY Long Term: 7.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm DFG, Y, 11, 1(I) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	GREECE Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: Π.Δ. 82/2018 (ΦΕΚ 152/Α` 21.8.2018)
	NATIONAL	IRELAND Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	ITALY Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
	NATIONAL	LATVIA Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	LUXEMBOURG Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm G Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021

NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: S.L.424.24
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Dir. 2017/164 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Y, EU4 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 7.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm VLI Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm 15(Miw), 4x, MAK Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: Ceiling - 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm E Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: INRS outil65, arrêté du 30-06-2004 modifié
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> EU4, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm E S Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAN D	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm R2D, R2F, SSC, VRS Yeux / OAW Auge, NIOSH, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm; Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU		Long Term: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 ppm (8h); Short Term: 14 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 2 ppm
MUSK KETONE; 3,5-DINITRO-2,6-DIMETHYL-4-TERT-BUTYLACETOPHENONE; 4'-TERT-BUTYL-2',6'-DIMETHYL-3',5'-	NATIONAL AUSTRIA	III B Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021

DINITROACETOPHENONE  
CAS: 81-14-1

(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene CAS: 5989-27-5	NATIONAL FINLAND	Long Term: 140 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 25 ppm; Short Term: 280 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL NORWAY	Long Term: 140 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 25 ppm A Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	SUVA SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 40 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 7 ppm; Short Term: 80 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 14 ppm S, SSC, Foie / Leber Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL GERMANY	Long Term: 28 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 5 ppm DFG, H, Sh, Y, 4(II) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL SLOVENIA	Long Term: 28 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 5 ppm; Short Term: 112 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm K, Y Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
	NATIONAL SPAIN	Long Term: 168 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 30 ppm Sen, vía dérmica Source: LEP 2022

### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

ethanediol; ethylene glycol  
CAS: 107-21-1

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 10 mg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 10 mg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 1 mg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 10 mg/l

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 199.5 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 37 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 3.7 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 1.53 mg/kg

Resin acids and Rosin acids, fumarated, esters with pentaerythritol  
CAS: 94581-15-4

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 100 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 1 mg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 10 µg/l

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 1.26 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 2317.75 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 231.775 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 462.06 mg/kg

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)  
CAS: 55965-84-9

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 230 µg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 10 µg/l

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one  
CAS: 2682-20-4

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 230 µg/l

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 47.1 µg/kg

### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

ethanediol; ethylene glycol  
CAS: 107-21-1

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 35 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 7 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 106 mg/kg; Consumer: 53 mg/kg

Resin acids and Rosin acids, fumarated, esters with pentaerythritol  
CAS: 94581-15-4

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 2.09 mg/kg; Consumer: 1.046 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 1.046 mg/kg

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)  
CAS: 55965-84-9

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 20 µg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 20 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 40 µg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 20 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 90 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 110 µg/kg

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one  
CAS: 2682-20-4

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 21 µg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 21 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 43 µg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 43 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 27 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 53 µg/kg

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Not needed for normal use. Anyway, operate according good working practices.

Protection for skin:

No special precaution must be adopted for normal use.

Protection for hands:

Not needed for normal use.

Respiratory protection:

N.A.

Thermal Hazards:

Not expected if used as intended

Environmental exposure controls:

Prevent the product from entering sewers or surface and underground water.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Colour: Whitish

Odour: Characteristic

Odour threshold: N.A. ( Data not available )

pH: N.A.

Kinematic viscosity: N.A. ( Not determined, as it is not required for CLP classification )

Melting point/freezing point: N.A.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: 100 °C (212 °F)

Flash point: > 60°C / 93°C

Lower and upper explosion limit: N.A.

Relative vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Density and/or relative density: 1.04 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility in water: Miscible

Solubility in oil: N.A. ( Not determined, as it is not required for CLP classification )

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): N.A. ( Not applicable to mixtures )

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A. ( Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable )

Decomposition temperature: N.A. ( Not applicable, as the mixture is not self-reactive )

Flammability: ; Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 0.81 % ; 8.37 g/l

**Particle characteristics:**

Particle size: N.A.

**9.2. Other information**

No other relevant information

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**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1. Reactivity**

Stable under normal conditions

**10.2. Chemical stability**

Data not available.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

None.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Stable under normal conditions.

**10.5. Incompatible materials**

None in particular.

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

None.

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**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

**Toxicological Information of the Preparation**

a) acute toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:**

ethanediol; ethylene glycol      a) acute toxicity      LD50 Oral Rat = 7712 mg/kg

		LC50 Inhalation of aerosol Rat > 2.5 mg/l 6h	
		LD50 Skin Mouse > 3500 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit No 24h	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guinea-pig Negative	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative	Oral route
		Carcinogenicity Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat > 1000 mg/kg	
Resin acids and Rosin acids, fumarated, esters with pentaerythritol	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral > 2000 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes 24h	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Positive	Mouse
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 7500 ppm	
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 69 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 141 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Rat = 0.33 mg/l 4h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Rabbit Positive	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Positive	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	
		Carcinogenicity Skin Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 22.7 mg/kg	
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	a) acute toxicity	LC50 Inhalation of aerosol Rat = 0.1 mg/l 4h	
		LD50 Oral Rat = 120 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rat = 242 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Corrosive Rabbit Positive 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Rabbit Positive	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guinea-pig Positive	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative	Oral route
		Carcinogenicity Oral Rat Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity Oral Rat = 200 Ppm	NOAEL

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

### Endocrine disrupting properties:

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 3(H412)

#### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
ethanediol; ethylene glycol	CAS: 107-21-1 - EINECS: 203- 473-3 - INDEX: 603-027-00-1	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas = 72860 mg/L 96h  b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish = 15380 mg/L - 7 days b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Ceriodaphnia dubia = 8590 mg/L - 7days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Algae Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata = 100 mg/L 72h OECD guideline 201
Resin acids and Rosin acids, fumarated, esters with pentaerythritol	CAS: 94581-15- 4 - EINECS: 305-514-1	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EL50 Daphnia Daphnia magna > 100 mg/L  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EL50 Algae > 100 mg/L OECD 201
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS: 55965-84- 9 - INDEX: 613- 167-00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 0.19 mg/L 96h EPA OPP 72-1 (Fish Acute Toxicity Test)  b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Danio rerio = 0.02 mg/L „OECD Guideline 210 (Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test) - 35days  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.16 mg/L 48h EPA OPP 72-2 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test)  b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.1 mg/L EPA OPP 72-4 (Fish Early Life-Stage and Aquatic Invertebrate Life-Cycle Studies) - 21days  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Skeletonema costatum = 0 mg/L 96h „OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge = 4.5 mg/L 3h „OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)  d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Worm Eisenia fetida = 613 mg/kg „OECD Guideline 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests) - 14days  e) Plant toxicity : NOEC Trifolium pratense, Oryza sativa, Brassica napus = 1000 mg/L OECD Guideline 208 (Terrestrial Plants Test: Seedling Emergence and Seedling Growth Test) - 21days
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	CAS: 2682-20-4 - EINECS: 220- 239-6 - INDEX: 613-326-00-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 4.77 mg/L 96h „OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)  b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 4.93 mg/L Dossier ECHA  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.93 mg/L 48h OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)  b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC10 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.04 mg/L OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test) - Duration 21d  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Selenastrum capricornutum = 0.1 mg/L 72h Dossier ECHA  a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage = 41 mg/L 3h „OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence/Degradability:	Test	Value	Notes:
ethanediol; ethylene glycol	Readily biodegradable	Dissolved organic carbon	90.000	10days
Resin acids and Rosin acids, fumarated, esters with pentaerythritol	Non-readily biodegradable			
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Non-readily biodegradable			
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Non-readily biodegradable	CO2 production		OECD Guideline 301 B (Ready Biodegradability: CO2 Evolution Test)

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulation	Test	Value	Notes:
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	54.000	≤ 54
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	5.750	carcass
	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	48.100	viscera

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

The product disposed of as such, pursuant to Regulation (EU) 1357/2014, must be classified as hazardous waste

A waste code according to the European List of Wastes (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact an authorized waste disposal service.

### Properties of waste which render it hazardous (Annex III, Directive 2008/98/EC):

N.A.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

N/A

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: N/A

IATA-Shipping Name: N/A

IMDG-Shipping Name: N/A

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: N/A

IATA-Class: N/A

IMDG-Class: N/A

### 14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: N/A

IATA-Packing group: N/A

IMDG-Packing group: N/A

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: No

IMDG-EMS: N/A

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: N/A

ADR - Hazard identification number: N/A

ADR-Special Provisions: N/A

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): N/A

ADR Limited Quantities: N/A

ADR Excepted Quantities: N/A

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Label: N/A

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IATA-Erg: N/A

IATA-Special Provisions: N/A

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage and handling: N/A

IMDG-Segregation: N/A

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IMDG-Special Provisions: N/A

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

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### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/707

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1434 (ATP 19 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1435 (ATP 20 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2024/197 (ATP 21 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (Detergents).

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 28, 30, 40, 75

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

None

#### Explosives precursors – Regulation 2019/1148

No substances listed

#### Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

#### German Water Hazard Class.

3: Severe hazard to waters

#### German Lagerklasse according to TRGS 510:

LGK 10

SVHC Substances:

#### Substances in candidate list (Art. 59 Reg. 1907/2006, REACH):

Component	Ident. Numb.	Quantity	Material Properties
2-ethoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monoethyl ether	CAS: 110-80-5  EINECS: 203-804-1 Index: 603-012-00-X	<0.036 %	SVHC  Repr. Cat. 3.7/1B;

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

#### Substances for which a Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out:

ethanediol; ethylene glycol

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### SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
2.6/3	Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, Category 3
3.1/3/Inhal	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 3
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
3.4.2/1	Skin Sens. 1	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1
3.7/1B	Repr. 1B	Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B
3.9/2	STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 2
4.1/A1	Aquatic Acute 1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C1	Aquatic Chronic 1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C2	Aquatic Chronic 2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2
4.1/C3	Aquatic Chronic 3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3
4.1/C4	Aquatic Chronic 4	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 4

#### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

**[CLP]:**

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008**      **Classification procedure**

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care

KAFH: Keep Away From Heat

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

LDLo: Leathal Dose Low

N.A.: Not Applicable

N/A: Not Applicable

N/D: Not defined/ Not available

NA: Not available

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PGK: Packaging Instruction

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

PSG: Passengers

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.

TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).

vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.

WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

**Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:**

- SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information



# Exposure Scenario

## Ethane-1,2-diol

### Exposure Scenario, 09/08/2021

Substance identity	
	Ethane-1,2-diol
<b>CAS No.</b>	107-21-1
<b>INDEX No.</b>	603-027-00-1
<b>EINECS No.</b>	203-473-3
<b>Registration number</b>	01-2119456816-28

### Table of contents

1. **ES 1** Widespread use by professional workers; Various products (PC9a, PC9b)

# 1. ES 1 Widespread use by professional workers; Various products (PC9a, PC9b)

## 1.1 TITLE SECTION

<b>Exposure Scenario name</b>	Use in coatings - Use in rigid foams, coatings, adhesives and sealants
<b>Date - Version</b>	09/08/2021 - 1.0
<b>Life Cycle Stage</b>	Widespread use by professional workers
<b>Main user group</b>	Professional uses
<b>Sector(s) of use</b>	Professional uses (SU22)
<b>Product Categories</b>	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a) - Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay (PC9b)

### Environment Contributing Scenario

<b>CS1</b>	ERC8d
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### Worker Contributing Scenario

<b>CS2 Material transfers</b>	PROC8a
<b>CS3 Rolling, Brushing</b>	PROC10
<b>CS4 Roller, spreader, flow application</b>	PROC11
<b>CS5 Handling and dilution of concentrates</b>	PROC19

## 1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8d)

<b>Environmental release categories</b>	Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor) (ERC8d)
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#### *Product (article) characteristics*

#### **Physical form of product:**

Liquid

#### **Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

#### *Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)*

#### **Amounts used:**

Daily amount per site = 5479 kg

**Release type:** Continuous release

**Emission days:** 365 days per year

#### *Technical and organisational conditions and measures*

#### **Control measures to prevent releases**

Municipal sewage treatment plant is assumed.	Air - minimum efficiency of: = 95 % Water - minimum efficiency of: = 87 %
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#### *Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)*

#### **Waste treatment**

Contain and dispose of waste according to local regulations.

#### *Other conditions affecting environmental exposure*

Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Local freshwater dilution factor: 10

## 1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

### Process Categories

Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)

### Product (article) characteristics

#### Physical form of product:

Liquid

#### Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

### Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

#### Duration:

Exposure duration < 8 h

#### Frequency:

Use frequency < 240 days per year

### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

#### Technical and organisational measures

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed.

Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 80 %

### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

#### Personal protection

Wear suitable respiratory protection.

#### Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use

Professional use

**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

#### Body parts exposed:

Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

## 1.2. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

### Process Categories

Roller application or brushing (PROC10)

### Product (article) characteristics

#### Physical form of product:

Liquid

#### Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

### Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

#### Duration:

Exposure duration < 8 h

#### Frequency:

Use frequency < 240 days per year

### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

#### Technical and organisational measures

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and

Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 80 %

operation conditions followed.	
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### *Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

#### **Personal protection**

Wear suitable respiratory protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 %
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### *Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Indoor use  
Professional use  
**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.  
**Body parts exposed:**  
Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

### **1.2. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)**

<b>Process Categories</b>	Non industrial spraying (PROC11)
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### *Product (article) characteristics*

#### **Physical form of product:**

Liquid

#### **Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

### *Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*

#### **Amounts used:**

Application rate 0.05 L/min

#### **Duration:**

Exposure duration < 150 min

#### **Frequency:**

Use frequency < 5 days per week

### *Technical and organisational conditions and measures*

#### **Technical and organisational measures**

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).  
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.  
Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed.

### *Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

#### **Personal protection**

Wear suitable respiratory protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 80 % Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 40 %
--	--

### *Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Indoor use  
Professional use  
**Room size:** Covers use in room size of < 1000 m<sup>3</sup>  
**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.  
**Body parts exposed:**  
Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands and forearms.

### **1.2. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Handling and dilution of concentrates (PROC19)**

<b>Process Categories</b>	Manual activities involving hand contact (PROC19)
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## Product (article) characteristics

### Physical form of product:

Liquid

### Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

## Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

### Duration:

Exposure duration < 15 min

### Frequency:

Use frequency < 240 days per year

## Technical and organisational conditions and measures

### Technical and organisational measures

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed.

Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 80 %

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

### Personal protection

Wear suitable respiratory protection.

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.

Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 %

## Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use

Professional use

**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

### Body parts exposed:

Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

## 1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### 1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, long-term	= 12.94 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.37
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 13.71 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.01

### 1.3. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, long-term	= 12.94 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.37
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 2.74 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.03

### 1.3. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, long-term	= 14.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.4
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 53.75 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.51

### 1.3. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Handling and dilution of concentrates (PROC19)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, long-term	= 6.47 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.18
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 14.14 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.13

## 1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

### Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.