Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

AQUA-PUR BASIC RAPID

Date of first edition: 10/27/2022

Safety Data Sheet dated 06/02/2026

version 3

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: AQUA-PUR BASIC RAPID

Trade code: S100B0304 33

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Other paints and coating materials

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: KERAKOLL S.p.A.

Via dell'Artigianato, 9

41049 Sassuolo (MODENA) - ITALY

Tel.+39 0536 816511 Fax. +39 0536816581

safety@kerakoll.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency phone number 112

Ireland Emergency medical information: (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.

Members of the public Number (8 am-10 pm): +353 (0)1 809 2166

Healthcare professional telephone Number (24hrs): +353 (0)1 809 2566

Malta In case of emergency call: +356 2395 2000 (24h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).

Special Provisions:

EUH208 Contains reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

Interior/exterior trim varnishes and woodstains, including opaque woodstains

EU limit value for this product (cat. A/e): 130 g/l

This product contains max 80.84 g/l VOC.

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Other Hazards: No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: AQUA-PUR BASIC RAPID

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥3-<5 %	2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve	CAS:111-76-2 EC:203-905-0 Index:603-014-00-0	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Acute Tox. 3, H331 Acute Toxicity Estimate : ATE - Oral : 1200 mg/kg bw ATE - Inhalation (Vapours) : 3 mg/l	01-2119475108-36
≥3-<5 %	3-butoxypropan-2-ol; propylene glycol monobutyl ether	CAS:5131-66-8 EC:225-878-4 Index:603-052-00-8	Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Irrit. 2, H315	01-2119475527-28
<0.0015 %	reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS:55965-84-9 Index:613-167-00-5	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 2, H310; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100, EUH071 Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0.6%: Skin Corr. 1C H314 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 C ≥ 0.6%: Eye Dam. 1 H318 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 C ≥ 0.0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Wash with plenty of water and soap.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

N.A.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

N.A.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO_2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel:

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

Wear personal protection equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve CAS: 111-76-2	ACGIH		Long Term: 20 ppm (8h) A3, BEI - Eye and URT irr
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 200 mg/m3 - 40 ppm 30(Miw), 4x, MAK, H Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Кожа Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 100 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 200 mg/m3 D, I, B Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm EH Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm A, S

		Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 250 mg/m3 - 50 ppm iho Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 49 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Risque de pénétration percutanée Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 120 mg/m3 Δ Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 98 mg/m3; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 b, i, EU1, T Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 50 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 100 mg/m3 - 20 ppm O Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	Long Term: 100 mg/m3; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 H Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 50 mg/m3 - 10 ppm H E Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 98 mg/m3; Short Term: 200 mg/m3 skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm K Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 50 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm H Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 49 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm R/H, SSC, B, VRS Yeux / OAW Auge, INRS HSE NIOSH Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 123 mg/m3 - 25 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Sk, BMGV Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm D Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm kože Source: 2000/39/EZ
NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm δέρμα Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 49 mg/m3 - 10 ppm EU, DFG; H, Y, 2(I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Sk, IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Cute Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Āda

			Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	LUXEMBOURG	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Peau Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
	NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm skin Source: S.L.424.24
	NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Cutânea Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
	NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm P, Dir. 2000/39 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm K, Y, BAT, EU1 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 245 mg/m3 - 50 ppm vía dérmica VLI, VLB® Source: LEP 2022
	EU		Long Term: 98 mg/m3 - 20 ppm (8h); Short Term: 246 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Skin
3-butoxypropan-2-ol; propylene glycol monobutyl ether CAS: 5131-66-8	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 270 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 550 mg/m3 D, I Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 100 ppm Source: At-vejledning C.0.1-1
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether CAS: 112-34-5	ACGIH		Long Term: 10 ppm (8h) IFV - Hematologic, liver and kidney eff
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm 15(Miw), 4x, MAK Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 70 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 100 mg/m3 I Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 68 mg/m3 - 10 ppm E Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 68 mg/m3 - 10 ppm Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: INRS outil65, arrêté du 30-06-2004 modifié
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 EU2, T Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 100 mg/m3 - 15 ppm; Short Term: 200 mg/m3 - 30 ppm Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	Long Term: 50 mg/m3; Short Term: 100 mg/m3 H Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 68 mg/m3 - 10 ppm E Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 67 mg/m3; Short Term: 100 mg/m3 Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286

	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 68 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 67 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101 mg/m3 - 15 ppm SSC, Rein Sang Foie / Niere Blut Leber, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: 2006/15/EZ
	NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 67 mg/m3 - 10 ppm EU, DFG, Y, 11, 1, 5 (I) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: ΦΕΚ 202/Α` 23.8.2007
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 12 ppm IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	LUXEMBOURG	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
	NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: S.L.424.24
	NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
	NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Dir. 2006/15 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Y, EU2 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm VLI, r Source: LEP 2022
	EU		Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm (8h); Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol CAS: 34590-94-8	ACGIH		Long Term: 50 ppm (8h) Liver & CNS eff
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm D Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm koža Source: 2000/39/EZ

NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm δέρμα Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 310 mg/m3 - 50 ppm DFG, EU, 11, 1(I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Sk, IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Cute Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Āda Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LUXEMBOURG	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Peau Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm skin Source: S.L.424.24
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Cutânea Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm P, Dir. 2000/39 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm K, EU1 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm vía dérmica, VLI Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 307 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: Ceiling - 614 mg/m3 - 100 ppm 5(Mow), 8x, MAK, H Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Кожа Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 270 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 550 mg/m3 D Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 309 mg/m3 - 50 ppm EH Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm A Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 310 mg/m3 - 50 ppm iho Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Risque de pénétration percutanée Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 600 mg/m3 - 100 ppm; Short Term: 900 mg/m3 - 150 ppm Δ Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 EU1, R Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet

	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 450 mg/m3 - 75 ppm O Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm H E Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 240 mg/m3; Short Term: 480 mg/m3 skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm K Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 450 mg/m3 - 75 ppm H, V Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm VR Yeux Nez / AW Auge Nase, NIOSH, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Sk Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
	EU		Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm (8h) Skin
silicon dioxide, chemically prepared CAS: 7631-86-9	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 6 mg/m3 Inhalable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 2.4 mg/m3 Respirable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 6 mg/m3 Inhalable aerosol Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 2.4 mg/m3 Respirable aerosol Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 DFG, 2, Y, E Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 Y, (I) Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	MAK Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 1 Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105

	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	SSC, Fibpulm / Lungenfibrose, Des VMEs se trouvent sous les substances associées / MAK-Werte finden sich unter den zugeordneten Stoffen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (i), SSC, Fibpulm / Lungenfibrose Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol CAS: 128-37-0	ACGIH		Long Term: 2 mg/m3 (8h) IFV, A4 - URT irr
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 DFG, Y, 11, E, 4 (II) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 40 mg/m3 Y, (I) Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: LEP 2022
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 MAK Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 50 mg/m3 Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 20 mg/m3 Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 40 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (i), C1#B, SSC, Foie / Leber, Pas de risque accru de cancer si la VME est respectée. La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Kein erhöhtes Krebsrisiko bei Einhalten des MAK-Werts. Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen. Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane CAS: 556-67-2	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	f Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.2 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m3 DFG; Long term and short term: inhalable fraction Source: TRGS900
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 MAK, Sh Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021

SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 0.2 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (i), S, SSC, VRS Peau Yeux / OAW Haut Auge Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites

Biological limit values

2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve CAS: 111-76-2	Biological Indicator: 2-Butoxyethylacetat; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week Value: 150 mg/g; Medium: Urine

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve CAS: 111-76-2	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 8.8 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 26.4 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 880 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 463 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 34.6 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 3.46 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 2.33 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Secondary poisoning; PNEC Limit: 20 mg/kg
3-butoxypropan-2-ol; propylene glycol monobutyl ether CAS: 5131-66-8	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 525 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 5.25 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 52.5 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 10 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 2.36 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 236 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 160 µg/kg
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 230 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 10 µg/l

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve CAS: 111-76-2	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 98 mg/m³; Consumer: 59 mg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 1091 mg/m³; Consumer: 426 mg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Professional: 246 mg/m³; Consumer: 147 mg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 125 mg/kg; Consumer: 75 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 89 mg/kg; Consumer: 89 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 6.3 mg/kg

	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 26.7 mg/kg
3-butoxypropan-2-ol; propylene glycol monobutyl ether CAS: 5131-66-8	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 147 mg/m³; Consumer: 43 mg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 52 mg/kg; Consumer: 22 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 12.5 mg/kg
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Professional: 20 µg/m³; Consumer: 20 µg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Professional: 40 µg/m³; Consumer: 20 µg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 90 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 110 µg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Eye glasses with side protection.

Protection for skin:

No special precaution must be adopted for normal use.

Protection for hands:

Nitrile rubber .

Respiratory protection:

N.A.

Thermal Hazards:

Not expected if used as intended

Environmental exposure controls:

Prevent the product from entering sewers or surface and underground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Colour: Whitish

Odour: Odourless

Odour threshold: N.A. (Data not available)

pH: =7.70 (OECD 122)

Kinematic viscosity: N.A. (Not determined, as it is not required for CLP classification)

Melting point/freezing point: 110 °C (230 °F)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: 100 °C (212 °F)

Flash point: > 93°C

Lower and upper explosion limit: N.A. (Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable)

Relative vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Density and/or relative density: 1.03 g/cm3 (ISO 2811)

Solubility in water: Soluble

Solubility in oil: N.A. (Not determined, as it is not required for CLP classification)

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): N.A. (Not applicable to mixtures)

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A. (Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable)

Decomposition temperature: N.A. (Not applicable, as the mixture is not self-reactive)

Flammability: ; Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 7.85 % ; 80.84 g/l

Particle characteristics:

Particle size: N.A.

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Data not available.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve	a) acute toxicity	ATE - Oral : 1200 mg/kg bw	
		ATE - Inhalation (Vapours) : 3 mg/l	
		LD50 Oral Guineapig = 1414 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Vapour Rat = 2.56 mg/l 4h	
		LD50 Skin Guineapig > 2000 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes 24h	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Negative	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	Mouse intraperitoneal rout
		Carcinogenicity Inhalation Rat = 125 mg/m3	NOAEC
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral = 720 mg/kg	Mouse

3-butoxypropan-2-ol; propylene glycol monobutyl ether	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 3300 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Vapour Rat > 3.5 mg/l 4h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Respiratory Sensitization Guineapig Negative	
		Skin Sensitization Guineapig Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Effect Level Rat = 1000 Ppm	Inhalation
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 69 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 141 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Rat = 0.33 mg/l 4h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Rabbit Positive	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Positive	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	
		Carcinogenicity Skin Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 22.7 mg/kg	

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

No data available for the product

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve	CAS: 111-76-2 - EINECS: 203-905-0 - INDEX: 603-014-00-0	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 1474 mg/L 96h
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Brachydanio rerio = 100 mg/L OECD204 - 21days
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 freshwater invertebrates = 690 mg/L
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia Daphnia magna = 100 mg/L
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae pseudokirchneriella subcapitata = 623 mg/L 72h
		c) Bacteria toxicity : NOEC Uronema parduczi = 463 mg/L 48h

3-butoxypropan-2-ol; propylene glycol monobutyl ether	CAS: 5131-66-8 - EINECS: 225-878-4 - INDEX: 603-052-00-8	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Poecilia Reticulata >= 560 mg/L 96h OECD - Guideline 203 Static
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia daphnia magna > 1000 mg/L 48h ,,OECD - Guideline 202, Part 1, Static
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Algae Selenastrum capricornutum = 560 mg/L 96h OECD - Guideline 201 Static
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge microorganisms > 1000 mg/L 3h OECD - Guideline 209 (180min)
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS: 55965-84-9 - INDEX: 613-167-00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 0.19 mg/L 96h EPA OPP 72-1 (Fish Acute Toxicity Test)
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Danio rerio = 0.02 mg/L ,,OECD Guideline 210 (Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test) - 35days
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.16 mg/L 48h EPA OPP 72-2 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test)
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.1 mg/L EPA OPP 72-4 (Fish Early Life-Stage and Aquatic Invertebrate Life-Cycle Studies) - 21days
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Skeletonema costatum = 0 mg/L 96h ,,OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge = 4.5 mg/L 3h ,,OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)
		d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Worm Eisenia fetida = 613 mg/kg ,,OECD Guideline 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests) - 14days
		e) Plant toxicity : NOEC Trifolium pratense, Oryza sativa, Brassica napus = 1000 mg/L OECD Guideline 208 (Terrestrial Plants Test: Seedling Emergence and Seedling Growth Test) - 21days

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persitence/Degradability:	Test	Value	Notes:
2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve	Readily biodegradable	Biochemical oxigen demand	98.000	28days
3-butoxypropan-2-ol; propylene glycol monobutyl ether	Readily biodegradable			OECD - Guideline 301E Biodegradability 90% (28d)
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Non-readily biodegradable			

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulation	Test	Value	Notes:
3-butoxypropan-2-ol; propylene glycol monobutyl ether	Not bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentrantion factor	3.160	
	Not bioaccumulative	Kow - Partition coefficient	1.150	at 20°C measured
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentrantion factor	54.000	≤ 54

12.4. Mobility in soil

Component	Mobility in soil	Notes:
3-butoxypropan-2-ol; propylene glycol monobutyl ether	Mobile	Koc 1,3-6,0 Estimated

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

The product disposed of as such, pursuant to Regulation (EU) 1357/2014, must be classified as non-hazardous waste

A waste code according to the European List of Wastes (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact an authorized waste disposal service.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous (Annex III, Directive 2008/98/EC):

N.A.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

N.A.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

N.A.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

N.A.

14.4. Packing group

N.A.

14.5. Environmental hazards

N.A.

14.6. Special precautions for user

N.A.

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

N.A.

Air (IATA):

N.A.

Sea (IMDG):

N.A.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/707

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1434 (ATP 19 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1435 (ATP 20 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2024/197 (ATP 21 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (Detergents).

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: None.

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 40, 55, 70, 75

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

None

Explosives precursors – Regulation 2019/1148

No substances listed

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

German Water Hazard Class.

3: Severe hazard to waters

German Lagerklasse according to TRGS 510:

LGK 10

SVHC Substances:

No SVHC substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

(ready to use)

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 7.85 %

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 80.84 g/L

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

Substances for which a Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out:

2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve

3-butoxypropan-2-ol; propylene glycol monobutyl ether

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.1/3/Inhal	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 3
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor
BEI: Biological Exposure Index
BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
CAV: Poison Center
CE: European Community
CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
COV: Volatile Organic Compound
CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment
CSR: Chemical Safety Report
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive
DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive
EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration
ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
ES: Exposure Scenario
GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care
KAFH: Keep Away From Heat
KSt: Explosion coefficient.
LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
N.A.: Not Applicable
N/A: Not Applicable
N/D: Not defined/ Not available
NA: Not available
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PGK: Packaging Instruction
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
PSG: Passengers
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 7: Handling and storage
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 13: Disposal considerations
- SECTION 14: Transport information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information

Exposure Scenario
2-butoxyethanol

Exposure Scenario, 17/03/2023

Substance identity	
	2-butoxyethanol
CAS No.	111-76-2
INDEX No.	603-014-00-0
EINECS No.	203-905-0
Registration number	01-2119475108-36

Table of contents

1. ES 1

1.1 TITLE SECTION

Exposure Scenario name	Professional application of coatings and inks
Date - Version	17/03/2023 - 1.0
Main user group	Professional uses
Sector(s) of use	Professional uses (SU22)
Product Categories	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

Environment Contributing Scenario	
CS1	ERC8a - ERC8d

Worker Contributing Scenario	
CS2 Material transfers	PROC8a
CS3 Rolling, Brushing	PROC10
CS4 Rolling, Brushing	PROC10
CS5 Roller, spreader, flow application	PROC11
CS6 Roller, spreader, flow application	PROC11

1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure

1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8a, ERC8d)

Environmental release categories	Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor) - Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor) (ERC8a, ERC8d)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

Vapour pressure:
= 117 Pa

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Emission days: 365 days per year

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Control measures to prevent releases

	Air - minimum efficiency of: 98 % Soil - minimum efficiency of: 1 % Water - minimum efficiency of: 1 %

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

STP type:
Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant
STP effluent (m^3/day): 2000

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Local freshwater dilution factor: 10
Receiving surface water flow: 18000 m³/day
Covers indoor and outdoor use

1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Process Categories	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

Vapour pressure:
= 117 Pa

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:
Covers use up to = 480 min
Frequency:
Covers use up to 5 days per week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour).	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 70 %

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: = 80 %
Wear suitable face shield.	

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use
Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

1.2. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Process Categories	Roller application or brushing (PROC10)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

Vapour pressure:
= 117 Pa

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:
Covers use up to = 480 min
Frequency:

Covers use up to 5 days per week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour).	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 70 %

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: = 80 %
Wear suitable face shield.	

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use
Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

1.2. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Process Categories	Roller application or brushing (PROC10)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

Vapour pressure:
= 117 Pa

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:
Covers use up to = 480 min
Frequency:
Covers use up to 5 days per week

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: = 80 %
Wear suitable face shield.	

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Outdoor use
Professional use
Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

1.2. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

Process Categories	Non industrial spraying (PROC11)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

Vapour pressure:
= 117 Pa

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Amounts used:
Amount per use < 3 L/min

Duration:
Covers use up to = 240 min

Frequency:
Covers use up to 5 days per week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.
Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: = 80 %
Wear suitable respiratory protection.	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 95 %
Wear suitable face shield.	

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use
Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

1.2. CS6: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

Process Categories	Non industrial spraying (PROC11)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

Vapour pressure:
= 117 Pa

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Amounts used:
Amount per use < 3 L/min

Duration:
Covers use up to = 480 min

Frequency:
Covers use up to 5 days per week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.
Ensure that a spraying booth is used.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection
Wear suitable respiratory protection.
Wear suitable face shield.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use
Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

1.3. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8a, ERC8d)

protection target	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
soil	N/A	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.018688

Additional information on exposure estimation:
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.

1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 2.7429 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.021943
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 36.9294 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.376831

1.3. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 5.4857 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.043886
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 36.9294 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.376831

1.3. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 3.2914 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.026331
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 57.7012 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.527563

1.3. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 21.4286 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.171429

inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 55 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.561224

1.3. CS6: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 12.8571 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.102857
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 62 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.632653

1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Exposure Scenario
1-butoxypropan-2-ol

Exposure Scenario, 20/05/2021

Substance identity	
	1-butoxypropan-2-ol
CAS No.	5131-66-8
INDEX No.	603-052-00-8
EINECS No.	225-878-4
Registration number	01-2119475527-28

Table of contents

1. ES 1 Widespread use by professional workers; Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

1.1 TITLE SECTION

Exposure Scenario name	Professional application of coatings and inks by brush or roller - Use in coatings
Date - Version	07/04/2021 - 1.0
Life Cycle Stage	Widespread use by professional workers
Main user group	Professional uses
Sector(s) of use	Professional uses (SU22)
Product Categories	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

Environment Contributing Scenario	
CS1 Low environmental release	ERC8a

Worker Contributing Scenario	
CS2 Mixing operations	PROC5
CS3 Equipment cleaning and maintenance - Filling of equipment from drums or containers	PROC8a
CS4 Roller, spreader, flow application	PROC10
CS5 Roller, spreader, flow application	PROC11

1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure

1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario: Low environmental release (ERC8a)

Environmental release categories	Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor) (ERC8a)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

Vapour pressure:
Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Amounts used:
Daily amount per site = 0.27 kg/day

Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe): 94 kg/day

Critical compartment for Msafe: wastewater treatment plant microbes

Release type: Continuous release

Emission days: 365 days per year

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

STP type:
Onsite Sewage Treatment Plant
Water - minimum efficiency of: = 87.4 %

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Local marine water dilution factor: 100
Local freshwater dilution factor: 10
Indoor use

Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.

Additional Good Practice Advice:
Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Ensure regular inspection, cleaning and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations (PROC5)

Process Categories	Mixing or blending in batch processes (PROC5)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:
Covers use up to = 480 min/day
Frequency:
Covers frequency up to: = 5 days per week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.
Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use
Temperature: Covers use at ambient temperatures. 20°C
Body parts exposed:
Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

1.2. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Equipment cleaning and maintenance - Filling of equipment from drums or containers (PROC8a)

Process Categories	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:
Covers use up to = 480 min/day
Frequency:
Covers frequency up to: = 5 days per week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.
Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use
Temperature: Covers use at ambient temperatures. 20°C
Body parts exposed:
Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

1.2. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC10)

Process Categories	Roller application or brushing (PROC10)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:
Covers use up to = 480 min/day
Frequency:
Covers frequency up to: = 5 days per week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.
Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use
Temperature: Covers use at ambient temperatures. 20°C
Body parts exposed:
Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

1.2. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

Process Categories	Non industrial spraying (PROC11)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:
Covers use up to = 480 min/day

Frequency:
Covers frequency up to: = 5 days per week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.
Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Use eye protection according to EN 166.
Wear a respirator conforming to EN140.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use
Temperature: Covers use at ambient temperatures. 20°C
Body parts exposed:
Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

1.3. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario: Low environmental release (ERC8a)

protection target	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
soil	= 0.00045 mg/kg dry weight	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.00284
freshwater	N/A	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.00075
freshwater sediment	= 0.00176 mg/kg dry weight	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.00075
marine water	= 5E-05 mg/L	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.001
marine sediment	= 0.00024 mg/kg dry weight	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.001

Additional information on exposure estimation:
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.

1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations (PROC5)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 11.02 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.07
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 2.74 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.05

1.3. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Equipment cleaning and maintenance - Filling of equipment from drums or containers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 82.63 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.56
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 2.74 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.05

1.3. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 27.54 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.19
dermal, systemic, short-term	= 5.49 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.11

1.3. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 77.12 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.52
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 10.71 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.21

1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:
Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.