

## Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

### AQUA-PUR BASIC (A)

Date of first edition: 9/30/2020

Safety Data Sheet dated 06/02/2026

version 7

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: AQUA-PUR BASIC (A)

Trade code: S100B0255 15

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Paints/coatings - Decorative

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: KERAKOLL S.p.A.

Via dell'Artigianato, 9

41049 Sassuolo (MODENA) - ITALY

Tel.+39 0536 816511 Fax. +39 0536816581

safety@kerakoll.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency phone number 112

Ireland Emergency medical information: (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.

Members of the public Number (8 am-10 pm): +353 (0)1 809 2166

Healthcare professional telephone Number (24hrs): +353 (0)1 809 2566

Malta In case of emergency call: +356 2395 2000 (24h)

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## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

### 2.2. Label elements

The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).

#### Special Provisions:

EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

#### Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

Two-pack reactive performance coatings for specific end use such as floors

EU limit value for this product (cat. A/j): 140 g/l

This product contains max 69.95 g/l VOC.

#### Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

### 2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

Other Hazards: No other hazards

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

N.A.

### 3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: AQUA-PUR BASIC (A)

#### Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥3-<5 %	2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve	CAS:111-76-2 EC:203-905-0 Index:603-014-00-0	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Acute Tox. 3, H331  Acute Toxicity Estimate : ATE - Oral : 1200 mg/kg bw ATE - Inhalation (Vapours) : 3 mg/l	01-2119475108-36
<0.036 %	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS:2634-33-5 EC:220-120-9 Index:613-088-00-6	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:1, M-Acute:1  Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0.036%: Skin Sens. 1A H317	
<0.0015 %	reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS:55965-84-9 Index:613-167-00-5	Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 2, H310; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100, EUH071  Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0.6%: Skin Corr. 1C H314 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 C ≥ 0.6%: Eye Dam. 1 H318 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 C ≥ 0.0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317	

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Wash with plenty of water and soap.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

N.A.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

N.A.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### For non emergency personnel:

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

#### For emergency responders:

Wear personal protection equipment.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene:

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve CAS: 111-76-2	ACGIH		Long Term: 20 ppm (8h) A3, BEI - Eye and URT irr
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 40 ppm 30(Miw), 4x, MAK, H Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm Кожа Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: Ceiling - 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> D, I, B

Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb

NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm EH Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm A, S Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm iho Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 49 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm Risque de pénétration percutanée Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Δ Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> b, i, EU1, T Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm O Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> H Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm H E Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm K Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm H Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND D	Long Term: 49 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm R/H, SSC, B, VRS Yeux / OAW Auge, INRS HSE NIOSH Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 25 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm Sk, BMGV Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm D Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm koža Source: 2000/39/EZ
NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm δέρμα Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 49 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm EU, DFG; H, Y, 2(I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm Sk, IOELV

Source: 2021 Code of Practice

NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm Cute Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm Āda Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LUXEMBOUR G	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm Peau Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm skin Source: S.L.424.24
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm Cutânea Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm P, Dir. 2000/39 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm K, Y, BAT, EU1 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm; Short Term: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm vía dérmica VLI, VLB® Source: LEP 2022
EU		Long Term: 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 20 ppm (8h); Short Term: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm Skin
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether CAS: 112-34-5	ACGIH	Long Term: 10 ppm (8h) IFV - Hematologic, liver and kidney eff
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm 15(Miw), 4x, MAK Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 70 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: Ceiling - 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> I Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 68 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm E Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 68 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Source: INRS outil65, arrêté du 30-06-2004 modifié
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> EU2, T Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm; Short Term: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 30 ppm Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NETHERLAND S	Long Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> H Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 68 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm E Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 67 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286

NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 68 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 67 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm SSC, Rein Sang Foie / Niere Blut Leber, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Source: 2006/15/EZ
NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 67 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm EU, DFG, Y, 11, 1, 5 (I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Source: ΦΕΚ 202/Α` 23.8.2007
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 12 ppm IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LUXEMBOURG	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Source: S.L.424.24
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Dir. 2006/15 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Y, EU2 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm VLI, r Source: LEP 2022
EU	ACGIH	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 10 ppm (8h); Short Term: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 15 ppm Long Term: 50 ppm (8h) Liver & CNS eff
		(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol CAS: 34590-94-8
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm D Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm koža Source: 2000/39/EZ

NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm δέρμα Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 310 mg/m3 - 50 ppm DFG, EU, 11, 1(I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Sk, IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Cute Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Āda Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LUXEMBOUR G	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Peau Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm skin Source: S.L.424.24
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Cutânea Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm P, Dir. 2000/39 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm K, EU1 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm vía dérmica, VLI Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 307 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: Ceiling - 614 mg/m3 - 100 ppm 5(Mow), 8x, MAK, H Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Кожа Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 270 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 550 mg/m3 D Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 309 mg/m3 - 50 ppm EH Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm A Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 310 mg/m3 - 50 ppm iho Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Risque de pénétration percutanée Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 600 mg/m3 - 100 ppm; Short Term: 900 mg/m3 - 150 ppm Δ Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 EU1, R Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet

NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 450 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 75 ppm O Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	Long Term: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm H E Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 240 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 480 mg/m <sup>3</sup> skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm K Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 450 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 75 ppm H, V Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm; Short Term: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm D VR Yeux Nez / AW Auge Nase, NIOSH, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm Sk Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU		Long Term: 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 50 ppm (8h) Skin
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol CAS: 128-37-0	ACGIH	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h) IFV, A4 - URT irr
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: NN 1/2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> DFG, Y, 11, E, 4 (II) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 40 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Y, (I) Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> MAK Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: INRS outil65
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999

SUVA SWITZERLAN D Long Term: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Short Term: 40 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
TWA mg/m<sup>3</sup>: (i), C1#B, SSC, Foie / Leber, Pas de risque accru de cancer si la VME est respectée. La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Kein erhöhtes Krebsrisiko bei Einhalten des MAK-Werts. Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen.  
Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites

WEL-EH40 UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND Long Term: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)  
CAS: 55965-84-9 NATIONAL GERMANY Long Term: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
DFG; Long term and short term: inhalable fraction  
Source: TRGS900

NATIONAL AUSTRIA Long Term: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
MAK, Sh  
Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021

SUVA SWITZERLAN D Long Term: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
TWA mg/m<sup>3</sup>: (i), S, SSC, VRS Peau Yeux / OAW Haut Auge  
Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites

octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane NATIONAL AUSTRIA f  
CAS: 556-67-2 Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021

#### Biological limit values

2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve  
CAS: 111-76-2 Biological Indicator: 2-Butoxyethylacetat; Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week  
Value: 150 mg/g; Medium: Urine

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve  
CAS: 111-76-2 Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 8.8 mg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 26.4 mg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 880 µg/l

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 463 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 34.6 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 3.46 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 2.33 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Secondary poisoning; PNEC Limit: 20 mg/kg

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one  
CAS: 2634-33-5 Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 4.03 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 1.1 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 403 ng/L

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 110 ng/L

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 1.03 mg/l

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 49.9 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 4.99 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 3 mg/kg

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)  
CAS: 55965-84-9 Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l  
Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l  
Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 230 µg/l  
Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l  
Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l  
Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 10 µg/l

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

2-butoxyethanol;  
ethyleneglycol monobutyl  
ether; butyl cellosolve  
CAS: 111-76-2

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 59 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 1091 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 426 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 147 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 125 mg/kg; Consumer: 75 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 89 mg/kg; Consumer: 89 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 6.3 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 26.7 mg/kg

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-  
one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-  
3-one  
CAS: 2634-33-5

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 6.81 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 1.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 966 µg/kg; Consumer: 345 µg/kg

reaction mass of 5-  
chloro-2-methyl-2H-  
isothiazol-3-one and 2-  
methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-  
one (3:1)  
CAS: 55965-84-9

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 20 µg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 20 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 40 µg/m<sup>3</sup>; Consumer: 20 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 90 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 110 µg/kg

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Eye glasses with side protection.(EN166)

Protection for skin:

No special precaution must be adopted for normal use.

Protection for hands:

Nitrile rubber .

Respiratory protection:

N.A.

Thermal Hazards:

Not expected if used as intended

Environmental exposure controls:

Prevent the product from entering sewers or surface and underground water.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Colour: Colourless  
Odour: Pungent  
Odour threshold: N.A. ( Data not available )  
pH: =6.90 ( OECD 122 )  
Kinematic viscosity: N.A. ( Not determined, as it is not required for CLP classification )  
Melting point/freezing point: N.A.  
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: 99 °C (210 °F) ( ASTM-E537 )  
Flash point: > 93°C  
Lower and upper explosion limit: N.A. ( Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable )  
Relative vapour density: N.A. ( Some data is not known )  
Vapour pressure: N.A. ( Some data is not known )  
Density and/or relative density: 1.04 g/cm<sup>3</sup> ( ISO 2811 )  
Solubility in water: Miscible  
Solubility in oil: N.A. ( Not determined, as it is not required for CLP classification )  
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): N.A. ( Not applicable to mixtures )  
Auto-ignition temperature: N.A. ( Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable )  
Decomposition temperature: N.A. ( Not applicable, as the mixture is not self-reactive )  
Flammability: N.A.  
Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 4.32 % ; 44.75 g/l

**Particle characteristics:**

Particle size: N.A.

**9.2. Other information**

No other relevant information

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**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1. Reactivity**

Stable under normal conditions

**10.2. Chemical stability**

Data not available.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

None.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Stable under normal conditions.

**10.5. Incompatible materials**

None in particular.

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

None.

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**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

**Toxicological Information of the Preparation**

a) acute toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified

j) aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met  
 Not classified  
 Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:**

2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve	a) acute toxicity	ATE - Oral : 1200 mg/kg bw	
		ATE - Inhalation (Vapours) : 3 mg/l	
		LD50 Oral Guinea pig = 1414 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Vapour Rat = 2.56 mg/l 4h	
		LD50 Skin Guinea pig > 2000 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes 24h	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guinea pig Negative	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	Mouse intraperitoneal route
		Carcinogenicity Inhalation Rat = 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NOAEC
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral = 720 mg/kg	Mouse
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin- 3-one	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 670 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Positive	irreversible damage
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guinea pig Positive	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative	Oral route
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 112 mg/kg	
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 69 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 141 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Rat = 0.33 mg/l 4h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Rabbit Positive	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Positive	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	
		Carcinogenicity Skin Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 22.7 mg/kg	

**11.2. Information on other hazards**

**Endocrine disrupting properties:**

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

No data available for the product

### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve	CAS: 111-76-2 - EINECS: 203-905-0 - INDEX: 603-014-00-0	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 1474 mg/L 96h b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Brachydanio rerio = 100 mg/L OECD204 - 21days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 freshwater invertebrates = 690 mg/L b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia Daphnia magna = 100 mg/L a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae pseudokirchneriella subcapitata = 623 mg/L 72h c) Bacteria toxicity : NOEC Uronema parduczi = 463 mg/L 48h
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS: 2634-33-5 - EINECS: 220-120-9 - INDEX: 613-088-00-6	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 2.15 mg/L 96h OECD Guideline 203 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 2.9 mg/L 48h OECD Guideline 202 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae green alga Selenastrum capricornutum freshwater algae = 110 µg/L OECD Guideline 201 d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC50 Worm Eisenia fetida > 410.6 mg/kg OECD Guideline 207 - Duration 14d d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC10 soil microorganisms = 263.7 mg/kg - long term a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Sludge activated sludge 10.3 mg/L 3h OECD Guideline 209 e) Plant toxicity : LC50 Triticum aestivum = 200 mg/kg OECD Guideline 208
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS: 55965-84-9 - INDEX: 613-167-00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 0.19 mg/L 96h EPA OPP 72-1 (Fish Acute Toxicity Test) b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Danio rerio = 0.02 mg/L ,,OECD Guideline 210 (Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test) - 35days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.16 mg/L 48h EPA OPP 72-2 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test) b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.1 mg/L EPA OPP 72-4 (Fish Early Life-Stage and Aquatic Invertebrate Life-Cycle Studies) - 21days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Skeletonema costatum = 0 mg/L 96h ,,OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge = 4.5 mg/L 3h ,,OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test) d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Worm Eisenia fetida = 613 mg/kg ,,OECD Guideline 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests) - 14days e) Plant toxicity : NOEC Trifolium pratense, Oryza sativa, Brassica napus = 1000 mg/L OECD Guideline 208 (Terrestrial Plants Test: Seedling Emergence and Seedling Growth Test) - 21days

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence/Degradability:	Test	Value	Notes:
2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve	Readily biodegradable	Biochemical oxygen demand	98.000	28days

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- Non-readily biodegradable  
methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-  
methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulation	Test	Value	Notes:
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2- benzisothiazolin-3-one	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	6.620	
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentration factor	54.000	≤ 54

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

The product disposed of as such, pursuant to Regulation (EU) 1357/2014, must be classified as non-hazardous waste

A waste code according to the European List of Wastes (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact an authorized waste disposal service.

### Properties of waste which render it hazardous (Annex III, Directive 2008/98/EC):

N.A.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

N.A.

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

N.A.

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

N.A.

### 14.4. Packing group

N.A.

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

N.A.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

N.A.

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

N.A.

Air (IATA):

N.A.

Sea (IMDG):

N.A.

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)  
Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)  
Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013  
Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2023/707  
Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1434 (ATP 19 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1435 (ATP 20 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2024/197 (ATP 21 CLP)  
Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878  
Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (Detergents).

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: None.

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 40, 55, 70, 75

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

None

#### **Explosives precursors – Regulation 2019/1148**

No substances listed

#### **Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)**

No substances listed

#### **German Water Hazard Class.**

3: Severe hazard to waters

#### **German Lagerklasse according to TRGS 510:**

LGK 10

SVHC Substances:

No SVHC substances present in concentration  $\geq$  0.1%

#### **Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)**

(ready to use)

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 6.73 %

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 69.95 g/L

AQUA-PUR BASIC (A) (not ready to use)

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 4.32 %

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 44.75 g/L

#### **15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

#### **Substances for which a Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out:**

2-butoxyethanol; ethyleneglycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.

H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

<b>Code</b>	<b>Hazard class and hazard category</b>	<b>Description</b>
3.1/2/Inhal	Acute Tox. 2	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 2
3.1/3/Inhal	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 3
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
3.4.2/1A	Skin Sens. 1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
4.1/A1	Aquatic Acute 1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C1	Aquatic Chronic 1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).  
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.  
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.  
IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care  
KAFH: Keep Away From Heat  
KSt: Explosion coefficient.  
LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.  
LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.  
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low  
N.A.: Not Applicable  
N/A: Not Applicable  
N/D: Not defined/ Not available  
NA: Not available  
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health  
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level  
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration  
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PGK: Packaging Instruction  
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.  
PSG: Passengers  
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.  
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.  
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.  
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.  
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).  
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.  
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

**Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:**

- SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 7: Handling and storage
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 13: Disposal considerations
- SECTION 14: Transport information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information



# Exposure Scenario

## 2-butoxyethanol

### Exposure Scenario, 17/03/2023

Substance identity	
	2-butoxyethanol
<b>CAS No.</b>	111-76-2
<b>INDEX No.</b>	603-014-00-0
<b>EINECS No.</b>	203-905-0
<b>Registration number</b>	01-2119475108-36

### Table of contents

1. **ES 1**

# 1. ES 1

## 1.1 TITLE SECTION

Exposure Scenario name	Professional application of coatings and inks
Date - Version	17/03/2023 - 1.0
Main user group	Professional uses
Sector(s) of use	Professional uses (SU22)
Product Categories	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

### Environment Contributing Scenario

CS1	ERC8a - ERC8d
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### Worker Contributing Scenario

CS2 Material transfers	PROC8a
CS3 Rolling, Brushing	PROC10
CS4 Rolling, Brushing	PROC10
CS5 Roller, spreader, flow application	PROC11
CS6 Roller, spreader, flow application	PROC11

## 1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8a, ERC8d)

Environmental release categories	Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor) - Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor) (ERC8a, ERC8d)
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#### *Product (article) characteristics*

##### Physical form of product:

Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

##### Vapour pressure:

= 117 Pa

##### Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

#### *Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)*

Emission days: 365 days per year

#### *Technical and organisational conditions and measures*

##### Control measures to prevent releases

Air - minimum efficiency of: 98 % Soil - minimum efficiency of: 1 % Water - minimum efficiency of: 1 %
--

#### *Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant*

##### STP type:

Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant

STP effluent (m<sup>3</sup>/day): 2000

#### *Other conditions affecting environmental exposure*

Local marine water dilution factor: 100

**Local freshwater dilution factor:** 10

**Receiving surface water flow:** 18000 m<sup>3</sup>/day

Covers indoor and outdoor use

## 1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

### Process Categories

Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)

### *Product (article) characteristics*

#### Physical form of product:

Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

#### Vapour pressure:

= 117 Pa

#### Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

### *Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*

#### Duration:

Covers use up to = 480 min

#### Frequency:

Covers use up to 5 days per week

### *Technical and organisational conditions and measures*

#### Technical and organisational measures

Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour).

Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 70 %

### *Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

#### Personal protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Dermal - minimum efficiency of: = 80 %

Wear suitable face shield.

### *Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Indoor use

Professional use

**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

## 1.2. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

### Process Categories

Roller application or brushing (PROC10)

### *Product (article) characteristics*

#### Physical form of product:

Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

#### Vapour pressure:

= 117 Pa

#### Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

### *Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*

#### Duration:

Covers use up to = 480 min

#### Frequency:

Covers use up to 5 days per week

### *Technical and organisational conditions and measures*

#### **Technical and organisational measures**

Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (5 to 10 air changes per hour).

Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 70 %

### *Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

#### **Personal protection**

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Dermal - minimum efficiency of: = 80 %

Wear suitable face shield.

### *Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Indoor use

Professional use

**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

#### **1.2. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)**

##### **Process Categories**

Roller application or brushing (PROC10)

### *Product (article) characteristics*

#### **Physical form of product:**

Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

#### **Vapour pressure:**

= 117 Pa

#### **Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

### *Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*

#### **Duration:**

Covers use up to = 480 min

#### **Frequency:**

Covers use up to 5 days per week

### *Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

#### **Personal protection**

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Dermal - minimum efficiency of: = 80 %

Wear suitable face shield.

### *Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Outdoor use

Professional use

**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

#### **1.2. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)**

##### **Process Categories**

Non industrial spraying (PROC11)

### *Product (article) characteristics*

#### **Physical form of product:**

Liquid, vapour pressure > 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

**Vapour pressure:**

= 117 Pa

**Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

***Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*****Amounts used:**

Amount per use &lt; 3 L/min

**Duration:**

Covers use up to = 240 min

**Frequency:**

Covers use up to 5 days per week

***Technical and organisational conditions and measures*****Technical and organisational measures**

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

***Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*****Personal protection**

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: = 80 %
Wear suitable respiratory protection.	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 95 %
Wear suitable face shield.	

***Other conditions affecting worker exposure***

Indoor use

Professional use

**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.**1.2. CS6: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)****Process Categories**

Non industrial spraying (PROC11)

***Product (article) characteristics*****Physical form of product:**

Liquid, vapour pressure &gt; 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

**Vapour pressure:**

= 117 Pa

**Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

***Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*****Amounts used:**

Amount per use &lt; 3 L/min

**Duration:**

Covers use up to = 480 min

**Frequency:**

Covers use up to 5 days per week

***Technical and organisational conditions and measures*****Technical and organisational measures**

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Ensure that a spraying booth is used.

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

### Personal protection

Wear suitable respiratory protection.

Wear suitable face shield.

### Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use

Professional use

**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

## 1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### 1.3. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8a, ERC8d)

protection target	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
soil	N/A	ECETOC TRA environment v3	= 0.018688

#### Additional information on exposure estimation:

Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil.

### 1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 2.7429 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.021943
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 36.9294 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.376831

### 1.3. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 5.4857 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.043886
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 36.9294 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.376831

### 1.3. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 3.2914 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.026331
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 57.7012 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.527563

### 1.3. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 21.4286 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.171429

inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.561224
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### 1.3. CS6: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 12.8571 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.102857
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 62 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.632653

### 1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

#### Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

## Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

### AQUA-PUR BASIC (B)

Date of first edition: 10/2/2020

Safety Data Sheet dated 06/02/2026

version 7

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: AQUA-PUR BASIC (B)

Trade code: 001016008

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: hardener

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: KERAKOLL S.p.A.

Via dell'Artigianato, 9

41049 Sassuolo (MODENA) - ITALY

Tel.+39 0536 816511 Fax. +39 0536816581

safety@kerakoll.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency phone number 112

Ireland Emergency medical information: (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland.

Members of the public Number (8 am-10 pm): +353 (0)1 809 2166

Healthcare professional telephone Number (24hrs): +353 (0)1 809 2566

Malta In case of emergency call: +356 2395 2000 (24h)

N.A.

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## SECTION 2: Hazards identification



### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Acute Tox. 4	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin Sens. 1B	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
STOT SE 3	May cause respiratory irritation.
Aquatic Chronic 3	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:  
Nessuno

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

#### Hazard pictograms and Signal Word



Warning

#### Hazard statements

H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements

P260	Do not breathe vapours.
P280	Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

**Contains**

Blocked Polyisocyanate Based on Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (HDI)

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

Copolymer of hexane-1,6-diisocyanate, methanol and oxirane

Cyclohexyldimethylamine

**Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)**

Two-pack reactive performance coatings for specific end use such as floors

EU limit value for this product (cat. A/j): 140 g/l

This product contains max 69.95 g/l VOC.

**Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:**

As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use.

**2.3. Other hazards**

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

No other hazards

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

**3.1. Substances**

N.A.

**3.2. Mixtures**

Mixture identification: AQUA-PUR BASIC (B)

**Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:**

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
$\geq 20$ - $< 50$ %	Blocked Polyisocyanate Based on Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (HDI)	CAS:666723-27-9	Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412, M-Chronic:1	
$\geq 20$ - $< 50$ %	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	CAS:28182-81-2 EC:500-060-2	Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335	01-2119485796-17
$\geq 10$ - $< 20$ %	Copolymer of hexane-1,6-diisocyanate, methanol and oxirane	CAS:160994-68-3 EC:679-501-7	Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; STOT SE 3, H335; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
$\geq 0.3$ - $< 0.5$ %	Cyclohexyldimethylamine	CAS:98-94-2 EC:202-715-5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 3, H331; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411, M-Chronic:1	01-2119533030-60
$< 0.05$ %	Hexamethylene Diisocyanate	CAS:822-06-0 EC:212-485-8	Acute Tox. 1, H330; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Resp. Sens. 1, H334; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335	01-2119457571-37

**SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show him packing or label.

#### **4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

After skin contact, this substance may give a hypersensitivity reaction in the skin when it is exposed to sunlight. Analgesic. Addictive. Phototoxic

#### **4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment: In the case of spasms: diazepam intravenously. Treat symptomatically. Where appropriate artificial ventilation

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### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **5.1. Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

#### **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

#### **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

##### **For non emergency personnel:**

Wear personal protection equipment.

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Use appropriate respiratory protection.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

##### **For emergency responders:**

Wear personal protection equipment.

#### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

#### **6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

#### **6.4. Reference to other sections**

See also section 8 and 13

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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### **7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Use localized ventilation system.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

##### **Advice on general occupational hygiene:**

#### **7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

Industrial sector specific solutions:

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
AQUA-PUR BASIC (B)	ITA	ITALY	Long Term: 0.034 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.005 ppm (8h)
Cyclohexyldimethylamine CAS: 98-94-2	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: Ceiling - 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> D, I Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate CAS: 822-06-0	NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h) Source: D.Lgs81/2008
	ACGIH		Long Term: 0.005 ppm (8h) URT irr, resp sens
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.005 ppm; Short Term: Ceiling - 0.035 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.005 ppm Mow, MAK, Sah Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: Ceiling - 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> I, S Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.005 ppm Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.005 ppm; Short Term: 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.01 ppm S, * Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 0.075 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.01 ppm; Short Term: 0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.02 ppm Risques d'allergie respiratoire. La VLEP CT est définie sur une période de référence de 5 minute. Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 0.035 mg/m <sup>3</sup> i, sz, T Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.005 ppm; Short Term: Ceiling - 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.01 ppm Ū J, Nustatytas 5 min. poveikio trukmės NRD. Tas pats RD, išreikštas ppm, taikomas izocianatams, kurių RD nenustatytas. Ši nuostata taikoma ir dulkių ar lašelių (aerozolių) pavidalo izocianatams, įskaitant prepolimerizuotus izocianatus (aduktus). Tačiau skirtingų medžiagų RD, išreikšti mg/m <sup>3</sup> , yra skirtingi. Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.005 ppm A 4 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Short Term: 0.08 mg/m <sup>3</sup> skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.005 ppm S Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.002 ppm; Short Term: 0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.005 ppm M, S, 2 Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	B, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites

NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 0.034 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.005 ppm Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.005 ppm DFG, 11, 12, Sa, 1;=2=(I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 0.005 ppm Sens. Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.007 ppm; Short Term: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.14 ppm Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.005 ppm; Short Term: 0.035 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.005 ppm BAT Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 0.005 ppm Sen Source: LEP 2022
EU		Long Term: 0.006 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8h); Short Term: 0.012 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Skin; Dermal and respiratory sensitisation

### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

Cyclohexyldimethylamine Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 20.6 mg/l  
CAS: 98-94-2

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 2 µg/l

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 20 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 200 ng/L

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 21.1 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 2.11 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 3.05 µg/kg

Hexamethylene  
Diisocyanate  
CAS: 822-06-0

Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 8.42 mg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 7.74 µg/l

Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 77.4 µg/l

Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 1.334 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 13.34 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 2.6 µg/kg

Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 0.774 mg/l

### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

Cyclohexyldimethylamine Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
CAS: 98-94-2 Worker Professional: 530 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 8.3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 8.3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 600 µg/kg

Hexamethylene  
Diisocyanate  
CAS: 822-06-0

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 35 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 35 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Worker Professional: 70 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects  
Worker Professional: 70 µg/m<sup>3</sup>

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Eye glasses with side protection. Face protection umbrella

Protection for skin:

Flame-retardant protective clothing. Full protection suit

Protection for hands:

Gloves with long cuffs. Nitrile rubber

Respiratory protection:

Full face piece with gas filter type A . Full face piece with Particle filter P3 . Gas filter type ABEK

Thermal Hazards:

No data available

Environmental exposure controls:

Data not available.

---

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Colour: Colourless

Odour: Characteristic

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: N.A. ( Not applicable, non-aqueous mixture )

Kinematic viscosity: N.A. ( Not determined, as it is not required for CLP classification )

Melting point/freezing point: N.A.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: 101 °C (214 °F)

Flash point: 65 °C (149 °F)

Lower and upper explosion limit: N.A.

Relative vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: 15.00 hPa

Density and/or relative density: 1.07 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility in water: Reacts

Solubility in oil: N.A. ( Not determined, as it is not required for CLP classification )

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): N.A. ( Not applicable to mixtures )

Auto-ignition temperature: 165.00 °C ( Not applicable as the mixture is not flammable )

Decomposition temperature: N.A. ( Not applicable, as the mixture is not self-reactive )

Flammability: N.A.

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 30 % ; 321 g/l

#### Particle characteristics:

Particle size: N.A.

### 9.2. Other information

Viscosity: 300.00 cPo

No other relevant information

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

### 10.2. Chemical stability

None in particular.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

It may generate flammable gases on contact with elementary metals (alkalis and alkaline earth, alloys in powder or vapours) and powerful reducing agents.

It may generate toxic gases on contact with oxidising mineral acids, and powerful oxidising agents.

It may catch fire on contact with oxidising mineral acids, and powerful oxidising agents.

None in particular.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

---

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

devo scrivere qualcosa

#### Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	The product is classified: Acute Tox. 4(H332)
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1B(H317)
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	The product is classified: STOT SE 3(H335)
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:**

Copolymer of hexane-1, 6-diisocyanate, methanol and oxirane

a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg
	LC50 Inhalation of aerosol Rat = 1.5 mg/l 4h
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Positive

Cyclohexyldimethylamine

a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 272 mg/kg LD50 Skin Rat = 380 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Rat > 1700 mg/m3	
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive	
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Negative	Mouse
f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative Carcinogenicity Oral Rat Negative	
g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 100 mg/kg	

Hexamethylene Diisocyanate

a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 959 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Vapour Rat = 124 mg/m3 4h LD50 Skin Rat > 7000 mg/kg 24h	
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Corrosive Rabbit Positive	
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Rabbit Positive	
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Positive Respiratory Sensitization Guineapig Positive	
f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative Carcinogenicity Inhalation Rat = 1.15 mg/m3	Mouse NOAEC
g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Effect Level Rat = 0.3 Ppm	

(sub-acute to chronic)

**Component**

AQUA-PUR BASIC (B)

**Description**

devo scrivere qualcosa

**11.2. Information on other hazards**

**Endocrine disrupting properties:**

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**12.1. Toxicity**

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product**

The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 3(H412)

**List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components**

**Component**

**Ident. Numb.**

**Ecotox Data**

Cyclohexyldimethylamine

CAS: 98-94-2 -  
EINECS: 202-  
715-5

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Leuciscus idus L., Golden variety = 28 mg/L 96h OECD 203

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 75 mg/L 48h OECD 203

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae freshwater algae = 2 mg/L 72h German Standard DIN 38412

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC10 Algae freshwater algae = 0.078 mg/L 72h German Standard DIN 38412

c) Bacteria toxicity : EC50 Pseudomonas putida = 206 mg/L - 17h

c) Bacteria toxicity : EC10 Pseudomonas putida 137.4 mg/L - 17h

Hexamethylene Diisocyanate

CAS: 822-06-0 -  
EINECS: 212-  
485-8

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC0 Fish Brachydanio rerio = 82.8 mg/L 96h

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC0 Daphnia Daphnia magna  $\geq 89.1$  mg/L 48h

c) Bacteria toxicity : EC50 = 842 mg/L

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Desmodesmus subspicatus = 77.4 mg/L 72h

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC10 Algae freshwater algae = 48 mg/L 72h

c) Bacteria toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge = 842 mg/L 3h

**12.2. Persistence and degradability**

**Component**

**Persistence/Degradability:**

**Test**

**Value**

**Notes:**

Cyclohexyldimethylamine

Readily biodegradable

95.000 %

Hexamethylene Diisocyanate

Non-readily biodegradable

Oxygen consumption

OECD Guideline 302 C

**12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**

**Component**

**Bioaccumulation**

**Test**

**Value**

**Notes:**

Cyclohexyldimethylamine

Bioaccumulative

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

19.840

Based on a measured log Pow of 2.01. from the equation  $\log BCF = 0.76 \cdot \log Pow - 0.23$

Bioaccumulative

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

35.660

Based on a measured log Pow of 2.01. from the equation  $\log BCF = 2.791 - 0.564 \log S$

Hexamethylene Diisocyanate

Bioaccumulative

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

57.630

**12.4. Mobility in soil**

N.A.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

It is phytotoxic to plants.

---

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

The product disposed of as such, pursuant to Regulation (EU) 1357/2014, must be classified as hazardous waste

A waste code according to the European List of Wastes (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact an authorized waste disposal service.

### Properties of waste which render it hazardous (Annex III, Directive 2008/98/EC):

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

N/A

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: N/A

IATA-Shipping Name: N/A

IMDG-Shipping Name: N/A

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: N/A

IATA-Class: N/A

IMDG-Class: N/A

### 14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: N/A

IATA-Packing group: N/A

IMDG-Packing group: N/A

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: No

IMDG-EMS: N/A

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: N/A

ADR - Hazard identification number: N/A

ADR-Special Provisions: N/A

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): N/A

ADR Limited Quantities: N/A

ADR Excepted Quantities: N/A

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Label: N/A

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IATA-Erg: N/A

IATA-Special Provisions: N/A

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage and handling: N/A

IMDG-Segregation: N/A

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IMDG-Special Provisions: N/A

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

---

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/707

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1434 (ATP 19 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2023/1435 (ATP 20 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2024/197 (ATP 21 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (Detergents).

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 40, 74

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

None

### Explosives precursors – Regulation 2019/1148

No substances listed

### Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

### German Water Hazard Class.

3: Severe hazard to waters

### German Lagerklasse according to TRGS 510:

LGK 10

SVHC Substances:

No SVHC substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

### Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

(ready to use)

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 6.73 %

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 69.95 g/L

AQUA-PUR BASIC (B) (not ready to use)

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 30.00 %

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 321.00 g/L

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

#### Substances for which a Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out:

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

Cyclohexyldimethylamine

---

## SECTION 16: Other information

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

<b>Code</b>	<b>Hazard class and hazard category</b>	<b>Description</b>
2.6/3	Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, Category 3
3.1/1/Inhal	Acute Tox. 1	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 1
3.1/3/Dermal	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 3
3.1/3/Inhal	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 3
3.1/3/Oral	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
3.1/4/Inhal	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.2/1B	Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, Category 1B
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
3.4.1/1	Resp. Sens. 1	Respiratory Sensitisation, Category 1
3.4.2/1	Skin Sens. 1	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1
3.4.2/1B	Skin Sens. 1B	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3
4.1/C2	Aquatic Chronic 2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2
4.1/C3	Aquatic Chronic 3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

**Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:**

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008      Classification procedure**

Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1B, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate  
ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)  
BCF: Biological Concentration Factor  
BEI: Biological Exposure Index  
BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand  
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).  
CAV: Poison Center  
CE: European Community  
CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.  
CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic  
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand  
COV: Volatile Organic Compound  
CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment  
CSR: Chemical Safety Report  
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level  
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.  
DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive  
DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive  
EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration  
ECHA: European Chemicals Agency  
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.  
ES: Exposure Scenario  
GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.  
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.  
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer  
IATA: International Air Transport Association.  
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).  
IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration  
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.  
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).  
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.  
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.  
IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care  
KAFH: Keep Away From Heat  
KSt: Explosion coefficient.  
LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.  
LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.  
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low  
N.A.: Not Applicable  
N/A: Not Applicable  
N/D: Not defined/ Not available  
NA: Not available  
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health  
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level  
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration  
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PGK: Packaging Instruction  
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.  
PSG: Passengers  
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.  
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.  
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.  
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.  
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).  
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.  
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

**Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:**

- SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 4: First aid measures
- SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 13: Disposal considerations
- SECTION 14: Transport information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information



# Exposure Scenario

## Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

### Exposure Scenario, 08/06/2021

Substance identity	
	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers
<b>CAS No.</b>	28182-81-2
<b>EINECS No.</b>	500-060-2
<b>Registration number</b>	01-2119485796-17

### Table of contents

1. **ES 1** Widespread use by professional workers; Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

# 1. ES 1 Widespread use by professional workers; Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

## 1.1 TITLE SECTION

<b>Exposure Scenario name</b>	Dye - Professional application of coatings and inks by brush or roller - Professional application of coatings and inks
<b>Date - Version</b>	08/06/2021 - 1.0
<b>Life Cycle Stage</b>	Widespread use by professional workers
<b>Main user group</b>	Professional uses
<b>Sector(s) of use</b>	Professional uses (SU22)
<b>Product Categories</b>	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)
<b>Article Category(ies)</b>	Stone, plaster, cement, glass and ceramic articles: Large surface area articles (AC4a) - Other articles made of stone, plaster, cement, glass or ceramic (AC4g)

### Environment Contributing Scenario

<b>CS1</b>	ERC8c - ERC8f
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### Worker Contributing Scenario

<b>CS2 Mixing operations - Material transfers</b>	PROC8a
<b>CS3 Surfaces - Rolling, Brushing</b>	PROC10
<b>CS4 Surfaces - Roller, spreader, flow application</b>	PROC11

## 1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8c, ERC8f)

<b>Environmental release categories</b>	Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (indoor) - Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (outdoor) (ERC8c, ERC8f)
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#### *Product (article) characteristics*

##### **Physical form of product:**

Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

##### **Vapour pressure:**

= 0.00246 Pa

#### *Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)*

##### **Amounts used:**

Daily amount per site 50 tonnes/day

##### **Release type:** Intermittent release

#### *Technical and organisational conditions and measures*

##### **Control measures to prevent releases**

No discharge of substance into waste water

#### *Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant*

##### **STP type:**

Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant

Water - minimum efficiency of: = 100 %

##### **STP effluent (m<sup>3</sup>/day):** 2000

#### *Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)*

##### **Waste treatment**

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

#### *Other conditions affecting environmental exposure*

**Receiving surface water flow:** 18000 m<sup>3</sup>/day

## 1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Material transfers (PROC8a)

<b>Process Categories</b>	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)
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### *Product (article) characteristics*

#### **Physical form of product:**

Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

#### **Vapour pressure:**

Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure = 0.00246 Pa

#### **Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

### *Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*

#### **Duration:**

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

### *Technical and organisational conditions and measures*

#### **Technical and organisational measures**

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Use of an integrated local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

### *Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

#### **Personal protection**

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Wear suitable respiratory protection.

Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 90 %

### *Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Indoor use

Professional use

**Room size:** = 300 m<sup>3</sup>

**Temperature:** Covers use at ambient temperatures. 40°C

## 1.2. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Surfaces - Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

<b>Process Categories</b>	Roller application or brushing (PROC10)
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### *Product (article) characteristics*

#### **Physical form of product:**

Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

#### **Vapour pressure:**

Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure = 0.00246 Pa

#### **Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

### *Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*

#### **Duration:**

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

### *Technical and organisational conditions and measures*

#### **Technical and organisational measures**

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Use of an integrated local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

### *Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

## Personal protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.  
Wear suitable respiratory protection.

Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 90 %

### *Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Indoor use

Professional use

**Room size:** = 300 m<sup>3</sup>

**Temperature:** Covers use at ambient temperatures. 40°C

### **1.2. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Surfaces - Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)**

#### Process Categories

Non industrial spraying (PROC11)

### *Product (article) characteristics*

#### Physical form of product:

Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

#### Vapour pressure:

Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure = 0.00246 Pa

#### Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

### *Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure*

#### Duration:

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

### *Technical and organisational conditions and measures*

#### Technical and organisational measures

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Use of an integrated local exhaust ventilation is required.

Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

### *Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation*

## Personal protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.  
Wear suitable respiratory protection.  
Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.

Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 98 %

### *Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Covers indoor and outdoor use

Professional use

**Room size:** < 300 m<sup>3</sup>

**Temperature:** Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

*Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.*

#### Additional Good Practice Advice:

Ensure that direction of application is only horizontal or downward.

## 1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### **1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Material transfers (PROC8a)**

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, local, short-term	= 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.07

### 1.3. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Surfaces - Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, local, short-term	= 0.18 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.18

### 1.3. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Surfaces - Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, local, short-term	= 0.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.4

## 1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

### Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



# Exposure Scenario

## Cyclohexyldimethylamine

### Exposure Scenario, 20/05/2021

Substance identity	
	Cyclohexyldimethylamine
<b>CAS No.</b>	98-94-2
<b>EINECS No.</b>	202-715-5
<b>Registration number</b>	01-2119533030-60

### Table of contents

1. **ES 1** Widespread use by professional workers; Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a); Various sectors (SU13, SU19)

## 1. ES 1

Widespread use by professional workers; Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a); Various sectors (SU13, SU19)

**1.1 TITLE SECTION**

<b>Exposure Scenario name</b>	Professional application of coatings and inks by brush or roller
<b>Date - Version</b>	20/05/2021 - 1.0
<b>Life Cycle Stage</b>	Widespread use by professional workers
<b>Main user group</b>	Professional uses
<b>Sector(s) of use</b>	Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (SU10) - Professional uses (SU22) - Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products, e.g. plasters, cement (SU13) - Building and construction work (SU19)
<b>Product Categories</b>	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

**Environment Contributing Scenario**

<b>CS1 Low environmental release</b>	ERC8c
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**Worker Contributing Scenario**

<b>CS2 Bulk transfers - Mixing operations - Additive premixing - Preparation of material for application</b>	PROC5 - PROC8b
<b>CS3 Surfaces - Large surfaces - Rolling, Brushing - no spraying</b>	PROC10

**1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure****1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario: Low environmental release (ERC8c)**

<b>Environmental release categories</b>	Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (indoor) (ERC8c)
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***Product (article) characteristics*****Physical form of product:**

Liquid, vapour pressure < 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

**Vapour pressure:**

Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure < 0.003 Pa

**Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %.

***Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)*****Additional conditions environment**

Product applied to a substrate to form a solid matrix.

***Technical and organisational conditions and measures*****Control measures to prevent releases**

Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.

***Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.*****Additional Good Practice Advice:**

Wear suitable respiratory protection. Use long handled brushes and rollers. Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed. Prevent leaks and prevent soil / water pollution caused by leaks. Ensure no splashing occurs during transfer. Clear spills immediately.

**1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Bulk transfers - Mixing operations - Additive premixing - Preparation of material for application (PROC5, PROC8b)**

<b>Process Categories</b>	Mixing or blending in batch processes - Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities (PROC5, PROC8b)
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***Product (article) characteristics*****Physical form of product:**

Liquid, vapour pressure < 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

**Vapour pressure:**

Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure < 0.003 Pa

**Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

*Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure***Amounts used:**

Amount per use > 1 L/day

**Duration:**

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours < 8 h

**Frequency:**

Use frequency < 8 h/event

*Technical and organisational conditions and measures***Technical and organisational measures**

Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).  
Use long handled brushes and rollers.

Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 80 %

*Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation***Personal protection**

Wear respiratory protection when its use is identified for certain contributing scenarios.  
Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.

Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 80 %

*Other conditions affecting worker exposure*

Indoor use

Professional use

**Temperature:** Covers use at ambient temperatures.

*Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.***Additional Good Practice Advice:**

Open doors and windows. Wear suitable respiratory protection. Ensure no splashing occurs during transfer. Clear spills immediately.

**1.2. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Surfaces - Large surfaces - Rolling, Brushing - no spraying (PROC10)****Process Categories**

Roller application or brushing (PROC10)

*Product (article) characteristics***Physical form of product:**

Liquid, vapour pressure < 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

**Vapour pressure:**

Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure < 0.003 Pa

**Concentration of substance in product:**

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

*Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure***Amounts used:**

Amount per use > 1 L/day

**Duration:**

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours < 8 h

**Frequency:**

Use frequency < 8 h/event

## Technical and organisational conditions and measures

### Technical and organisational measures

Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 80 %

## Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

### Personal protection

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with "basic" employee training.  
Wear respiratory protection when its use is identified for certain contributing scenarios.

Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 80 %

## Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use  
Professional use

**Temperature:** Covers use at ambient temperatures.

*Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.*

### Additional Good Practice Advice:

Open doors and windows. Wear suitable respiratory protection. Use long handled tools. Use long handled brushes and rollers.

## 1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### 1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Bulk transfers - Mixing operations - Additive premixing - Preparation of material for application (PROC5, PROC8b)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, local, long-term	= 0.456 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.912
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 0.456 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.456

### 1.3. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Surfaces - Large surfaces - Rolling, Brushing - no spraying (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, local, long-term	= 0.18 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.36
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 0.18 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.18

### Additional information on exposure estimation:

If repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance is likely, then wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

## 1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

### Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.